

CHOW SANG SANG HOLDINGS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

周生生集團國際有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)
(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)
Stock code 股份代號: 116

ANNUAL REPORT 2010 年報



CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Executive Directors Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim, Chairman Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing, Group General Manager Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing, Group Deputy General Manager

Non-executive Directors Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling, Honorary Chairman Dr. CHAN Bing Fun* Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam Mr. LEE Ka Lun* Mr. LO King Man*

* Independent Non-executive Directors

Company Secretary

Mr. Theodore TAM Shing Chi

Registered Office

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

Principal Place of Business

4/F Chow Sang Sang Building 229 Nathan Road, Kowloon Hong Kong

Principal Share Registrar

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre, 11 Bermudiana Road Pembroke HM 08, Bermuda

Branch Share Registrar

Tricor Tengis Limited 26/F Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

Legal Advisers

Baker & McKenzie Wilkinson & Grist

Auditors

Ernst & Young

Principal Bankers

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited The Bank of Nova Scotia Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited

Stock Code & Website

Hong Kong Stock Exchange: 116 www.chowsangsang.com

公司資料

董事會

* 獨立非執行董事

公司秘書

譚承志先生

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House, 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda

主要營業辦事處

香港 九龍彌敦道二二九號 周生生大廈四樓

股份過戶登記處

Butterfield Fulcrum Group (Bermuda) Limited Rosebank Centre, 11 Bermudiana Road Pembroke HM 08, Bermuda

股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 皇后大道東二十八號 金鐘匯中心二十六樓

法律顧問

貝克・麥堅時律師事務所 高露雲律師行

核數師

安永會計師事務所

主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 渣打銀行(香港)有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司 加拿大豐業銀行 中國工商銀行股份有限公司

股份代號及網頁

香港聯合交易所:116 www.chowsangsang.com

CONTENTS

目錄

2	Financial Highlights 財務摘要
3	Chairman's Report 主席報告
4	Board of Directors and Senior Management 董事會及高級管理人員
8	
14	Report of the Directors 董事會報告
23	Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告
30	Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告
32	Consolidated Income Statement 綜合損益賬
33	Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表
34	Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表
36	Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表
40	Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表
42	Statement of Financial Position 財務狀況表
43	Notes to Financial Statements 財務報告附註
130	Particulars of Properties Held 所持物業詳情

The following abbreviations are used in this report:

本年報用下列簡稱:

Chow Sang Sang Holdings International Limited	
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Chow Sang Sang Holdings International Limited and its subsidiaries

<u>Abbreviations</u>		簡稱
The Company	周生生集團國際有限公司	本公司
The Group	周生生集團國際有限公司 及其附屬公司	本集團

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

財務摘要

		2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$'000 千港元	Change 變動
Turnover Jewellery retail Other businesses	營業額 珠寶零售 其他業務	8,265,447 3,439,844	5,922,590 3,540,846	+40% -3%
		11,705,291	9,463,436	+24%
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company Basic earnings per share	本公司權益持有人 應佔溢利 每股基本盈利	757,198 116.2 cents 仙	574,090 95.4 cents 仙	+32% +22%
Dividend per share – Final – Full Year Dividend payout ratio	每股股息 - 末期 - 全年 派息比率	35.0 cents 仙 43.0 cents 仙 37%	26.0 cents 仙 33.0 cents 仙 35%	+35% +30%
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company Equity per share	本公司權益持有人 應佔權益 每股權益	5,680,827 \$8.4 元	3,928,790 \$6.5 元	+45% +29%

Turnover













The Group is happy to report for the year 2010 net profits after tax HK\$757 million, an advance of 32% over that of the prior year.

The pleasing results were largely based on the propensity to spend of the Chinese consumers, whether at home on the Mainland or as visitors in Hong Kong. It is widely believed that besides their increasing affluence, their fear for the erosion of money's purchase power, the obstacles

erected to curb speculation in the property market as well as the scarcity of trusted investment opportunities all work together to drive consumers to tangible luxury goods.

Judging by the sales during the Lunar New Year period, the trend should continue in 2011. However, there are dark clouds on the horizon: civil protest spreading in countries across the Middle East and northern Africa; rising oil prices; the continued drought in northern China that may affect food prices; the spectre of inflation. Staff costs are rising rapidly on the Mainland and shop rental in Hong Kong is going skyward.

The opportunities are there but the stakes are high. At times like this we cherish even more the trust and support given us by our customers, partners, staff and of course, our shareholders. I thank you all.

主席報告

本集團欣然報告二零一零年錄得税後淨溢 利七億五仟七佰萬港元,較前一年度增長 32%。

這可喜的業績實有賴於內地消費者在內 地或旅遊香港時的消費意欲。內地人日益 富裕,卻憂慮貨幣購買力受削弱、要面對 壓抑房產投機的政策,又難覓穩健投資機 會,一般都認為是令實體奢侈品受寵的主 因。

踏入二零一一年,若以農曆新年期間的銷 售情況為例,此情勢應會持續,然而不可 忽視影響大局的漫天陰霾:中東及北非國 家的民眾示威、油價升勢未艾、中國北方 久旱足以影響糧價、通脹困擾揮之不去。 內地人事費用在急速上漲,本港的店舖租 金同樣颷升。

風雲際會, 商機高, 投注重; 此時此地, 顧客、伙伴、同事及股東給予集團的信任 和支持彌足珍貴, 謹此向各位致謝。

CHOW Kwen Lim Chairman

Hong Kong 22 March 2011



主席 **周君廉**

香港 二零一一年三月二十二日

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling, aged 87, is a Non-executive Director of the Company, the Honorary Chairman of the Group and a director of a number of subsidiaries within the Group. He is the elder brother of Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim. As a founder of the Group, Mr. CHOW served as the Group General Manager from 1973 to 1986 and the Group Chairman from 1973 to 1990. He was elected the Honorary Chairman upon retiring as Chairman in 1990. He is well experienced in corporate management.

Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim, BBS, MBE, JP, DSSc (Hon), aged 84, is an Executive Director of the Company, the Group Chairman and a director of a number of subsidiaries within the Group. He is the younger brother of Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling and the father of Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing, the Group's General Manager. Dr. CHOW was the Group General Manager from 1986 to 1997, and having been the Group Chairman since 1990. As a founder of the Group, he has been in the jewellery business for over 60 years. He was awarded Doctor of Social Science, Honoris Causa by The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1998 and is an Honorary Professor of the Fudan University and a member of the Board of the Journal of Shunde Polytechnic. He is also an Honorary Citizen of the cities of Guangzhou, Foshan, Changle, Lanzhou and Dunhuang, PRC.

Dr. CHAN Bing Fun, MB, BS, DMRT, FHKCR, FHKAM (Radiology), aged 77, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company, and a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. He has been with the Group for over 35 years. He is a medical doctor in private practice in Hong Kong.

Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing, BBS, MBE, JP, aged 64, is an Executive Director of the Company, the Group General Manager and a director of a number of subsidiaries within the Group. He is the son of Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim, the Group's Chairman. Mr. CHOW has been with the Group for over 25 years, having been the Group General Manager since 1998. He is the Treasurer of the Council of the City University of Hong Kong, where he is also the Chairman of the Board of Management of the Community College of City University. He is an Honorary Fellow of the Hong Kong Academy for Performing Arts; and he serves as the Chairman of Musica Viva Limited and the Director of the Board of The Hong Kong International Film Festival Society Limited, both companies being not-for-profit organizations. He is a member of the Shunde People's Political Consultative Committee.

董事會及高級管理人員

周君令先生,八十七歲,本公司之非執行 董事、本集團名譽董事長及本集團內多家 附屬公司之董事。彼為周君廉博士之兄。 周先生為本集團創辦人之一,於一九七三年 至一九八六年出任本集團總經理,亦於 一九七三年至一九九零年出任本集團 主席。自一九九零年退任主席後,彼出任 本集團名譽董事長。彼於企業管理方面 擁有豐富經驗。

周君廉博士,BBS,MBE,太平紳士, DSSc(Hon),八十四歲,本公司之執行董 事、本集團主席及本集團內多家附屬公司 之董事。彼為周君令先生之弟及本集團總 經理周永成先生之父。周博士於一九八六年 至一九九七年出任本集團總經理,自 一九九零年起出任本集團主席。彼為本集 團創辦人之一,經營珠寶業務超過六十 年。彼於一九九八年獲香港中文大學授予 榮譽社會科學博士名銜,現任上海復旦大 學名譽教授、順德職業技術學院校董,並 為中國廣州市、佛山市、長樂市、蘭州市 及敦煌市榮譽市民。

陳 炳 勳 醫 生,MB,BS,DMRT,FHKCR, FHKAM (Radiology),七十七歲,本公司之 獨立非執行董事、審核委員會、薪酬委員 會及提名委員會成員。彼已加入本集團 服務超過三十五年。彼為香港私人執業 醫生。

周永成先生,BBS,MBE,太平紳士, 六十四歲,本公司之執行董事、本集團總 經理及本集團內多家附屬公司之董事。彼 為本集團內多家附屬公司之董事。彼 為本集團服務超過廿五年,自一九九八年起 出任本集團總經理。彼現任香港城市大學 較董會司庫、城市大學專上學院管理學員 銜;現任非凡美樂有限公司主席及香港調 際電影節協會有限公司董事(兩家均為非 牟利機構)。彼為中國人民政治協商會佛 山市順德區委員。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing, DDS, MBA, MPA (HARVARD), aged 54, is an Executive Director of the Company. He is a member of the Nomination Committee of the Company and a director of a number of subsidiaries within the Group. He has joined the Group for over 25 years. Dr. CHOW is the elder brother of Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing and the cousin of Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing. Dr. CHOW has been the Deputy Chief Executive Officer of the Hong Kong Whole Person Development Institute (WPDI) since October 2009. He is involved with the Institute's strategic planning and business development in China. Prior to joining WPDI, Dr. CHOW was a dental practitioner in Hong Kong for over 25 years. Dr. CHOW is a current part-time member of the Central Policy Unit of the Hong Kong Government. He also serves in the Central and Western District Fight Crime Committee and is an honorary member of the Hong Kong Fire Services Officers' Mess. Dr. CHOW has been a voting member of the Po Leung Kuk Advisory Board since 1997. Dr. CHOW is also a council member of The Better Hong Kong Foundation and a member of the Bauhinia Foundation Research Centre.

Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel, MH, FCCA, FCPA (Practising), CTA, ACA, FHKIoD, aged 57, was an Independent Non-executive Director and the Secretary of the Company until September 2004. He was re-designated as a Non-executive Director of the Company on 28 September 2004. Mr. TING is a member of the Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company. He is an independent non-executive director of eight other listed companies in Hong Kong. namely Tong Ren Tang Technologies Co., Ltd., Tongda Group Holdings Limited, Minmetals Resources Limited, JLF Investment Company Limited, Computer And Technologies Holdings Limited, Texhong Textile Group Limited, Dongyue Group Limited and China SCE Property Holdings Limited. He is a member of the 9th and 10th Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, Fujian. Mr. TING is an accountant in public practice and has more than 30 years of experience in this field. Currently, he is the Managing Partner of Ting Ho Kwan & Chan, Certified Public Accountants.

Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam, SBS, OBE, JP, LL.B (Hons) (Lond.) A.C.I. Arb, aged 70, is a Non-executive Director of the Company, and a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. He was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 26 June 1995 and redesignated as a Non-executive Director in September 2004. Mr. CHUNG is a solicitor in practice. Apart from being a China-appointed Attesting Officer, he also holds key posts in various organizations. He serves as a member on several advisory committees of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, and is also an independent non-executive director of two other listed companies in Hong Kong, namely S E A Holdings Limited and Datronix Holdings Limited.

董事會及高級管理人員

丁良輝先生, MH, FCCA, FCPA (Practising), CTA, ACA, FHKIoD, 五十十歲, 曾為本 公司之獨立非執行董事及公司秘書,任期 至二零零四年九月。彼於二零零四年九月 二十八日調任為本公司之非執行董事。 丁先生現為本公司審核委員會及薪酬委員 會成員,亦為其他八家香港上市公司之獨 立非執行董事,分別為北京同仁堂科技發 展股份有限公司、通達集團控股有限公 司、五礦資源有限公司、金六福投資有限 公司、科聯系統集團有限公司、天虹紡織 集團有限公司、東岳集團有限公司及中駿 置業控股有限公司。彼為中國人民政治協 商會議第九及第十屆福建省委員會委員。 丁先生為執業會計師,在會計界有超過 三十年經驗。彼現任丁何關陳會計師行執 行合夥人。

鍾 沛 林 先 生,SBS,OBE,太平紳士, LL.B (Hons) (Lond.) A.C.I. Arb,七十歲,本 公司之非執行董事、審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。彼於一九九五年 六月二十六日獲委任為本公司之獨立非執 行董事。鍾先生為執業律師,除為中國司 法部委託公證人外,亦在多個團體擔任要 職,現任香港特別行政區政府多個諮詢司 之非執行董事,分別為爪哇控股有限公 司及連達科技控股有限公司。

Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing, aged 53, is an Executive Director of the Company, the Group Deputy General Manager and a director of a number of subsidiaries within the Group. Mr. CHOW has been with the Group since 1984 (except 1988 to 1992) and has become the Group Deputy General Manager since 1995. Mr. CHOW is the younger brother of Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing and the cousin of Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing. He has experience in real estate in Canada. Mr. CHOW's key responsibilities include the marketing of the Group's jewellery business in Greater China. He also acts as the Chairman of the Diamond Federation of Hong Kong, China Limited, Governing Council Member of the Quality Tourism Services Association, a member of the Hong Kong Trade Development Council's Jewellery Advisory Committee, a member of the Jewellery Industry Training Advisory Committee of the Education Bureau, a Sector/Subject Specialist of the Hong Kong Council for Accreditation of Academic and Vocational Oualifications and an Executive Committee member of The Hong Kong Retail Management Association. Mr. CHOW is a member of the Guangzhou Municipal Tianhe District People's Political Consultative Committee.

Mr. LEE Ka Lun, FCCA, aged 55, is an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company, and the chairman of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. He was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 28 September 2004. Mr. LEE is an accountant by profession and has over 25 years of experience in banking and auditing. He was the Regional Deputy Chief Executive of Lloyds TSB Bank plc and Regional Director - Finance and Operation of Lloyds TSB's operations in Asia for over 15 years and has extensive experience on corporate banking. private banking, treasury, operations, IT developments and general management. He is also a responsible officer approved by the Securities and Futures Commission and serves as an independent director of two other listed companies in Hong Kong, namely Yuexiu Property Company Limited and REXLot Holdings Limited. He was an independent nonexecutive director of Denway Motors Limited which has been withdrawn the listing on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited in August 2010 following its privatization.

Mr. LO King Man, FRSA, FHKU, UFHKPU, FHKAPA, JP, MBE, BBS, aged 73, is an Independent Non-executive Director, a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. He was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company on 28 September 2004. Following a career in higher education management, Mr. LO held appointments as Director of the Hong Kong Academy for Performing Arts during 1993 to 2004 and as Principal of the Canton International Summer Music Academy established by the Guangdong Government during 2004 to 2009. His public service included vice-chairmanship of the former Urban Council and membership of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Basic Law Consultative Committee, Examination Authority, Broadcasting Authority, Vocational Training Council and Arts Development Council. He has served on governing boards of numerous educational and cultural organizations. He is an independent non-executive director of another listed company in Hong Kong – Sing Lee Software (Group) Limited.

董事會及高級管理人員

周允成先生,五十三歲,本公司之執行董 事、本集團副總經理及本集團內多家附 屬公司之董事。周先生自一九八四年起 (一九八八年至一九九二年除外)服務本 集團,自一九九五年起出任本集團副總經 理。周先生為周敬成醫生之弟及周永成 先生之堂弟。彼曾於加拿大從事地產業。 周先生專責統籌本集團於大中華珠寶業務 之市場事務。彼現時亦擔任香港鑽石總會 有限公司主席、優質旅遊服務協會執行委 員會委員、香港貿易發展局珠寶業諮詢 委員會委員、教育局珠寶行業培訓諮詢委 員會委員、香港學術及職業資歷評審局行 業/學科專家及香港零售管理協會執委會 成員。周先生現任中國人民政治協商會 廣州市天河區委員。

李家麟先生,FCCA,五十五歲,本公司之 獨立非執行董事、審核委員會、薪酬委員 會及提名委員會主席。彼於二零零四年 九月二十八日獲委任為本公司之獨立非執 行董事。李先生為專業會計師,在銀行及 審計界服務超過廿五年。彼曾出任萊斯銀 行亞洲區域副行政總裁及財務及營運董 事超過十五年,具豐富企業銀行、私人銀 行、財務、營運、資訊科技發展及管理經 驗。彼現時亦為證券及期貨事務監察委員 會核准之負責人員。彼現任其他兩家香港 上市公司之獨立董事,分別為越秀地產股份 有限公司及御泰中彩控股有限公司。彼曾 為駿威汽車有限公司之獨立非執行董事, 該公司繼其私有化後,已於二零一零年 八月於香港聯合交易所有限公司撤銷其上 市地位。

盧景文先生[,]FRSA[,]FHKU[,]UFHKPU[,] FHKAPA,太平紳士,MBE,BBS,七十三歲, 本公司之獨立非執行董事、審核委員會、 薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。彼於 二零零四年九月二十八日獲委任為本公司之 獨立非執行董事。彼歷任多家大專學院高 級行政職位,於一九九三年至二零零四年 期間出任香港演藝學院校長, 並於 二零零四年至二零零九年期間出任廣東省 政府創辦之中國廣東國際音樂夏令營校 長。彼曾獲委任多項公職,包括前市政局 副主席、香港特別行政區基本法諮詢委員 會、考試及評核局、廣播事務管理局、職 業訓練局及藝術發展局委員,亦出任多家 大專學府及文化機構之董事會成員。彼為 另一家香港上市公司-新利軟件(集團)股 份有限公司之獨立非執行董事。



BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Theodore TAM Shing Chi, CPA (Aust.), CPA, MBA, aged 52, is the Company Secretary of the Company and the Group's Chief Financial Officer. Mr. TAM joined the Group in 2009 and has over 25 years of experience in finance, accounting and management. Mr. TAM is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the CPA Australia. He holds a Master Degree in Business Administration from the Melbourne University, Australia. Mr. TAM's experiences covered a variety of industries including auditing, business advisory services with one of the Big Four accounting firms in Hong Kong as well as the Regional Chief Financial Officer of one of the top three marketing communication services companies in Asia Pacific.

Ms. Susan MAK Wei Yee, FCCA, CPA, aged 54, is the General Manager of Chow Sang Sang Securities Limited. Ms. MAK joined the Group in 2001 and has over 30 years of experience in accounting, banking and finance. Ms. MAK is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants.

Mr. LAU Hak Bun, aged 58, is the Group's Director of Sales Operations. Mr. LAU has been with the Group for over 40 years. He is wellexperienced in sales management. Apart from managing the sales operations in Hong Kong and Macau, Mr. LAU is also responsible for the Group's operation in Mainland China. He serves as the executive committees of several trade associations as the Group's representative.

Ms. Emily LI Yin Ming, aged 51, is the Group's Brand General Manager for "Chow Sang Sang", overseeing the development of branding, new business and marketing. Prior to joining the Company in 2005, Ms. LI was the Managing Director of her own jewellery marketing company, providing consultancy services to international renowned jewellery organizations. Before Ms. LI became an entrepreneur in 2003, she was with the World Gold Council for 10 years playing a key role in gold jewellery market development for East Asia. Ms. LI was awarded the "China 100 Outstanding Women Entrepreneur" in 2007.

Ms. Carol WONG May Chun, aged 47, is the Group's Brand Director for "Emphasis Jewellery". Ms. WONG joined the Group in 2004 and is responsible for Emphasis Jewellery's total branding, including product development, marketing, as well as channel development and management. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. WONG held key posts in various internationally-renowned fashion and accessories companies and has extensive experience in brand management and marketing, with major focus on developing Asia Pacific markets.

董事會及高級管理人員

譚承志先生,CPA (Aust.),CPA,MBA, 五十二歲,本公司之公司秘書及本集團首 席財務長。譚先生於二零零九年加入本集 團,於財務、會計及管理方面累積逾廿五年 經驗。譚先生為香港會計師公會及澳洲會 計師公會之會員。彼持有澳洲墨爾本大學 工商管理碩士學位。譚先生工作經驗涵蓋 不同行業,其中包括於香港四大會計師 路所之一提供審計及商業諮詢服務,以及 出任亞太區其中一家三大市場傳訊服務公 司之區域首席財務長。

麥惠怡女士,FCCA,CPA,五十四歲, 周生生證券有限公司之總經理。麥女士於 二零零一年加入本集團,彼於會計、銀行 及財務方面累積逾三十年經驗。麥女士為 香港會計師公會及英國特許公認會計師公 會之會員。

劉克斌先生,五十八歲,本集團業務營運 總監。劉先生加入本集團服務超過四十 年,對於銷售管理擁有豐富經驗。除管理 香港及澳門銷售業務外,劉先生亦負責本 集團之中國內地業務。彼以集團代表身份 出任多個商會委員會之會員。

李彥明小姐,五十一歲,本集團[周生生] 品牌之品牌總經理,負責此品牌業務及市 場事務之整體發展。於二零零五年加入本 公司前,李小姐為自資珠寶市場推廣公司 之常務董事,為國際著名珠寶機構提供顧 問服務。李小姐於二零零三年成為企業家 前,曾於世界黃金協會任職十年,於東亞 地區黃金珠寶市場發展擔當重要角色。 李小姐於二零零七年榮獲[中國百名傑出女 企業家]獎項。

黃美真小姐,四十七歲,本集團「點睛品」 品牌之品牌總監。黃小姐於二零零四年加 入本集團,負責點睛品之全面品牌管理, 包括產品開發、市場事務以及銷售渠道發 展及管理。於加入本集團前,黃小姐於多 家國際著名時裝及配飾品牌公司擔任高級 管理要職,具豐富品牌管理及推廣經驗, 主力負責拓展亞太區市場。

管理層討論及分析

Overview

In 2010, the dominant news in global finance included the shaky creditworthiness of some Euro countries and the excess liquidity due to "quantitative easing" in the USA. It appeared that it was the latter that had more impact on Asia. The price of gold climbed from around US\$1,050/oz to the \$1,400 level, but the rise seemed only to fuel the demand for the metal. Turnover of gem-set jewellery, Rolex and Tudor watches and gold all registered new highs. Demand for luxury goods by Mainland Chinese both at home and in Hong Kong was largely responsible for the Group's 2010 total turnover of HK\$11,705 million, increasing 24% from 2009. Total profit attributable to equity holders reached HK\$757 million, rising 32%.

During the year the Group expanded its sales network both in the Mainland and Hong Kong; otherwise it has not changed the scope and the model of its business. The bulk of the Group's turnover and profits came from its jewellery retail business, with shops operating under the name Chow Sang Sang in the Mainland and Hong Kong, and shops under the name Emphasis Jewellery in Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan. A securities and futures brokerage and a wholesale operation in precious metals, both operating in Hong Kong, constitute the other major contributors to profits and sales.

Jewellery Retail

This segment was the driving force behind the growth in the year's results. Total turnover over all regions rose 40% over 2009 to HK\$8,265 million, with the Mainland operation contributing 33% (as compared to 32% in the prior year). The yearly change in the ratio is not as high as it had been in prior years because of the strong performance this year in Hong Kong and Macau.

Inventories in China and Hong Kong were increased manifestly in order to meet the sales demand and the need to stock the new shops. For the same reasons gold holding went up both in terms of quantity and value, the latter being compounded by the increase in the price of gold.

Hong Kong and Macau

Thanks to visitors from the Mainland, 2010 turnover in Hong Kong and Macau registered a 36% increase to HK\$5,394 million. Contribution to turnover by Mainlanders went up to 41% from last year's 37%.

The Group had strong performance in the first half of 2010 as previously reported, and the strength continued into the third and fourth quarters.

綜觀

二零一零年內,全球金融新聞的焦點集中 在部分歐洲國家的信貸危機,及美國量 化寬鬆貨幣政策帶來充斥的流動資金。 似乎以後者對亞洲的影響較大。金價由每 安士一仟零五十美元攀升至一仟四佰 安士一仟零五十美元攀升至一仟四佰 家士一仟零五十美元攀升至一仟四 個子 之水平,但升幅似乎令貴金屬的需求長, 國二零一零年總營業額一佰一十七億零五加 人及黃之零和一十一億零五 之子,較二零零九年上升 24%,內地 又香港對奢侈品的需求為集團營 業額主要貢獻來源。權益持有人應佔總溢 利上升 32%至七億五仟七佰萬港元。

年內本集團擴充在內地及香港的零售網 絡,但經營範圍及模式不變。集團大部分 營業額及利潤來自珠寶零售業務,以「周 生生」之名在內地及香港經營分店,及以 「點睛品」之名於香港、澳門和台灣經營分 店。而香港經營的證券期貨經紀及貴金屬 批發業務,也為集團利潤及銷售作出貢 獻。

珠寶零售

珠寶零售業務為本年度業績增長的主要動力。總營業額較二零零九年增加40%至 八十二億六仟五佰萬港元,內地業務佔珠 寶零售總營業額33%(與前一年度32%比較)。由於本年度香港及澳門表現強勁,此 比率之按年變動並不如過往年度般高。

內地及香港的存貨均顯著增加,以迎合銷 售需求及新店備貨需要。基於相同原因, 黃金持有量及價值均上升,後者是因為金 價上漲令增幅加劇。

香港及澳門

受惠於內地旅客,二零一零年香港及澳門 的營業額增長36%至五十三億九仟四佰 萬港元。內地旅客對營業額的貢獻由去年 37%上升至41%。

如中期報告所述,本集團二零一零年上半 年的業務表現強勁,強勢並持續至第三及 第四季。

管理層討論及分析

Jewellery Retail (continued)

Hong Kong and Macau (continued)

With the four new Chow Sang Sang shops opened during the year, (Yan Ping Road, Causeway Bay; Metroplaza, Kwai Fong; Cameron Road, Tsimshatsui; ifc mall, Central) the total number at the end of the year stood at 40. Over at Emphasis Jewellery, the programme of redeployment to top-tier shopping malls progressed apace. With the closing of 4 shops and opening of one at Elements, Tsimshatsui, at year end there were 8 stores in Hong Kong.

Capital expenditure amounted to HK\$19 million. Hong Kong and Macau shops rental increased by HK\$33 million (13%).

Mainland China

Turnover for the whole year rose to HK\$2,763 million, increasing 47% over the previous year. Gross profit from the sales of gem-set jewellery continued to expand at 27%, but as a ratio of the total gross profit it experienced a one percentage-point drop because the gross profit from gold also advanced significantly.

During the year 43 new shops were opened. Cities new on the list included Eerduosi in Inner Mongolia, Maanshan in Anhui, Jiangyin in Jiangsu, Zibo in Shandong and Yichang in Hubei. A Rolex/Tudor boutique was opened in Beijing. Same-store growth in turnover was 23%.

A piece of land with an area of about 2.8 hectares was acquired through auction in Shunde, Guangdong. On it a state-of-the-art manufacturing plant will be built, with opening slated for late 2012.

In November the Beijing Administration for Industry and Commerce publicized a long list of 18K items from various retailers which they had earlier in the year determined to be below 18K (or 750) in fineness, and one of them was a bracelet from the Group that was said to have a fineness of 734. Although the bureau pointed out that discrepancies of such magnitude could have been caused by the varying amount of solder applied in the course of fabrication by hand, the report was quoted widely on both conventional and electronic media, mentioning the Group's piece in particular. In fact, all such bracelets had already been withdrawn from sale as soon as the original notification was received from the bureau earlier in the year. Nevertheless as a show of goodwill and good faith the Group ran a 45-day refund programme for all 18K items. At the end, less than 1,600 refunds had been made and the financial impact was insignificant.

珠寶零售(續)

香港及澳門(續)

年內有四家周生生新店開業(銅鑼灣恩平 道、葵芳新都會廣場、尖沙咀金馬倫道及 中環國際金融中心),於年底共有四十家 分店。點睛品重整分店調遷至高檔商場的 計劃進展迅速。隨著四家分店結業及於尖 沙咀圓方開設一家新店,於年底香港共有 八家分店。

資本性開支為一仟九佰萬港元。香港及澳 門租金增加三仟三佰萬港元(13%)。

中國內地

全年營業額上升至二十七億六仟三佰萬港 元,較前一年度上升47%。珠寶鑲嵌飾品 銷售的毛利持續增長27%,但對總毛利的 佔比下跌1%,這是由於黃金飾品的毛利 有較大類同程度的增幅。

年內共有四十三家分店開業,新增城市包 括內蒙古鄂爾多斯、安徽馬鞍山、江蘇江 陰、山東淄博及湖北宜昌。一家勞力士及 帝舵錶專營店在北京開業。同店營業額增 長為23%。

本集團在廣東順德透過拍賣購入一塊面積約2.8公頃的土地。土地將用作興建一座技術先進的廠房,預定在二零一二年底投入 生產。

Jewellery Retail (continued)

Mainland China (continued)

Subsequently, notwithstanding the long working relationships it had already had with the two national testing laboratories, the Group entered into formal agreements with them to ensure that certification of jewellery can be more comprehensive and expeditious. Separately, an agreement with Hong Kong Productivity Council was also made in order to procure consulting services that would enhance both quality control and quality assurance at the new plant in Shunde.

Capital expenditure amounted to HK\$60 million, mostly attributable to fitting out of new shops and redecoration of older ones.

Taiwan

Emphasis Jewellery in Taiwan achieved a 27% growth in turnover, as the shift in merchandising bore fruit for the second year.

Although in substance the benefit of cross-strait tourism remains to be seen, the pulse of the economy has quickened palpably. Encouraged by government policies, domestic consumption has gone up along with activities in the property market.

The office space in Taipei that was purchased to accommodate the Taiwan operation was put into use in December, providing a comfortable workspace and a sense of belonging to staff.

At the end of the year the number of shops stood at 22.

Wholesale of Precious Metals

After a relatively slow in the first half, trading in all metals started to pick up. In the fourth quarter brisk sales of gold bars gave a boost to profits. For the whole year, turnover went down by 3% to HK\$3,313 million and operating profits down by 41% to HK\$17 million.

Securities and Futures Broking

Despite a year-on-year gain both in the Hang Seng Index and total market turnover, the Group recorded a 21% drop in turnover and a 17% drop in operating profits to HK\$44 million.

Income from lending on IPOs increased. Thanks to the internet margin service started in 2009, there was a healthy buildup in both margin accounts and loans, bringing a 58% rise in interest income.

Two offices were upgraded during the year. The internet trading platform was overhauled, adding functionality such as multi-currency capability to cater for the launch of Renminbi products by the Hong Kong Stock Exchange in 2011.

管理層討論及分析

珠寶零售(續)

中國內地(續)

儘管本集團與兩所國家檢驗中心已建立長 期工作關係,集團最後仍與兩所國家檢驗 中心簽署正式合作協議,務求確保認證更 加全面和快捷。此外,集團亦與香港生產 力促進局簽訂一顧問服務協議,提升順德 新廠的品質管理和品質保證。

資本性開支為六仟萬港元,主要用於新店 的裝修及舊分店的重裝工程。

台灣

台灣點睛品的營業額錄得27%增長,乃調 整貨品策略後第二年的成果。

雖然海峽兩岸旅遊業帶來的實際效益仍有 待觀察,經濟脈搏已明顯加快。在政府政 策推動下,本地消費隨著房地產市場活躍 而上調。

集團在台北購入辦公室作為台灣行政中 心,已於十二月啟用,為員工提供舒適的 工作環境和歸屬感。

年底的分店數目為二十二家。

貴金屬批發

上半年生意低迷,下半年貴金屬交易開始 回升。第四季黃金金條的銷售興旺,提高 了利潤。全年營業額下降3%至三十三億 一仟三佰萬港元,經營溢利下降41%至 一仟七佰萬港元。

證券及期貨經紀

雖然恒生指數及市場成交總額較去年上升,集團在該業務的營業額下跌21%,經 營溢利減少17%至四仟四佰萬港元。

首次招股的融資收入增加,受惠於互聯網 孖展交易服務於二零零九年開設後,孖展 帳戶及借貸均健康發展,利息收入上升 58%。

年內兩個辦事處已重裝。互聯網交易平台 全面提升,新增功能如多種貨幣交易,以 配合香港交易所於二零一一年推出的人民 幣產品交易。



Investments

Properties

The Group holds various properties for the purpose of accommodation for offices, shops and factories. Rental income from investment properties amounted to HK\$10 million, less than 1% of the Group's turnover.

Shares in Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited ("HKEC")

The shares of HKEC resulting from the reorganization of the exchanges in 2000 have been held since the distribution, with no plans for their disposal. As at 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010 as well, the Group held 4,953,500 shares and the unrealized gain on the holding was HK\$873 million as compared to HK\$690 million in 2009.

Finance

New Capital

In a private placement exercise conducted in April, the Group netted HK\$970 million in new capital. The funds had been deployed for the expansion in Mainland China.

Financial Position and Liquidity

As at 31 December 2010, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of HK\$273 million, and total undrawn bank loans and other credit facilities of approximately HK\$1,689 million.

Total borrowing amounted to HK\$726 million as at 31 December 2010, most of which was unsecured in line with Group policy. The gearing ratio was 13%, based on total borrowing of HK\$726 million as a percentage of total equity holder's equity of HK\$5,681 million. The current ratio as at 31 December 2010 was 3.5.

Cash is mostly held in Hong Kong dollar or Renminbi and deposited with leading banks.

The Group manages risk of credit cost and availability by several means: cultivating relationship with a large number of lending banks; putting some loans on a term basis; and fixing interest costs by executing rate swaps on loans as appropriate.

管理層討論及分析

投資

物業

本集團持有之物業包括自用辦公室、商店 及廠房。投資物業帶來之租金收入約為 一仟萬港元,佔本集團總營業額少於1%。

香港交易及結算所有限公司(「港交所」)股份 集團並無計劃出售自二零零零年交易所重 組而獲分配之港交所股份。於二零一零年 一月一日及二零一零年十二月三十一日, 本集團持有四佰九十五萬三仟五佰股港交 所股份,未變現收益為八億七仟三佰萬港 元,二零零九年為六億九仟萬港元。

財務

新資金

本集團在四月進行了私人配售股份活動, 籌得淨資金九億七仟萬港元。所得資金已 用於擴展內地業務。

財務狀況及流動資金

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團之 手頭現金及等同現金為二億七仟三佰萬港 元,未動用之銀行貸款及其他融資額約為 十六億八仟九佰萬港元。

於二零一零年十二月三十一日總借貸為七億 二仟六佰萬港元,按集團政策大部分以無 抵押方式取得融資。按總貸款為七億二仟 六佰萬港元,以權益持有人權益總額五十 六億八仟一佰萬港元為基準,資本負債比 率為13%。於二零一零年十二月三十一日, 流動比率為3.5。

大部分現金以港元或人民幣存於具領導地 位的銀行。

本集團以多種方式管理信貸成本風險及可 用額度:與多家提供融資的銀行維持良好 伙伴關係、將部分借貸轉為長期貸款及按 情況行使信貸利率掉期以固定利息支出。

管理層討論及分析

Finance (continued)

Foreign Exchange Risk Management

The Group's foreign exchange exposure relates to the currencies in which it carries on its business: Renminbi, New Taiwan dollar, US dollar, Euro and Japanese Yen. As such, the risk is easily manageable and slight. As at 31 December 2010, total foreign currency borrowing excluding Renminbi amounted to HK\$11 million (2009: HK\$7 million). For the operation in Mainland China Renminbi borrowing at year end stood at RMB337 million (2009: RMB301 million).

The Group's assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses are mostly denominated in Hong Kong dollar, Renminbi and US dollar.

Charge on Assets

As at 31 December 2010, certain items of properties of the Group with a net carrying value of HK\$149 million (2009: HK\$141 million), and listed equity investments of HK\$257 million (2009: HK\$204 million) were pledged to secure banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries of the Company.

Contingent Liabilities

Details regarding the contingent liabilities of the Group as at 31 December 2010 are set out in note 35 to the financial statements.

Human Resources

As at 31 December 2010 the total number of employees was 4,895, of which 3,411 (70%) were in Mainland China.

The Group has long established performance-based remuneration policies, training infrastructure and other human resources policies that are being reviewed from time to time.

During the year a share option scheme was approved at a special general meeting. Details of the scheme can be perused in note 32 to the financial statements. To date no option has been granted.

Outlook

Spending by Mainlanders both at home and in Hong Kong continues to fuel the momentum of the retail sector. However, given the central government's wish to deploy credit control as a measure to curb inflation and soaring property prices, one cannot dismiss entirely the possibility that domestic consumption may eventually be affected.

財務(續)

外匯風險管理

本集團外匯風險,主要來自業務上使用的貨 幣:人民幣、新台幣、美元、歐羅及日元, 此等風險較容易掌握及有限。於二零一零年 十二月三十一日,不計人民幣之外幣 借款約為一仟一佰萬港元(二零零九年: 七佰萬港元)。於年底,用於中國內地營運 的人民幣借款為三億三仟七佰萬元人民幣 (二零零九年:三億零一佰萬元人民幣)。

本集團資產及負債、收入及支出大部分以 港元、人民幣及美元結算。

資產抵押

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團以賬面 淨值一億四仟九佰萬港元(二零零九年: 一億四仟一佰萬港元)的若干物業及二億 五仟七佰萬港元(二零零九年:二億零 四佰萬港元)的上市股份投資作為本公司 若干附屬公司取得銀行信貸之抵押。

或然負債

有關本集團於二零一零年十二月三十一日 的或然負債詳情載於財務報告附註35。

人力資源

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團共 有4,895位僱員,其中3,411位(70%)為內地 員工。

本集團已長久建立按表現為分發基準的薪 酬制度、培訓配套及其他人力資源政策, 並不時檢討。

年內於股東特別大會通過購股權計劃。計 劃詳情可參閱財務報告附註32。直至目前 為止未有授出購股權。

展望

內地顧客的需求持續推動內地及香港的零 售業,由於中央政府正收緊信貸以壓抑通 脹及高漲的房地產價格,故不能完全忽視 國內消費情況最終或受影響。



管理層討論及分析

Outlook (continued)

The long drought in northern China is already having some impact on agricultural production. Food prices may rise as a consequence, adding to inflation woes. Yet another factor that would exacerbate inflation is the rapid rise of the price of oil, driven upward by the political turmoil in Arab countries across North Africa and the Middle East.

In 2010, the price of gold was on a spectacular upward trend. It is not clear if the rise will be sustained, and how a less volatile gold price will affect consumer sentiments. If the price of gold levels off, the growth in gross profit in the sale of gold products will flatten. At the same time, in view of the turmoil in the Arab countries and its effect on oil prices, consumer sentiments may yet drive gold price to new heights.

While gold continues to be the Group's staple, gem-set jewellery is the main focus. The inventory is now dominated by diamond jewellery, but more resources are being directed into jade, pearl and coloured stones.

On the Mainland, the expansion of the sales network will continue at its present pace, adding about 50 shops a year.

In Taiwan, with the re-awakening of the economy, the priority will be on the setting up of flagship-class stores.

In Hong Kong, a Rolex/Tudor shop is slated to open mid-year at Grand Tower, Mongkok. The shop will be accommodated in the additional space leased to expand the existing shop in the premises.

Consumption of luxury goods by Mainland Chinese is expected to remain strong despite economic uncertainties.

展望(續)

中國北方持續的旱情對農業生產造成影響,引致糧食價格上升,為通賬加壓。另 一擴大通脹的因素是急升的油價,因受北 非及中東阿拉伯國家的政治局勢動盪而上 漲。

二零一零年間,金價升勢凌厲,但此升勢 會否持續是一未知數。較平穩的金價如何 影響消費意欲更是難以估計。倘金價升勢 放緩,銷售黃金飾品的毛利增長亦將放 緩。與此同時,由於阿拉伯國家內的騷動 及其對油價的影響,消費意欲可能把金價 推至新高。

雖然黃金飾品一向為本集團的主要產品, 珠寶鑲嵌飾品為貨品發展的重點。目前鑽 石飾品已佔本集團存貨最大份額,此外亦 投放更多資源於翡翠、珍珠及有色寶石。

內地銷售網絡將維持目前以每年新增五十 家分店的幅度擴展。

台灣經濟再次復蘇,集團首要是積極考慮 設立旗艦級分店。

年中將於本港旺角雅蘭中心開設一家勞力 士/帝舵店,該店設於額外租用之店面, 以擴展位於該物業原有之分店。

雖然經濟情況不明朗,預計內地遊客對高 檔貨品的消費依然保持強勁。



The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 December 2010.

Principal Activities

The Group's principal activities remained unchanged during the year and consisted of the manufacture and retail of jewellery, wholesale of precious metals, and securities, futures and commodities broking.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Details of the principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 19 to the financial statements.

Results and Dividends

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2010 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group as at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 32 to 129.

An interim dividend of HK8.0 cents per ordinary share was paid on 22 September 2010. The Directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK35.0 cents per ordinary share in respect of the year to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members on 2 June 2011.

Summary Financial Information

A summary of the published results for the year and of the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group as at 31 December 2010 and for the last seven financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements and reclassified as appropriate, is set out below. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

董事會報告

董事會謹此呈交截至二零一零年十二月 三十一日止年度之報告及本公司與本集團 之經審核財務報告。

主要業務

年內本集團之主要業務維持不變,包括珠 寶製造及零售、貴金屬批發及證券、期貨 及商品經紀。

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。附屬公司 之主要業務詳情載於財務報告附註19。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止 年度之溢利及本公司與本集團於該日之財 政狀況載於財務報告第32至129頁內。

本公司於二零一零年九月二十二日派發中 期股息每普通股8.0港仙。董事會建議派 發本年度末期股息每普通股35.0港仙予名 列於二零一一年六月二日股東名冊上之股 東。

財務資料摘要

下列為本集團截至二零一零年十二月 三十一日及過去七個財政年度之已公布 業績、資產、負債及非控股股東權益之摘 要,該等資料摘錄自經審核財務報告,並 已適當地重新分類。此摘要不構成經審核 財務報告之一部分。



董事會報告

Summary Financial Information (continued)

財務資料摘要(續)

Results 業績		2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$′000 千港元	2008 HK\$′000 千港元	Year ended 3 截至十二月三十 2007 HK\$'000 千港元		2005 HK\$'000 千港元	2004 HK\$'000 千港元	2003 HK\$'000 千港元
Turnover Jewellery retail Other businesses	營業額 珠寶零售 其他業務	8,265,447 3,439,844	5,922,590 3,540,846	5,358,053 4,522,376	4,119,165 3,754,418	2,785,254 4,196,226	2,380,503 3,380,151	2,247,058 4,770,033	1,820,295 4,508,114
		11,705,291	9,463,436	9,880,429	7,873,583	6,981,480	5,760,654	7,017,091	6,328,409
Operating profit Share of profits/	經營溢利 應佔聯營公司	970,738	770,011	594,165	644,660	366,696	216,892	238,544	151,786
(losses) of associates, net	溢利/(虧損), 淨值	2,688	1,222	(420)	773	1,200	165	2,317	410
Profit before tax Income tax	除税前溢利 所得税	973,426 (206,402)	771,233 (182,834)	593,745 (112,036)	645,433 (110,851)	367,896 (61,395)	217,057 (26,670)	240,861 (37,200)	152,196 (35,593)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	767,024	588,399	481,709	534,582	306,501	190,387	203,661	116,603
Profit attributable to: Equity holders of th Company Non-controlling	ne 本公司權益 持有人 非控股股東	757,198	574,090	469,715	516,278	296,838	187,330	200,888	115,655
interests	權益	9,826	14,309 	<u>11,994</u> 481,709	18,304	9,663	3,057	2,773	948
Assets, Liabilities and	Non-controlling Inter		588,399	481,709	534,582 As at 31 [306,501	190,387	203,661	110,003
資產、負債及非控股別		2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$′000 千港元	2008 HK\$′000 千港元	於十二月 2007 HK\$'000 千港元	三十一日 2006 HK\$′000 千港元	2005 HK\$'000 千港元	2004 HK\$′000 千港元	2003 HK\$′000 千港元
Total assets Total liabilities Non-controlling	總資產 總負債 非控股股東	7,545,156 (1,804,754)	5,650,782 (1,674,070)	4,464,843 (1,206,772)	5,086,561 (1,395,864)	3,600,101 (997,974)	2,666,365 (540,306)	2,616,514 (636,911)	2,364,341 (503,228)
interests	權益	(59,575) 5,680,827	(47,922) 3,928,790	(52,303) 3,205,768	(56,428)	(44,486) 2,557,641	(33,600) 2,092,459	(18,799) 1,960,804	(16,582)

Charitable Contributions

During the year, the Group made charitable contributions totalling HK\$271,000.

Property, Plant and Equipment and Investment Properties

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment and investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in notes 14 and 15 to the financial statements, respectively. Further details of the Group's properties are set out on pages 130 to 132 of this annual report.

Share Capital

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 31 to the financial statements.

Share Option Scheme

Details of the share option scheme of the Company are set out in note 32 to the financial statements.

Pre-emptive Rights

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's byelaws or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

Purchase, Redemption or Sale of Listed Securities of the Company

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries, purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

Reserves

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 33(b) to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

Distributable Reserves

As at 31 December 2010, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, amounted to HK\$1,593,293,000, of which HK\$236,922,000 has been proposed as a final dividend for the year.

Major Customers and Suppliers

In the year under review, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for less than 30% of the total sales for the year. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for 54% of the total purchases for the year and purchases from the largest supplier included therein accounted for 16%.

董事會報告

慈善捐款

年內本集團之慈善捐款共271,000港元。

物業、機器及設備及投資物業

年內本集團之物業、機器及設備及投資物 業之變動詳情分別載於財務報告附註14及 15。本集團物業之進一步詳情載於本年報 第130至132頁內。

股本

年內本公司之股本變動詳情載於財務報告 附註31。

購股權計劃

本公司購股權計劃之詳情載於財務報告附 註32。

優先購股權

本公司細則或百慕達法例並無規定本公司 必須向現有股東按持股比例提呈新股之優 先購股權之條款。

購買、贖回或出售本公司之上市證券

年內本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、 贖回或出售任何本公司之上市證券。

儲備

年內本公司及本集團之儲備變動詳情分別 載於財務報告附註33(b)及綜合權益變動表 內。

可分派儲備

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本公司 根據百慕達一九八一年公司法條文計算 之可分派儲備達1,593,293,000港元,其中 236,922,000港元擬派發為本年度之末期股 息。

主要客戶及供應商

於本回顧年度,本集團五大客戶所佔銷售 額佔全年總銷售額少於30%。本集團五大 供應商所佔採購額佔全年總採購額54%, 當中包括最大供應商所佔採購額達16%。



Major Customers and Suppliers (continued)

None of the Directors of the Company or any of their associates or any shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest suppliers.

Directors

The Directors of the Company during the year were:

Executive Directors:	執行董
Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim	周君廉†
Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing	周永成
Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing	周敬成智
Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing	周允成为
Non-executive Directors:	非執行
Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling	周君令会
Dr. CHAN Bing Fun*	陳炳勳
Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel	丁良輝
Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam	鍾沛林会
Mr. LEE Ka Lun*	李家麟
Mr. LO King Man*	盧景文

* Independent Non-executive Directors

In accordance with the Company's bye-laws, Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing, Mr. LEE Ka Lun and Mr. LO King Man will retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

Directors' and Senior Management's Biographies

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Company up to the date of this report are set out on pages 4 to 7 of this annual report.

Directors' Service Contracts

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

Directors' Interests in Contracts

Save as detailed in note 38 to the financial statements, no Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

董事會報告

主要客戶及供應商(續)

本公司各董事或其任何聯繫人士或任何股 東(據董事會所知,擁有本公司已發行股 本逾5%之股東)概無擁有本集團五大供應 商之任何實益權益。

董事

年內本公司之董事如下:

* 獨立非執行董事

根據本公司細則,周敬成醫生、李家麟先生 及盧景文先生將於即將舉行之股東週年 大會上輪席退任,三位均願膺選連任。

董事及高級管理人員履歷

本公司董事及高級管理人員截至本報告日 之履歷詳情載於本年報第4至7頁內。

董事之服務合約

擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董 事,概無與本公司訂立本公司不可於一年 內無須賠償(法定賠償除外)而終止之服務 合約。

董事於合約之權益

年內,除財務報告附註38所詳述外,各 董事概無於本公司或其任何附屬公司所訂 立任何對本集團業務重要之合約中直接或 間接擁有重大權益。



董事會報告

Directors' Interests in Shares

As at 31 December 2010, the interests of the Directors in the issued share capital of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")). as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code"), were as follows:

Long positions:

董事於股份之權益

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,按《證券 及期貨條例》第352條本公司須予保存之 名冊內所記錄,或根據上市公司董事進行 證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)必須向 本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所1) 具報之權益, 各董事於本公司或其相 聯法團(定義見《證券及期貨條例》第XV部) 已發行股本中之權益如下:

好倉:

Number of shares held

				持股數目			
Name of Directors		Personal interest	Family interest	Corporate interest	Trustee interest	Total	Percentage of the Company's issued share capital 佔本公司 已發行股本
董事姓名		個人權益	家屬權益	公司權益	信託人權益	總數	百分比
Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling	周君令先生	_	_	53,909,932 ⁽¹⁾	_	53,909,932	7.96
Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim	周君廉博士	-	-	-	137,591,595 ⁽²⁾	137,591,595	20.33
Dr. CHAN Bing Fun	陳炳勳醫生	1,320,000	-	-	-	1,320,000	0.20
Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing	周永成先生	-	-	-	137,591,595 ⁽²⁾	137,591,595	20.33
Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing	周敬成醫生	19,711,680	70,398 ⁽³⁾	21,000,000 ⁽³⁾	42,000,000 ⁽³⁾	82,782,078	12.23
Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing	周允成先生	7,681,104	52,800 ⁽³⁾	-	74,616,000 ⁽³⁾	82,349,904	12.17

Please refer to the explanatory notes in the section headed "Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares".

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2010, none of the Directors had registered an interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares or Debentures

At no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

請參考[主要股東及其他人十於股份及相 關股份之權益」一節之附註解釋。

除上文披露外,於二零一零年十二月三十一日, 各董事概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團股 份、相關股份或債券中擁有根據《證券及 期貨條例》第352條規定須予以記錄或根據 標準守則必須向本公司及聯交所具報之權 益或淡倉。

董事購買股份或債券之權利

本公司於年內任何時間概無授予任何董事 或其各自之配偶或年幼子女可購入本公司 股份或債券而獲益之權利;或由彼等行使 任何該等權利;或由本公司或其任何附屬 公司安排致令董事可於任何其他法人團體 獲得該等權利。



Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares

As at 31 December 2010, the interests of those persons in the issued share capital of the Company as recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Long positions:

董事會報告

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份之 權益

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,根據《證券及期貨條例》第336條,本公司須予保存 之權益名冊記錄內擁有本公司已發行股本 人士之權益如下:

Percentage of the

好倉:

Name	Capacity	Number of shares held	Company's issued share capital 佔本公司已發行
名稱	身份	持股數目	股本百分比
Everwin Company Limited	Beneficial Owner 實益持有人	120,000,000 (2)	17.73
Value Partners Limited	Investment Manager 投資管理人	68,247,000 ⁽⁴⁾	10.08
Happy Inc.	Beneficial Owner 實益持有人	66,000,000	9.75
Happy Family Limited 快樂家庭有限公司	Beneficial Owner 實益持有人	53,909,932 ⁽¹⁾	7.96
Top Fit Investments Limited	Beneficial Owner 實益持有人	42,000,000 ⁽³⁾	6.20

Notes:

- (1) 53,909,932 shares in the Company were held by Happy Family Limited, in which Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling and his spouse owned 40% of the equity interest. Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling and his spouse were deemed to have interests in the 53,909,932 shares in the Company.
- (2) 137,591,595 shares in the Company were held by a discretionary trust of which Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim and Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing were among the beneficiaries. The trustee of the trust was Cititrust (Cayman) Limited, which held the interests in the Company through the following companies:

Name of companies 公司名稱

Everwin Company Limited Golden Court Limited

Accordingly, Cititrust (Cayman) Limited was deemed to have interest in the 137,591,595 shares. Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim and Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing, and their respective spouse, were deemed to have interests in the 137,591,595 shares in the Company.

附註:

- (1) 快樂家庭有限公司擁有本公司 53,909,932股股份,周君令先生及其配偶 合共擁有快樂家庭有限公司40%之股本 權益。周君令先生及其配偶被視為擁有 本公司53,909,932股股份權益。
- (2) 一項全權信託擁有本公司137,591,595股股份,周君廉博士及周永成先生為其中受益人。Cititrust (Cayman) Limited為該信託之信託人,其透過下列公司擁有本公司之權益:

No. of shares held 持股數目

> 120,000,000 17,591,595

因此, Cititrust (Cayman) Limited 被視為 擁有137,591,595股股份權益。周君廉博士 及周永成先生,以及彼等各自之配偶均 被視為擁有本公司137,591,595股股份權 益。



董事會報告

Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares (continued)

(3) 70,398 shares and 52,800 shares in the Company were held by the respective spouse of Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing and Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing.

21,000,000 shares in the Company were held by Speed Star Holdings Limited, a company beneficially owned by Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing and his spouse.

42,000,000 shares in the Company were held by Top Fit Investments Limited, a company beneficially owned by a discretionary trust of which Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing and Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing were the beneficiaries. The trustee of the trust was HSBC Trustee (Cook Islands) Limited and, accordingly, it was deemed to have interests in the 42,000,000 shares in the Company.

32,616,000 shares in the Company were held by CWS Holdings Limited, a company beneficially owned by a discretionary trust of which Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing is the founder and one of the beneficiaries. The trustee of the trust was UBS TC (Jersey) Ltd. and, accordingly, it was deemed to have interests in the 32,616,000 shares in the Company.

Accordingly, Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing and his spouse were deemed to have interests in the 63,070,398 shares and 82,711,680 shares in the Company, respectively. Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing and his spouse were deemed to have interests in the 74,668,800 shares and 82,297,104 shares in the Company, respectively.

(4) 68,247,000 shares in the Company were held by a discretionary trust of which Mr. CHEAH Cheng Hye is the founder. The trustee of the trust was Hang Seng Bank Trustee International Limited ("HSB"), which held the interests in the Company through its indirect control over Value Partners Limited.

Value Partners Limited is 100% controlled by Value Partners Group Limited ("VPGL"), which in turn is a 28.69%-controlled company of Cheah Capital Management Limited ("CCML"). CCML is 100% controlled by Cheah Company Limited ("CCL"), which in turn is a 100%-controlled company of HSB.

Accordingly, Mr. CHEAH Cheng Hye, his spouse, HSB, VPGL, CCML and CCL were deemed to have interests in the 68,247,000 shares in the Company.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2010, no person, other than the Directors of the Company whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' Interests in Shares" above, had registered an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份之 權益(續)

(3) 周敬成醫生及周允成先生各自之配偶分 別擁有本公司70,398股及52,800股股份。

> Speed Star Holdings Limited 擁有本公司 21,000,000股股份,該公司由周敬成醫生 及其配偶實益擁有。

> Top Fit Investments Limited 擁有本公司 42,000,000股股份,該公司由一項全權信 託實益擁有,周敬成醫生及周允成先生 為該信託之受益人。HSBC Trustee (Cook Islands) Limited 為該信託之信託人,因此 被視為擁有本公司42,000,000股股份 權益。

> CWS Holdings Limited 擁有本公司 32,616,000股股份,該公司由一項全權信 託實益擁有,周允成先生為該信託之成 立人及其中一名受益人。UBS TC (Jersey) Ltd.為該信託之信託人,因此被視為擁有 本公司32,616,000股股份權益。

> 因此,周敬成醫生及其配偶分別被視為 擁有本公司63,070,398股及82,711,680股 股份權益。周允成先生及其配偶分別 被視為擁有本公司74,668,800股及 82,297,104股股份權益。

 (4) 一項全權信託擁有本公司68,247,000股股份,謝清海先生為該信託之成立人。
Hang Seng Bank Trustee International Limited (「HSB」)為該信託之信託人,透過間接控 制Value Partners Limited擁有本公司之權 益。

> Value Partners Limited 由 Value Partners Group Limited(「VPGL」) 全權控制, VPGL 則為Cheah Capital Management Limited (「CCML」)擁有28.69%控制權之公司。 CCML由Cheah Company Limited(「CCL」) 全權控制,而CCL則為HSB全權控制之公 司。

> 因此, 謝清海先生、其配偶、HSB、 VPGL、CCML及CCL均被視為擁有本公司 68,247,000股股份權益。

除上文披露外,於二零一零年十二月 三十一日,除以上「董事於股份之權益」一 節所載擁有權益之本公司董事外,並無其 他人士於本公司股份或相關股份中登記持 有根據《證券及期貨條例》第336條須予記 錄之權益或淡倉。



Connected Transactions

Connected transactions, which also constitute continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), undertaken by the Group during the year are set out in note 38 to the financial statements.

The Independent Non-executive Directors have reviewed and confirmed that the relevant continuing connected transactions had been entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to or from independent third parties; and
- (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

The auditors of the Company have reviewed the continuing connected transactions during the year as set out in note 38(a)(i) and (ii) to the financial statements and confirmed that these transactions:

- (i) were approved by the Board of Directors of the Company;
- (ii) where applicable, were in accordance with the pricing policies of the Company;
- (iii) had been entered into in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions*; and
- (iv) have not exceeded the caps stated in the relevant announcement.
- * The transactions were reviewed on a sample basis by virtue of the vast numbers of transactions pertaining to the related agreements thereto.

Following the amendment of the Listing Rules in June 2010, the aforesaid transactions are exempt from the reporting and annual review requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules since 1 January 2011 for so long as the transactions remain to satisfy the requirements under Rule 14A.31(9) of the Listing Rules.

董事會報告

關連交易

年內本集團所進行之關連交易及按聯交所 證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第十四A章定 義而構成之持續關連交易,載於財務報告 附註38。

獨立非執行董事已審閲及確認有關持續關 連交易:

- (i) 為本集團之日常業務;
- (ii) 按照一般商業條款,或對本集團而 言不遜於獨立第三者可取得或提供 之條款;及
- (iii) 按有關協議條款進行交易,而交易 條款屬公平及合理,並且符合本公 司股東之整體利益。

本公司之核數師已審閲載於財務報告附註 38(a)(i)及(ii)之年內持續關連交易,並確認 此等交易:

- (i) 已獲本公司董事會批准;
- (ii) 如適用,符合本公司之價格政策;
- (iii) 乃按有關交易之協議條款進行*;及
- (iv) 並無超逾相關公告內所述之上限。
- * 由於就相關協議之交易數量龐大,故交 易乃按抽樣基準進行審閱。

繼上市規則於二零一零年六月修訂後, 上述交易自二零一一年一月一日起 只要繼續符合上市規則第14A.31(9)條之 適用規定,則該等交易將獲豁免上市規則 第十四A章所訂之申報及年度審閱之規定。

Sufficiency of Public Float

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year and up to the date of this report.

Auditors

Ernst & Young retire and a resolution for their reappointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

CHOW Kwen Lim Chairman

Hong Kong 22 March 2011

董事會報告

足夠公眾持股量

本公司根據公開資料及就董事會所知,於 年內及截至本報告日,本公司一直維持足 夠公眾持股量。

核數師

安永會計師事務所任滿退任,有關續聘其 出任本公司核數師之決議案將於即將舉行 之股東週年大會上提呈。

承董事會命

主席 周君廉
香港 二零一一年三月二十二日

CHOW SANG SANG HOLDINGS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED 周生生集團國際有限公司



Corporate Governance Practices

The Group as a whole strives to adhere to the highest standards of transparency, accountability and corporate governance. The Company has complied with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") for the financial year ended 31 December 2010.

The Board

Board composition

The Board comprises four Executive Directors ("ED"), three Non-executive Directors ("NED") and three Independent Non-executive Directors ("INED").

Chairman and Group General Manager

The Chairman ensures that the Board functions properly in compliance with good corporate governance practices, and the Group General Manager leads the management in the daily operation of the Group. For the year under review, Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim and Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing continued to hold the positions as the Group's Chairman and Group General Manager, respectively.

Independence of Directors

Save for the family relationships disclosed in the biographical details set out on pages 4 to 6 of this annual report, the Directors do not have material financial, business or other relationships with one another.

The Company has received from each INED written annual confirmation of their independence as required under the Listing Rules and therefore considers all INEDs to be independent.

Re-election of Directors

All Directors are subject to re-election by shareholders at the annual general meeting ("AGM") at least once every three years on a rotational basis. All NEDs and INEDs are appointed for specific terms of three years.

Three Directors, namely Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing, Mr. LEE Ka Lun and Mr. LO King Man will retire at the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM and all of them are eligible for re-election. Details of these Directors who are seeking re-election at the forthcoming AGM are set out in the shareholders' circular dated 19 April 2011.

Directors' liability insurance

Appropriate liability insurance, the coverage of which is reviewed annually, has been arranged to indemnify the Directors' risk exposure arising out of corporate activities.

企業管治報告

企業管治常規

本集團全體員工致力維持集團最高標準 之透明度、問責性及企業管治。於截至 二零一零年十二月三十一日止財政年度內, 本公司已遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司證 券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載之 企業管治常規守則。

董事會

董事會組成 著車盒山皿夕劫行著車。

董事會由四名執行董事、三名非執行董事 及三名獨立非執行董事組成。

主席及集團總經理

主席確保董事會依循良好企業管治常規履 行職能:而集團總經理則領導管理層處理 本集團之日常業務運作。於本回顧年度, 周君廉博士及周永成先生分別繼續出任本 集團之主席及集團總經理。

董事獨立性

除本年報第4至6頁所載履歷所披露之親屬 關係外,董事之間概無重大財務、業務或 其他關係。

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市 規則規定就其獨立性發出之年度確認書, 因此本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事均屬 獨立人士。

董事重選

所有董事均須最少每隔三年於股東週年 大會上輪席退任,並由股東重選。所有非 執行董事及獨立非執行董事之任期均為 三年。

三名董事將於即將舉行之股東週年大會結束 時退任,分別為周敬成醫生、李家麟先生 及盧景文先生,彼等均符合資格膺選連 任。此等於即將舉行之股東週年大會上尋 求重選之董事之資料,載於二零一一年 四月十九日刊發之股東通函內。

董事責任保險

本公司已為董事安排適當責任保險,為彼 等因集團業務而面對之風險提供賠償保 障,而其承保範圍會每年審閱。



The Board (continued)

Securities transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the Company's code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Directors are reminded on a regular basis of their obligations under the Model Code.

All Directors have written to confirm that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout the year.

Employees who have access to unpublished price-sensitive information of the Group are also subject to compliance with written internal guidelines that follow the Model Code.

Roles and Responsibilities of the Board

The Board assumes responsibility for leadership and control of the Group. It determines the overall strategic direction and management objectives, oversees significant operational and financial matters and ensures a framework of risk controls is in place.

The Company has provided to each Director a Directors' Manual, which includes the statutory obligations, duties and responsibilities for being a director. The Directors' Manual is updated from time to time to reflect the latest developments in those areas.

Internal guidelines with continuing updates in areas on the Company's and the Directors' obligations under the Listing Rules, and the latest development or material changes on ordinances, rules or regulations are provided to Directors from time to time.

The Board has delegated day-to-day operations to management, who is responsible for implementing the Group's business strategies and managing the daily business operations under the leadership of the Group General Manager and the Group Deputy General Manager, who are both EDs.

Management support

All Directors were kept informed on a timely basis of major changes that may have affected the Group's businesses. Comprehensive Board papers are prepared and distributed quarterly to Directors to keep them informed.

Directors have free access to management for additional information, as and when required and may solicit independent professional advice at the Company's expenses.

企業管治報告

董事會(續)

證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之上市 發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標 準守則1),作為本公司董事進行證券交易 之行為守則。董事均定期獲提醒彼等根據 標準守則須履行之責任。

全體董事已書面確認,年內彼等均一直遵 守標準守則所載之規定標準。

擁有本集團尚未公布之股價敏感資料之員 工,亦需遵守按標準守則訂立之書面內部 指引。

董事會角色及責任

董事會負責領導及管控本集團。其釐定整 體策略性方向及管理目標、監督重大運作 及財務事宜,並確保本集團具備風險管控 架構。

本公司已向各董事提供董事手册,當中載 有作為董事之法定責任、職務及職責。董 事手冊會持續更新,以反映相關部分之最 新資料。

載有本公司及董事根據上市規則之責任, 以及條例、規則或法規之最新發展或重大 變動之持續更新內部指引均不時提供予 董事。

董事會將日常運作授權予管理層負責,管 理層在均為執行董事之集團總經理及集團 副總經理領導下,負責執行本集團之業務 策略及管理日常業務運作。

管理層支援

所有董事均會適時獲知會可能影響本集團 業務之重大變動。本公司每季度均編製及 向各董事提供詳盡之董事會文件,使彼等 獲得有關資料。

董事可隨時接觸管理層以取得額外資料, 如有需要時亦可尋求獨立專業意見,費用 由本公司承擔。



Board Committees

The Board is supported by three committees, namely Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee.

Audit Committee

Its principal role is to monitor the integrity of the Group's financial statements, oversee the Group's financial reporting systems, internal control procedures and the relationship with the external auditors. Its members possess appropriate professional qualifications, accounting or management expertise as required under the Listing Rules.

In 2010, the Committee's review included the Group's accounting principles and practices, the development in accounting standards and the associated impacts on the Group, the risk management issues, the audit findings, the compliance, strategy summary and financial reporting matters, and the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system. The Committee discussed the above matters, where appropriate, with management and the external auditors.

Remuneration Committee

Its responsibilities include reviewing and making recommendations to the Board for approval on the remuneration policies and packages for Directors and senior management.

The remuneration of Directors consists of a basic annual fee with additional payments for serving on Committees. It is not set on an individual basis. EDs receive additional pay packages by virtue of their positions in management.

During the year, the Committee met once to review the salaries of senior management, staff bonus scheme, as well as Directors' fees for the period from October 2010 to September 2011.

Nomination Committee

Its responsibilities include periodic review of the constituency of the Board and make recommendations to the Board on the appointment of directors. Its aim is to ensure that the Board is appropriately constituted with a balance of knowledge, skills and experience. There was no nomination of directors during the year.

企業管治報告

董事委員會

董事會由三個委員會支援,分別為審核委 員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會。

審核委員會

其主要角色為監察本集團財務報告完整 性、監督本集團財務匯報制度、內部管控 程序及與外聘核數師之關係。該委員會成 員具備上市規則規定之合適專業資格、會 計或管理專長。

於二零一零年,委員會已審閱本集團之會 計原則及慣例、會計準則發展及對本集團 之相關影響、風險管理事項、審計結果、 法規遵守、策略概要及財務報告事宜,以 及本集團內部管控之有效性。委員會已 適當地與管理層及外聘核數師討論上述 事宜。

薪酬委員會

其職責包括審閲董事及高級管理人員之薪 酬政策及待遇組合,以及作出建議待董事 會批核。

董事薪酬包括基本年度袍金及出任委員會 成員之額外酬金。薪酬並非以個別董事釐 定。執行董事會按彼等在管理層之職位而 獲取額外薪酬待遇。

年內,委員會舉行一次會議以審閱高級 管理人員薪金、員工花紅計劃,以及 二零一零年十月至二零一一年九月期間之 董事袍金。

提名委員會

其職責包括定期檢討董事會之組成,並就 委任董事向董事會作出建議。委員會確保 董事會能恰當地組合並擁有均衡知識技能 及經驗。年內並無董事提名。



企業管治報告

Board and Committee Meetings

董事會及委員會會議

The attendance of individual Directors in Board and Committees meetings held in 2010 is set out below:

個別董事於二零一零年舉行之董事會及委 員會會議之出席記錄載列如下:

	Board 董事會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會
年內舉行會議次數	8	2	1	0
	4./0			
	4/8	-	-	_
	0/0			
		_	_	_ N/A
	0/0	_	_	IN/A
	7/8	_	_	_
未回删闷红坯	110			
非執行董事:				
周君令先生				
名譽董事長	2/8	-	-	_
丁良輝先生	7/8	2/2	1/1	-
鍾沛林先生	8/8	2/2	1/1	N/A
獨立非執行董事:				
李家麟先生				
	7/8	2/2	1/1	N/A
陳炳勳醫生	7/8	2/2	1/1	N/A
盧景文先生	7/8	2/2	1/1	N/A
	執行董事 : 周君 主席 原成 原 一 周 成 成 一 二 一 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二 二	董事會 年內舉行會議次數 8 執行董事: 8 周君廉博士 4/8 唐京 4/8 周永成先生 8/8 周敬成醫生 8/8 周社成先生 8/8 月和衣氏生 8/8 丁良輝先生 7/8 丁夏輝先生 7/8 蜀立非執行董事: 8/8 二個委員會之主席 7/8 陳炳勳醫生 7/8	Board 董事會 Committee 審核委員會 年內舉行會議次數 8 2 執行董事: 4/8 - 唐君廉博士 4/8 - 唐京 4/8 - 周永成先生 8/8 - 集團總經理 8/8 - 周放成醫生 8/8 - 周和校先生 8/8 - 集團副總經理 7/8 - 第前林先生 8/8 - 第本執行董事: 2/8 - 丁良輝先生 7/8 2/2 鄧立非執行董事: 8/8 2/2 丁百章之主席 7/8 2/2 陳京勳醫先生 7/8 2/2 陳京勳醫生 7/8 2/2	Board 董事會 Committee 審核委員會 Committee 薪酬委員會 年內學行會議次數 8 2 1 執行董事: - - 唐君廉博士 - - 主席 4/8 - - 周永成先生 - - - 集團總經理 8/8 - - 周敬成醫生 8/8 - - 周敬成醫生 8/8 - - 周和成先生 8/8 - - 東國副總經理 7/8 - - 月六成先生 8/8 - - 東副創總經理 7/8 2/2 1/1 建立市林先生 7/8 2/2 1/1 5 - - - 丁良輝先生 7/8 2/2 1/1 5 - - - 丁良輝先生 7/8 2/2 1/1 第本軟許 - 7/8 2/2 1/1

The Director is not a member

N/A Not applicable

Directors who are considered having conflict of interests or material interests in proposed transactions or contemplated issues are required to abstain from voting on the relevant resolution.

Financial Reporting

Directors' responsibilities

The Board of Directors, through its Audit Committee, oversees the preparation of the Group's financial statements, and after examination and approval, publishes them.

External auditors

The reporting responsibilities of the Group's independent external auditors, Ernst & Young, on the Group's financial statements are set out in the Independent Auditors' Report on pages 30 and 31 of this annual report.

董事並非成員

N/A 不適用

若董事於建議交易或擬進行事項中存有利 益衝突或擁有重大權益,其須就相關決議 案放棄投票。

財務匯報

董事責任 董事會透過其審核委員會監督本集團編製 的財務報告,並於審閲及批准後刊發。

外聘核數師

本集團之獨立外聘核數師安永會計師事務 所對本集團財務報告之申報責任載於本年 報第30及31頁之獨立核數師報告內。



企業管治報告

Financial Reporting (continued)

External auditors (continued)

Internal Control

The Board is satisfied with the audit fees, process and effectiveness of Ernst & Young and has recommended their reappointment as the Company's external auditors at the forthcoming AGM. The services provided by Ernst & Young and the associated fees thereof for 2010 were as follows:

財務匯報(續)

內部管控

外聘核數師(續)

董事會信納安永會計師事務所之審計費用、 審計過程及有效性, 並建議於即將舉行之 股東週年大會上續聘其出任本公司之外聘 核數師。安永會計師事務所於二零一零年 提供之服務及其相關費用如下:

		2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$′000 千港元
Audit	審計	2,568	2,455
Taxation Others	税務 其他	394 177	398 219
		3.139	3.072

The Board is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to safeguard the Group's assets and manage risks. Policies and procedures are designed for providing reasonable assurance against material misstatement or loss and managing risks of failure in operational systems and achievement of the Group's objectives.

Major internal controls currently in place within the Group included the following:

- An Internal Audit team conducts regular audits of different aspects of the operations and reports any findings to the Audit Committee
- All inventory movements are properly recorded and reconciled, and • verification and cross-checking with source documents procedures are in place
- Policies are set to cover the integrity of trading practices, safekeeping of customer assets, and credit control for the securities, futures and commodities broking business and wholesale of precious metals
- Major or material connected transactions of the Company require . pre-approval of INEDs
- Business plans are prepared annually. Income and expenditure are subject to regular budgetary review
- Information access is managed on a need-to-know basis. Guidelines and procedures are in place to protect personal data and to ensure the integrity of communication systems

董事會負責確保本集團有足夠內部管控, 以保障本集團資產及管理風險。政策及程 序乃為重大誤報或損失提供合理保障, 並 管理運作系統失靈及無法達成本集團目標 之風險而設計。

本集團現有之主要內部管控包括以下各 項:

- 系統稽核團隊對業務運作定期進行 • 各方面審核,並向審核委員會報告 任何審核調查結果
- 所有存貨流動均妥善記錄及核對, • 亦訂有程序與原始文件核證及對證
- 證券、期貨及商品經紀業務及貴金 • 屬批發業務均有政策管理交易之完 整性、妥善保管客戶資產及信貸控 制
- 本公司主要或重大關連交易必須獲 . 得獨立非執行董事預先批准
- 每年編製業務計劃。收入及開支受 • 控於定期預算檢討
- 查閱資訊乃按應知方知基準管理。 • 已制訂指引及程序以保障個人資料 及確保溝通系統之完整性



Internal Control (continued)

The Board and the Audit Committee have reviewed the Group's internal control system for the year ended 31 December 2010, with reference to the internal audit reports and the representations made by management and concluded that adequate and effective internal controls are being maintained. The annual review also considers the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget. There were no significant areas of concern identified during the year.

Corporate Communication

Investor communication

Aside from annual reports and interim reports, the Group disseminates timely information on its websites to investors and consumers alike.

Management also attend meetings with financial analysts and fund managers from time to time. These meetings allow management to maintain close contact with investors which facilitate their understanding of the Group's strategies and operations.

Internal communication

The Group's staff members are linked by the Company's intranet for prompt sharing of information. Regular meetings of staff members from Hong Kong, Mainland China and Taiwan are held to share and discuss issues on achieving the Group's strategic objectives, actual operational practices, local rules and regulations and compliance practices.

Corporate and Social Responsibilities

Business ethics

The Group is committed to a high standard of business ethics and integrity. Code of conduct defining the employees' ethical standards and the Group's non-discriminatory employment practices have been adopted and guidelines are posted in the Company's intranet for ease of access by all staff.

Employees

The Group recognizes that human capital is a key asset. Therefore, the Group places emphasis on development and retention of staff and commits to offer a healthy and safe working environment to employees. Guidelines on enhancing safety consciousness are in place for compliance and reference by employees. The Group also conducts training both in Hong Kong and in the Mainland, using in-house and external resources as appropriate. Programmes are offered on a variety of subjects, falling mainly into the categories of sales skills and management technique, and pitched at different levels of experience and expertise.

企業管治報告

內部管控(續)

董事會及審核委員會已檢閱截至二零一零年 十二月三十一日止年度本集團之內部管 控系統,經參考內部稽核報告及管理層作 出之陳述後,確認現有足夠及有效內部管 控。年度之檢討亦考慮到本公司在會計及 財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經 驗是否足夠、以及彼等所接受之培訓課程 及有關預算是否充足。年內並無發現重大 須關注事項。

企業傳訊

投資者傳訊

除年報及中期報告外,本集團亦定時於其 網站發布消息,供投資者及客戶參閱。

管理層亦不時與財務分析員及基金經理舉 行會議。此等會議令管理層與投資者保持 密切聯繫,協助彼等了解本集團之策略及 運作。

內部傳訊

本集團之員工透過本公司內聯網互相連 繫,以即時共用資料。香港、中國內地及 台灣之同事共同參與定期舉行之會議,以 分享及討論達成集團策略性目標、實際經 營慣例、當地規則及法規,以及遵守法規 慣例等事宜。

企業及社會責任

商業道德

本集團致力維持高水平之商業道德及誠 信。本集團已採納一套行為準則,當中列 明員工道德標準及本集團採納之反歧視僱 傭慣例,指引已登載於本公司內聯網,以 供全體員工取閱。

僱員

本集團明白人力資源是重要資產。因此, 本集團十分著重員工發展及保留,並致力 為員工提供健康及安全工作環境。本集團 訂有提升安全意識指引,讓員工遵守及參 考。本集團亦於香港及內地使用內部及外 界資源(如適用)提供培訓。培訓課程包括 不同項目,主要分為銷售技巧及管理技術 等類別,並為不同年資及專長之僱員制訂 培訓內容。



企業管治報告

Corporate and Social Responsibilities (continued)

Employees (continued)

Aside from basic salary, employees are rewarded with performancebased bonuses. Fringe benefits such as paid vacation leave, insurance are commensurate with local practices and legal requirements. Individual performance is assessed annually within a uniform framework, which is applied to all territories and is based on openness and objectiveness. The Company has adopted a share option scheme on 7 December 2010, which serves as an incentive to attract, retain and motive talented eligible employees, including directors. Details of the share option scheme are set out in note 32 to the financial statements. It is the Group's policy to abide with best practice principles, to hire the most suitable person for the job with competitive emoluments and to motivate staff with incentives and positive reinforcement.

Environmental protection

The Group's commitment statement together with a comprehensive list of tips on environmental protection, are posted on the Company's intranet for easy access and reference by all staff. Staff are required not to put shark fin on the menu for all company entertaining, and are asked to do the same for personal consumption. Employees are encouraged to reduce use of paper and electricity, and recycle paper and toner cartridges. Wherever feasible packaging are made of biodegradable material and designed to provide residual use to consumers.

Contributions to the community

The Group gave sponsorship and support to numerous organizations such as the Hong Kong Repertory Theatre, the Hong Kong Academy for Performing Arts, the Hong Kong Philharmonic Orchestra, the Arts with the Disabled Association Hong Kong, the Hong Kong Cycling Association and the Quality Tourism Services Association.

企業及社會責任(續)

僱員(續)

除基本薪酬外,僱員可獲按表現為分發基 準之花紅。本集團亦按當地慣例及法律規 定提供有薪假期、保險等額外福利。各 還員工的個人表現按集團訂定的統一標 每年進行評核,這套標準以開放及客觀的 原則訂定。本公司已於二零一戰人之 時 及激勵合資格之優秀僱員(包括 事)。購股權計劃之詳情載於財務報告 開 設等力的薪酬待遇聘請合適的人才, 並以獎勵及正面方式推動員工士氣。

環境保護

本集團之承諾聲明連同有關環境保護提示 之詳盡列表,已載於本公司內聯網,讓全 體員工取閱及參考。本集團規定員工於所 有公司聯誼活動的菜單不可加入魚翅,並 建議員工在個人消費方面也用同一理念。 本集團鼓勵僱員減少用紙及用電,以及循 環再用紙張及碳粉匣。本集團於可行時會 以可分解物料及可令顧客再用之設計包裝。

貢獻社會

本集團向多家機構提供贊助及支持,例如 香港話劇團、香港演藝學院、香港管弦樂 團、香港展能藝術會、香港單車聯會及優 質旅遊服務協會。



獨立核數師報告



To the shareholders of Chow Sang Sang Holdings International Limited (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Chow Sang Sang Holdings International Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 32 to 129, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2010, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Directors' responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Ernst & Young

18/F Two International Finance Centre, 8 Finance Street, Central, Hong Kong Phone: 852 2846 9888 Fax: 852 2868 4432 www.ey.com **安永會計師事務所** 香港中環 金融街8號 國際金融中心2期18樓 電話: 852 2846 9888 傳真: 852 2868 4432

致周生生集團國際有限公司 (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) **列位股東**

本核數師已審核列載於第32至129頁 周生生集團國際有限公司(「貴公司」)及其 附屬公司(統稱為「貴集團」)之綜合財務 報告,此綜合財務報告包括於二零一零年 十二月三十一日之綜合及公司財務狀況 表、截至該日止年度之綜合損益賬、綜合全 面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流 量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他解釋 資料。

董事就綜合財務報告須承擔之責任

貴公司董事須負責按照香港會計師公會頒 布之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之 披露規定,編製真實而公平的綜合財務報 告,並落實其認為必要的內部管控,以使 綜合財務報告不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導 致之重大錯誤陳述。

核數師之責任

本核數師之責任是根據本核數師審核工作的結果,對此等綜合財務報告提出意見。 本核數師報告按照百慕達一九八一年公司 法第90條的規定,僅向整體股東作出,除 此以外,不可作其他用途。本核數師概不 就本報告之內容,對任何其他人士負責或 承擔任何責任。

本核數師已根據香港會計師公會頒布之香 港審核準則進行審核。該等準則要求本核 數師遵守道德規範,並規劃及執行審核, 以合理確定綜合財務報告是否不存有任何 重大錯誤陳述。



Auditors' responsibility (continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2010, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Ernst & Young Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong 22 March 2011

核數師之責任(續)

審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務 報告所載金額及披露資料之審核憑證。所 選定的程序取決於核數師之判斷,包括評 估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報告 存有重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等風 險時,核數師會考慮與該公司編製真實而 公平的综合財務報告相關之內部管控,以 設計適當的審核程序,但並非為對公司之 內部管控之有效性發表意見。審核亦包括 評估董事所採用之會計政策之合適性及所 作出的會計估計之合理性,以及評估綜合 財務報告之整體列報方式。

本核數師相信,我們所獲得之審核憑證是 充足和適當地為我們之審核意見提供基 礎。

意見

本核數師認為,綜合財務報告已根據香港 財務報告準則真實而公平地反映 貴公司 及 貴集團於二零一零年十二月三十一日之 財政狀況及 貴集團截至該日止年度之溢利 及現金流量, 並已按照香港公司條例之披露 規定而適當編製。

執業會計師 安永會計師事務所

香港 二零一一年三月二十二日



CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

Year ended 31 December 2010

綜合損益賬

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$′000 千港元
TURNOVER Jewellery retail Other businesses	營業額 珠寶零售 其他業務	5	8,265,447 3,439,844	5,922,590 3,540,846
			11,705,291	9,463,436
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(9,403,384)	(7,576,468)
Gross profit Other income Selling and distribution costs Administrative expenses Other gains, net Finance costs Share of profits of associates, net	毛利 其他收入 銷售及分銷費用 行政費用 其他收益,淨值 財務費用 應佔聯營公司溢利,淨值	7	2,301,907 71,994 (1,139,711) (275,982) 34,751 (22,221) 2,688	1,886,968 80,973 (946,883) (237,497) 6,374 (19,924) 1,222
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前溢利	6	973,426	771,233
Income tax	所得税	10	(206,402)	(182,834)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利		767,024	588,399
Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	應佔溢利: 本公司權益持有人 非控股股東權益	11	757,198 9,826 	574,090 14,309 588,399
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY Basic	本公司權益持有人 應佔每股盈利 基本	13	116.2 cents 仙	95.4 cents 仙
Details of the dividends navable and propose	d for the year are disclosed	本年	度應付及擬派發股息:	ン詳情於財務報

Details of the dividends payable and proposed for the year are disclosed 本年度應付及擬派發股息之詳情於財務報 in note 12 to the financial statements.

告附註12中披露。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Year ended 31 December 2010

綜合全面收益表

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$′000 千港元
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利		767,024	588,399
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	其他全面收益			
Changes in fair value of available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資之公平 價值變動	21	184,475	327,872
Leasehold land and buildings: Revaluation upon transfer to investment properties Deferred tax liabilities on revaluation Release upon disposal of a property	租賃土地及樓字: 轉撥往投資物業時 重估 重估之遞延税項負債 出售一項物業時撥回	14 30	155 (26) 	15,969 (2,130) (3,059)
			129	10,780
Leasehold land and buildings revaluation reserve transferred to retained profits upon disposal of a property	出售一項物業時轉撥往 保留溢利之租賃土地 及樓宇重估儲備		-	3,059
Exchange differences on translation	匯兑差額		71,687	(14,508)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	扣除税項後的年內其他 全面收益		256,291	327,203
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	年內全面收益總額		1,023,315	915,602
Total comprehensive income attributable to:	應佔全面收益總額:			
Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司權益持有人 非控股股東權益		1,011,662 11,653	903,598 12,004
			1,023,315	915,602



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2010

綜合財務狀況表

於二零一零年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	14	442,719	427,888
Investment properties	投資物業	15	175,458	150,840
Prepaid land lease payments	預付土地租賃款項	16	13,506	-
Intangible assets	無形資產	17	271	271
Other assets Investments in associates	其他資產	18	95,302	77,605
Available-for-sale investments	於聯營公司之投資 可供出售投資	20 21	14,083 889,206	11,611 705,255
Deferred tax assets	可供山后仅頁 遞延税項資產	30	14,153	4,225
	処延饥頃貝座	50	14,155	4,225
Total non-current assets	總非流動資產		1,644,698	1,377,695
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	22	4,426,974	2,884,841
Accounts receivable	應收賬款	23	403,438	326,272
Receivables arising from securities and	證券及期貨經紀產生之			
futures broking	應收賬款	23	256,434	201,152
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及			
other receivables	其他應收賬款	24	221,052	84,982
Investments at fair value through	按公平價值訂定盈虧之			
profit or loss	投資	25	12,015	8,010
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	28	-	180
Tax recoverable	可收回税項		763	639
Cash held on behalf of clients	代客戶持有現金	26	306,863	388,012
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金	26	272,919	378,999
Total current assets	總流動資產		5,900,458	4,273,087
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Accounts payable	應付賬款	27	176,781	132,231
Payables arising from securities and	證券及期貨經紀產生之			
futures broking	應付賬款	27	370,719	474,205
Other payables and accruals	其他應付賬款及應計項目		307,823	284,430
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	28	9,508	14,096
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	計息銀行貸款	29	695,544	598,043
Interest-bearing bank borrowings arising	證券及期貨經紀產生之			
from securities and futures broking	計息銀行貸款	29	30,000	-
Tax payable	應付税項		88,982	80,238
Total current liabilities	總流動負債		1,679,357	1,583,243
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		4,221,101	2,689,844
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債		5,865,799	4,067,539


CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2010

綜合財務狀況表

於二零一零年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$'000 千港元 (Restated) (重列)
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Deferred tax liabilities	非流動負債 遞延税項負債	30	125,397	90,827
Net assets	資產淨值		5,740,402	3,976,712
EQUITY Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company Issued capital Reserves	權益 本公司權益持有人 應佔權益 已發行股本 儲備	31 33(a)	169,230 5,511,597	150,480 3,778,310
Non-controlling interests Total equity	非控股股東權益 總權益		5,680,827 59,575 5,740,402	3,928,790 47,922 3,976,712

CHOW Kwen Lim Director

周君廉 董事

Vincent CHOW Wing Shing Director

周永成 董事



Year ended 31 December 2010

Attributable to equity holders of the Company

		-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			lssued capital	Share premium	Leasehold land and buildings revaluation reserve
		Note 附註	已發行股本 HK\$′000 千港元	股份溢價 HK\$′000 千港元	租賃土地及 樓宇重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2009	於二零零九年一月一日		150,480	99,724	332,928
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year:	年內溢利 年內其他全面收益:		-	-	-
Change in fair value of available-for-sale investments Transfer of leasehold land and	可供出售投資之公平 價值變動 租賃土地及樓宇轉撥		-	-	-
buildings to investment properties, net of tax Disposal of a property, net of tax	往投資物業,已扣除 税項 出售一項物業,		-	-	13,334
Exchange differences on translation	已扣除税項 匯兑差額				(2,554)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額		_	_	10,780
Capital repayment to a non-controlling shareholder upon liquidation of a subsidiary	一間附屬公司清盤時向 一名非控股股東償還股本		_	_	_
Dividend paid to non-controlling shareholders	已付非控股股東股息				
Transfer from retained profits Transfer to retained profits upon	轉自保留溢利 一間附屬公司清盤時轉撥往		-	-	-
liquidation of a subsidiary Dividends paid during the year	保留溢利 年內已付股息	12			
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年 十二月三十一日		150,480	99,724*	343,708*

* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$3,778,310,000 in the consolidated statement of financial position.



綜合權益變動表

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

本公司權益持有	人應佔						
	Difference arising from acquisition						
Investment	of non-	Exchange				Non-	
revaluation	controlling	fluctuation	Reserve	Retained		controlling	Total
reserve	interests 收購 非控股股東	reserve	funds	profits	Total	interests	equity
投資	權益產生之	外匯				非控股	
重估儲備	差額	變動儲備	儲備金	保留溢利	合計	股東權益	總權益
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元 Note 33(a) 附註33(a)	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
373,204	4,897	82,679	36,461	2,125,395	3,205,768	52,303	3,258,071
-	-	-	-	574,090	574,090	14,309	588,399
327,872	-	-	-	-	327,872	-	327,872
-	-	-	-	-	13,334	-	13,334
-	_	_	_	3,059	505	_	505
-	_	(12,203)	_	-	(12,203)	(2,305)	(14,508)
327,872	-	(12,203)	-	577,149	903,598	12,004	915,602
-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,022)	(3,022)
-	_	-	_	-	_	(13,363)	(13,363)
-	-	-	27,327	(27,327)	-	-	-
-	-	-	(4,576)	4,576	-	-	-
				(180,576)	(180,576)		(180,576)
701 070*	4 907*	70 470*	E0 212+	2 400 217*	2 0 2 0 7 0 0	47 022	2 076 712
701,076*	4,897*	70,476*	59,212*	2,499,217*	3,928,790	47,922	3,976,712

* 此等儲備賬目組成綜合財務狀況表之綜合儲備3,778,310,000港元。



Year ended 31 December 2010

Attributable to equity holders of the Company

			lssued capital	Share premium	Leasehold land and buildings revaluation reserve
		Note 附註	已發行股本 HK\$′000 千港元	股份溢價 HK \$′000 千港元	租賃土地及 樓宇重估儲備 HK\$′000 千港元
At 1 January 2010	於二零一零年一月一日		150,480	99,724	343,708
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year:	年內溢利 年內其他全面收益:		-	-	-
Change in fair value of available-for-sale investments Transfer of a leasehold land and building to an investment	可供出售投資之公平 價值變動 租賃土地及樓宇轉撥 往投資物業,已扣除		-	-	-
property, net of tax Exchange differences on translation	税項				129
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額		-	-	129
Transfer from retained profits Issue of shares Share issue expenses Dividends paid during the year	轉自保留溢利 發行股份 發行股份支出 年內已付股息	31 31 12	- 18,750 - -		- - -
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日		169,230	1,051,502*	343,837*

* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of HK\$5,511,597,000 in the consolidated statement of financial position.



綜合權益變動表

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

本公司權益持	有人應佔						
	Difference arising from acquisition						
Investment	of non-	Exchange				Non-	
revaluation	controlling	fluctuation	Reserve	Retained		controlling	Total
reserve	interests	reserve	funds	profits	Total	interests	equity
	收購 非控股股東						
投資	權益產生之	外匯				非控股	
重估儲備	差額	變動儲備	儲備金	保留溢利	合計	股東權益	總權益
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元 Note 33(a) 附註33(a)	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
701,076	4,897	70,476	59,212	2,499,217	3,928,790	47,922	3,976,712
-	-	-	-	757,198	757,198	9,826	767,024
184,475	-	-	-	-	184,475	-	184,475
-	-	-	-	-	129	-	129
		69,860			69,860	1,827	71,687
184,475		69,860		757,198	1,011,662	11,653	1,023,315
104,475	-	09,000	-	757,190	1,011,002	11,055	1,025,515
-	-	-	22,923	(22,923)	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	997,500	-	997,500
-	-	-	-	-	(26,972)	-	(26,972)
				(230,153)	(230,153)		(230,153)
885,551*	4,897*	140,336*	82,135*	3,003,339*	5,680,827	59,575	5,740,402

* 此等儲備賬目組成綜合財務狀況表之綜合儲備5,511,597,000港元。



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended 31 December 2010

綜合現金流量表

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$′000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax	經營業務之現金流量 除税前溢利		973,426	771,233
Adjustments for: Finance costs Share of profits of associates, net Interest income	調整: 財務費用 應佔聯營公司溢利,淨值	7	22,221 (2,688) (18,250)	19,924 (1,222) (12,074)
Dividend income from listed investments Dividend income from unlisted investments Net loss on disposal of items of property,	利息收入 上市投資之股息收入 非上市投資之股息收入 出售物業、機器及設備	6 6 6	(18,259) (19,974) (413)	(13,974) (18,290) (413)
plant and equipment Loss on disposal of an investment property Net gain on disposal of investments	項目淨虧損 出售一項投資物業虧損 出售按公平價值訂定	6 6	1,021 _	5,159 44
at fair value through profit or loss Net loss on disposal of derivative	盈虧之投資淨收益 出售衍生金融工具淨虧損	6	(366)	(27)
financial instruments Net fair value gain on investment properties Net fair value gain on investments	投資物業之公平價值淨收益 按公平價值訂定盈虧之	6 6	98,088 (26,299)	28,078 (12,361)
at fair value through profit or loss Net fair value loss/(gain) on derivative financial instruments	投資的公平價值淨收益 衍生金融工具之公平價值 淨虧損/(收益)	6	(4,005)	(2,190)
 transactions not qualifying as hedges Depreciation Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of 	不符合對沖定義之交易 折舊 證券及期貨經紀產生之應收	6 6	(4,447) 102,359	13,850 82,442
receivables arising from securities and futures broking, net Write-down of inventories to net realizable	賬款減值/(減值撥回), 淨值 撇銷存貨至可變現淨值	6	3	(3,584)
value		6	55	6,237
Increase in inventories Increase in accounts receivable	存貨之増加 應收賬款之増加 證券及期貨經紀產生之		1,120,722 (1,507,526) (70,921)	874,906 (372,252) (114,395)
Increase in receivables arising from securities and futures broking Increase in prepayments, deposits and	超分及期員經紀僅生之 應收賬款之增加 預付款項、按金及其他應收		(55,285)	(62,720)
other receivables Decrease in investments at fair value through	賬款之增加 按公平價值訂定盈虧之		(133,617)	(11,413)
profit or loss Decrease/(increase) in cash held on behalf of clients	投資之減少 代客戶持有現金之 減少/(増加)		366 81,149	27 (62,613)
Increase in accounts payable Increase/(decrease) in payables arising from	應付賬款之增加 證券及期貨經紀產生之		48,953	61,850
securities and futures broking Increase in derivative financial instruments Increase in other payables and accruals	應付賬款之增加/(減少) 衍生金融工具之增加 其他應付賬款及應計項目之		(103,486) (98,088)	92,263 (28,078)
	增加		31,736	54,200
Cash generated from/(used in) operations Interest received Interest paid	經營所得/(所用)現金 已收利息 已付利息		(685,997) 18,150 (2,272)	431,775 13,917 (2,437)
Hong Kong profits tax paid Elsewhere taxes paid	已付香港利得税 已付其他地區税項		(81,611) (91,479)	(96,416) (48,062)
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	經營業務所得/(所用)之 現金流量淨額		(843,209)	298,777

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended 31 December 2010

綜合現金流量表

截至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$'000 千港元
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	經營業務所得/(所用)之 現金流量淨額		(843,209)	298,777
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of items of property, plant and	投資活動之現金流量 購買物業、機器及設備項目		(100.059)	(91 EOC)
equipment Proceeds from disposal of items of property,	出售物業、機器及設備項目		(109,058)	(81,596)
plant and equipment Payment of prepaid land leases Proceeds from disposal of an investment	所得款項 支付預付土地租賃 出售一項投資物業所得款項		258 (13,506)	10 -
property Increase in other assets Repayment of a loan from an associate	其他資產之增加 償還欠聯營公司之貸款		 (17,697) 	4,904 (2,715) (128)
Dividends received from associates Dividends received from listed investments Dividends received from unlisted investments	已收聯營公司股息 已收上市投資股息 已收非上市投資股息		353 19,974 413	639 18,290 413
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資活動所用之現金流量淨額		(119,263)	(60,183)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from issue of shares Share issue expenses Capital repayment to a non-controlling	融資活動之現金流量 發行股份所得款項 發行股份支出 一間附屬公司清盤時向一名	31 31	997,500 (26,972)	- -
shareholder upon liquidation of a subsidiary New bank loans Repayment of bank loans Interest paid Dividends paid Dividend paid to non-controlling shareholders	非控股股東償還股本 新增銀行貸款 償還銀行貸款 已付利息 已付股息 已付非控股股東股息		 1,625,256 (1,515,802) (18,122) (230,153) 	(3,022) 3,066,957 (2,956,944) (15,348) (180,576) (13,363)
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	融資活動所得/(所用)之 現金流量淨額		831,707	(102,296)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	現金及等同現金之增加∕ (減少)淨額 於年初之現金及等同現金		(130,765)	136,298
of year Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	外幣匯率變動影響,淨值		253,429 6,638	118,478 (1,347)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	於年終之現金及等同現金		129,302	253,429
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND	現金及等同現金結存分析			
CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and bank balances Non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of less than three months when	現金及銀行存款 存放時到期日少於三個月之 無抵押定期存款	26	247,727	378,536
acquired	新14,17 AL 为17 承	26	25,192	463
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position	綜合財務狀況表所列之 現金及等同現金		272,919	378,999
Bank overdrafts, unsecured	銀行透支,無抵押	29	(143,617)	(125,570)
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the consolidated statement of cash flows	綜合現金流量表所列之 現金及等同現金		129,302	253,429

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2010

財務狀況表

於二零一零年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$′000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Investments in subsidiaries	非流動資產 於附屬公司之投資	19	2,816,038	1,504,456
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Prepayments	預付款項	24	290	226
Tax recoverable Cash and cash equivalents	可收回税項 現金及等同現金	26	1,779	49 1,410
Total current assets	總流動資產		2,069	1,685
CURRENT LIABILITIES Other payables and accruals Tax payable	流動負債 其他應付賬款及應計項 應付税項	〔 日	4,030	3,385
Total current liabilities	總流動負債		4,082	3,385
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債淨值		(2,013)	(1,700)
Net assets	資產淨值		2,814,025	1,502,756
EQUITY	權益			
Issued capital	已發行股本	31	169,230	150,480
Reserves	儲備	33(b)	2,644,795	1,352,276
Total equity	總權益		2,814,025	1,502,756

CHOW Kwen Lim Director

周君廉 董事

Vincent CHOW Wing Shing Director

周永成 董事



Corporate information 1.

Chow Sang Sang Holdings International Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The registered office of the Company is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda.

During the year, the Group was involved in the following principal activities:

- manufacture and retail of jewellery
- wholesale of precious metals
- securities, futures and commodities broking

2.1 **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties, certain buildings, derivative financial instruments and certain equity investments, which have been measured at fair value as further explained in note 2.4 to the financial statements. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of consolidation

Basis of consolidation from 1 January 2010

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2010. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. All intra-group balances, transactions, unrealized gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated on consolidation in full. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist.

Losses within a subsidiary are attributed to the non-controlling interest even if that results in a deficit balance.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

公司資料 1.

周生生集團國際有限公司乃於百慕達 **註冊成立之有限公司。本公司之註冊** 辦事處位於Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda °

年內本集團從事之主要業務如下:

- 珠寶製造及零售
- 貴金屬批發
- 證券、期貨及商品經紀

編製基準 2.1

本財務報告乃按照香港會計師公會頒布 之香港財務報告準則(包括所有香港財務 報告準則、香港會計準則及詮釋)、香港 普遍採納之會計原則及香港公司條例之 披露規定而編製。除本財務報告附註2.4 所進一步解釋,以公平價值計量之投資 物業、若干樓宇、衍生金融工具及若干 股份投資外,本報告乃按歷史成本慣例 編製。本財務報告以港元列報,除另有 指明者外,所有價值均調整至最接近千 元。

綜合基準

自二零一零年一月一日起之綜合基準 本綜合財務報告包括本集團截至二零一 零年十二月三十一日止年度之財務報 告。附屬公司的財務報告按本公司之相 同報告期間及採用與本公司一致的會計 政策編製。附屬公司之業績自其收購 日,即本集團取得其控制權之日起綜合 計算,至有關控制權終止之日止。所有 集團內公司間之結餘、交易、集團內公 司間交易產生之未變現盈虧及股息均於 综合賬目內全數對銷。任何可能存在之 不同會計政策已作出調整以使其一致。

即使附屬公司虧損將致負數結餘,其亦 歸於非控股股東權益。

變動於附屬公司所有權權益時,而並無 失去控制權,則作權益交易入賬處理。



2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

Basis of consolidation (continued)

Basis of consolidation from 1 January 2010 (continued)

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognizes (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognizes (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate.

Basis of consolidation prior to 1 January 2010

Certain of the above-mentioned requirements have been applied on a prospective basis. The following differences, however, are carried forward in certain instances from the previous basis of consolidation:

- (a) acquisitions of non-controlling interests (formerly known as minority interests), prior to 1 January 2010, were accounted for using the parent entity extension method, whereby the differences between the consideration and the book value of the share of the net assets acquired were recognized in goodwill;
- (b) losses incurred by the Group were attributed to the non-controlling interest until the balance was reduced to nil. Any further excess losses were attributable to the parent, unless the non-controlling interest had a binding obligation to cover these. Losses prior to 1 January 2010 were not reallocated between non-controlling interest and the parent shareholders; and
- (c) upon loss of control, the Group accounted for the investment retained at its proportionate share of net asset value at the date control was lost. The carrying amount of such investment at 1 January 2010 has not been restated.

2.1 編製基準(續)

綜合基準(續)

自二零一零年一月一日起之綜合基準(續) 倘本集團失去附屬公司之控制權,則不 再確認(i)該附屬公司之資產(包括商譽) 及負債:(ii)针入權益之累計匯兑差額;並 確認(i)已收代價之公平價值:(ii)任何獲 保留投資之公平價值及(iii)損益賬中任何 因此產生之盈餘或虧損。先前已於其他 全面收益確認之本集團應佔部分,乃視 乎情況重新分類至損益賬或保留溢利。

於二零一零年一月一日前之綜合基準 上述若干規定已按預期基準應用。然 而,下列差異於若干情況下從先前之綜 合基準結轉:

- (a) 於二零一零年一月一日前收購非 控股股東權益(過往稱為少數股東 權益)乃採用母公司延伸法入賬處 理,據此,代價與應佔所收購資產 淨值之賬面值間之差額乃確認為 商譽;
- (b) 本集團產生之虧損歸屬於非控股股東權益直至結餘沖減至零。任何進一步超出之虧損均屬於母公司,惟與非控股股東權益訂立該等虧損之約束責任除外。於二零一零年一月一日前之虧損不會於非控股股東權益及母公司股東之間重新分配;及
- (c) 於失去控制權時,本集團保留之 投資按於失去控制權當日應佔比 例之資產淨值入賬。該等投資於 二零一零年一月一日之賬面值並 無重列。



financial statements.

財務報告附註

2.2	Changes in accounting po	olicies and disclosures	2.2	會計政策及披露之	之變動
	The Group has adopted t first time for the current ye	he following new and revised HKFRSs for the ar's financial statements.			度之財務報告首次採納 J香港財務報告準則。
	HKFRS 1 (Revised)	First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards		香港財務報告準則 第1號(經修訂)	首次採納香港財務 報告準則
	HKFRS 1 Amendments	Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards – Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters		香港財務報告準則 第1號修訂本	香港財務報告準則第1號 之修訂 <i>首次採納香港</i> 財務報告準則-首次 採納者之額外豁免
	HKFRS 2 Amendments	Amendments to HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment – Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions		香港財務報告準則 第2號修訂本	香港財務報告準則第2號 之修訂以股份為基礎 之支付-集團以現金 結算以股份為基礎之 支付交易
	HKFRS 3 (Revised)	Business Combinations		香港財務報告準則 第3號(經修訂)	業務合併
	HKAS 27 (Revised)	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements		香港會計準則 第27號(經修訂)	綜合及獨立財務報告
	HKAS 39 Amendment	Amendment to HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement – Eligible Hedged Items		香港會計準則 第39號修訂本	香港會計準則第 39 號之 修訂 <i>金融工具:確認</i> 及計量-合資格對沖 項目
	HK(IFRIC)-Int 17	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners		香港(國際財務 報告詮釋委 員會)一詮釋 第17號	向擁有人分派非現金 資產
	HK Interpretation 4 Amendment	Amendment to HK Interpretation 4 Leases – Determination of the Length of Lease Term in respect of Hong Kong Land Leases		香港詮釋第4號 修訂本	香港詮釋第4號之修訂 <i>租賃-釐定香港土地 租賃之租期</i>
	HK Interpretation 5	Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause		香港詮釋第5號	財務報告的呈報-借款 人對包含可隨時要求 償還條款之定期 貸款之分類
	HKFRS 5 Amendments included in <i>Improvements to</i> <i>HKFRSs</i> issued in October 2008	Amendments to HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations – Plan to sell the controlling interest in a subsidiary		香港財務報告準則 第5號修訂本 納入於 二零零八年十月 頒布之香港財務 報告準則之修改	香港財務報告準則第5號 之修訂持作銷售之 非流動資產及已終止 經營業務-計劃出售 於附屬公司之控股 權益
	Improvements to HKFRSs 2009	Amendments to a number of HKFRSs issued in May 2009		二零零九年香港財 務報告準則之修改	對多項於二零零九年 文 五月頒布之香港財務 報告準則之修訂
	Interpretation 5, the adopt significant financial effect	xplained below regarding the impact of HK ion of the new and revised HKFRSs has had no on these financial statements and there have es to the accounting policies applied in these		響外,採納此等新報告準則對本財	關香港詮釋第5號之影 新訂及經修訂香港財務 務報告並無重大財務影 告所應用之會計政策亦



無構成重大變動。

2.2 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (continued)

HK Interpretation 5 Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause

The interpretation requires a term loan that contains a clause that gives the lender the unconditional right to call the loan at any time shall be classified in total by the borrower as current in the statement of financial position. This is irrespective of whether a default event has occurred and notwithstanding any other terms and maturity stated in the loan agreement. Prior to the adoption of this interpretation, a portion of the Group's term loan was classified in the statement of financial position as a non-current liability based on the maturity date of repayment. The interpretation has been applied by the Group retrospectively and comparative amounts have been restated. In addition, in accordance with HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements, the Group is required to present the consolidated statement of financial position as at the beginning of the earliest comparative period, i.e., as at 1 January 2009, upon the retrospective application of HK Interpretation 5. However, since the adoption of this interpretation has had no impact on the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group as at 1 January 2009, the presentation of such statement which is readily available in the annual report of the Group published in the preceding year, provides no additional information to the users of these financial statements. Accordingly, the statement of financial position as at 1 January 2009 was not presented in these financial statements. Further details of the Group's term loans are disclosed in note 29 to the financial statements.

The above change has had no effect on the consolidated income statement. The effect on the consolidated statement of financial position is summarized as follows:

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

香港詮釋第5號財務報告的呈報-借款人對包含可隨時要求償還條款之 定期貸款之分類

該註釋規定,包含賦予放款人以無條 件權利隨時要求償還貸款之條款之定 期貸款應由借款人於財務狀況表中全 數分類為流動負債,而不論有否發生 違約事件及儘管貸款協議已訂明任何 其他條款及到期日。於採納此詮釋前, 本集團部分定期貸款乃根據還款期 到期日於財務狀況表中分類為非流動 負債。本集團已追溯應用該詮釋及重 列比較數字。此外,根據香港會計準則 第1號*財務報告之呈報*,本集團追溯應用 香港詮釋第5號後,須呈報於上一個比較 期初(即於二零零九年一月一日)之綜合 財務狀況表。然而,由於採納此詮釋並 無影響本集團於二零零九年一月一日之 综合財務狀況表,該狀況表之呈報可於 本集團上年度刊發之年報內閲覽,也沒 有為本財務報告之使用者提供額外資 訊。因此,本報告並無呈報二零零九年 一月一日之財務狀況表。本集團定期貸 款之進一步詳情於財務報告附註29披露。

以上變動並無對綜合損益賬構成影響。 對綜合財務狀況表之影響概述如下:

		31 December 2010 二零一零年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	31 December 2009 二零零九年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	1 January 2009 二零零九年 一月一日 HK \$ '000 千港元
CURRENT LIABILITIES Increase in interest-bearing bank borrowings	流動負債 計息銀行貸款之增加	144,756	164,733	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Decrease in interest-bearing bank borrowings	非流動負債 計息銀行貸款之減少	144,756	164,733	

There was no impact on the net assets of the Group.

本集團之資產淨值並無因此而構成影響。



財務報告附註

2.3	Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards			已頒布但未生效之香港財務報告準則		
		d the following new and revised HKFRSs, that ot yet effective, in these financial statements.		本集團尚未於本財務報告採用以下 布但未生效之新訂及經修訂香港財 告準則。		
	HKFRS 1 Amendment	Amendment to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards – Limited Exemption from Comparative HKFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters ¹		香港財務報告準則 第1號修訂本	香港財務報告準則第1號 之修訂首次採納香港 財務報告準則-首次 採納香港財務報告 準則第7號之比較資料 披露之有限豁免 ¹	
	HKFRS 1 Amendments	Amendments to HKFRS 1 First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards – Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time Adopters ²		香港財務報告準則 第1號修訂本	香港財務報告準則第1號 之修訂首次採納香港 財務報告準則-嚴重 高通賬以取消首次 採納者的固定日期	
	HKFRS 7 Amendments	Amendments to HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Transfers of Financial Assets ²		香港財務報告準則 第7號修訂本	香港財務報告準則第7號 之修訂 <i>金融工具:</i> 披露-財務資產轉讓 ²	
	HKFRS 9	Financial Instruments ³		香港財務報告準則 第9號	金融工具 ³	
	HKAS 12 Amendments	Amendments to HKAS 12 Income Taxes – Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets ⁴		香港會計準則 第12號修訂本	香港會計準則第12號之 修訂 <i>所得税→遞延</i> 税項:收回相關資產 [€]	
	HKAS 24 (Revised)	Related Party Disclosures⁵		香港會計準則 第24號(經修訂)	關連人士披露5	
	HKAS 32 Amendment	Amendment to HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation – Classification of Rights Issues ⁶		香港會計準則 第32號修訂本	香港會計準則第32號之 修訂 <i>金融工具:呈報</i> - <i>供股之分類</i> ⁶	
	HK(IFRIC)-Int 14 Amendments	Amendments to HK(IFRIC)-Int 14 Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement ⁵		香港(國際財務 報告詮釋 委員會)一詮釋 第14號修訂本	香港(國際財務報告詮釋 委員會)-詮釋第14號 之修訂最低資金要求 之預付款項 ⁶	
	HK(IFRIC)-Int 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments ¹		香港(國際財務 報告詮釋 委員會)一詮釋 第19號	以權益工具抵銷財務 負債 ¹	



2.3 Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (continued)

Apart from the above, the HKICPA has issued Improvements to HKFRSs 2010 which sets out amendments to a number of HKFRSs primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording. The amendments to HKFRS 3 and HKAS 27 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010, whereas the amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 7, HKAS 1, HKAS 34 and HK(IFRIC)-Int 13 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011 although there are separate transitional provisions for each standard or interpretation.

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011
- 3 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013
- 4 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012
- 5 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011
- 6 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2010

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these new and revised HKFRSs upon initial application but is not yet in a position to state whether these new and revised HKFRSs would have a significant impact on its results of operations and financial position.

2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity whose financial and operating policies the Company controls, directly or indirectly, so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's income statement to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

Joint ventures

A joint venture is an entity set up by contractual arrangement, whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity. The joint venture operates as a separate entity in which the Group and the other parties have an interest.

The joint venture agreement between the venturers stipulates the capital contributions of the joint venture parties, the duration of the joint venture and the basis on which the assets are to be realized upon its dissolution. The profits or losses from the joint venture's operations and any distributions of surplus assets are shared by the venturers, either in proportion to their respective capital contributions, or in accordance with the terms of the joint venture agreement.

財務報告附註

2.3 已頒布但未生效之香港財務報告準則(續)

除上述外,香港會計師公會已頒布香港 財務報告準則2010的修改,當中修訂若 干香港財務報告準則,主要旨在刪除不 一致條文及澄清字句。香港財務報告準 則第3號及香港會計準則第27號之修訂 於二零一零年七月一日或以後開始之會 計年度生效;香港財務報告準則第1號、 香港財務報告準則第7號、香港會計準則 第1號、香港會計準則第34號及香港(國 際財務報告詮釋委員會)-詮釋第13號之 修訂於二零一一年一月一日或以後開始 之會計年度生效,惟各項準則或詮釋均 有個別過渡條文。

- 於二零一零年七月一日或以後開始之會 計年度生效
- 於二零一一年七月一日或以後開始之會 計年度生效
- 於二零一三年一月一日或以後開始之會 3 計年度生效
- 於二零一二年一月一日或以後開始之會 計年度生效 4
- 5 於二零一一年一月一日或以後開始之會 計年度生效
- 於二零一零年二月一日或以後開始之會 計年度生效

本集團正在評估初次應用此等新訂及經 修訂香港財務報告準則之影響,惟尚未 能確定此等新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則會否對經營業績及財務狀況構成重 大影響。

2.4 主要會計政策概要

附屬公司

附屬公司乃本公司直接或間接控制其財 政及營運政策之實體,以便從其業務中 獲益。附屬公司之業績已包括在本公司 損益賬內之已收及應收股息。本公司於 附屬公司之投資按成本減去任何減值虧 損列賬。

合營公司

合營公司為按合約安排成立之實體,由 此本集團及其他訂約方承擔一經濟活 動。該合營公司乃本集團及其他訂約方 擁有權益之獨立經營實體。

合營各方訂立之合營公司協議訂明合營 各方之出資額、合營期限以及於合營公 司解散時將予變現資產之基準。合營公 司之經營損益及任何盈餘資產由合營各 方按彼等各自之出資額比例或按合營公 司協議之條款進行分配。





2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Joint ventures (continued)

A joint venture is treated as:

- (a) a subsidiary, if the Group has unilateral control, directly or indirectly, over the joint venture;
- (b) a jointly-controlled entity, if the Group does not have unilateral control, but has joint control, directly or indirectly, over the joint venture;
- (c) an associate, if the Group does not have unilateral or joint control, but holds, directly or indirectly, generally not less than 20% of the joint venture's registered capital and is in a position to exercise significant influence over the joint venture; or
- (d) an equity investment accounted for in accordance with HKAS 39, if the Group holds, directly or indirectly, less than 20% of the joint venture's registered capital and has neither joint control of, nor is in a position to exercise significant influence over, the joint venture.

Associates

An associate is an entity, not being a subsidiary or a jointly-controlled entity, in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence.

The Group's investments in associates are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of associates is included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated reserves, respectively. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates, except where unrealized losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist.

The results of associates are included in the Company's income statement to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's investments in associates are treated as non-current assets and are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

合營公司(續)

合營公司會被視為:

- (a) 附屬公司,如本集團對合營公司 直接或間接擁有單方面之控制權;
- (b) 共同控制實體,如本集團對合營 公司並無單方面控制權,但直接 或間接擁有共同控制權;
- (c) 聯營公司,如本集團並無單方面 或共同之控制權,但直接或間接 持有一般不少於20%之合營公司 註冊資本及對其有重大影響力; 或
- (d) 按照香港會計準則第39號處理之股份投資,如本集團直接或間接持有不足20%之合營公司註冊資本,且對合營公司沒有共同控制權,及對其沒有重大影響力。

聯營公司

聯營公司乃除附屬公司或共同控制實體 外,本集團長期持有其一般不少於20% 之股份投票權,及對其有重大影響力之 實體。

本集團於聯營公司之投資以權益會計法 按本集團應佔淨資產減任何減值虧損於 綜合財務狀況表列賬。本集團所佔聯營 公司購入後之業績及儲備已分別計入後之 着益賬及綜合儲備內。本集團與此 營公司之間之交易所產生之未變現收 及虧損以本集團於聯營公司之投資為服 予以撤銷,惟倘有證據顯示未變現虧損 為已轉讓出現減值之資產則除外。任何 可能存在之不同會計政策已作出調整以 使其一致。

聯營公司之業績已包括在本公司損益 賬內之已收及應收股息。本公司於聯營 公司之投資按非流動資產處理,並以 成本減任何減值虧損列賬。



Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries represents the excess of the cost of the business combination over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquirees' identifiable assets acquired, and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed as at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill previously eliminated against consolidated retained profits Prior to the adoption of the HKICPA's Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 30 Business Combinations in 2001, goodwill arising on acquisition was eliminated against consolidated retained profits in the year of acquisition. On the adoption of HKFRS 3, such goodwill remains eliminated against consolidated retained profits and is not recognized in the income statement when all or part of the business to which the goodwill relates is disposed of or when a cash-generating unit to which the goodwill relates becomes impaired.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, deferred tax assets, financial assets, investment properties and goodwill), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs to sell, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognized only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the income statement in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortization) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the income statement in the period in which it arises, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is accounted for in accordance with the relevant accounting policy for that revalued asset.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

商譽

收購附屬公司產生之商譽乃商業合併成本 超逾於收購當日本集團權益應佔所收購 被收購公司可辨認資產、負債及或然負債 之淨公平價值金額。

過往自綜合保留溢利撇銷之商譽

於二零零一年採納香港會計師公會之會 計實務準則第30號商業合併前,因收購 產生之商譽須於收購年度自綜合保留溢 利撇銷。在採納香港財務報告準則第3 號後,該等商譽繼續自綜合保留溢利撇 銷,及不會於與商譽有關之全部或部分 業務出售或與商譽有關之現金產生單位 減值時於損益賬中確認。

非財務資產減值

倘若有跡象顯示出現減值或須就資產進 行年度減值測試(不包括存貨、遞延税項 資產、財務資產、投資物業及商譽),則 估計資產之可收回金額。資產之可收回 金額為資產或現金產生單位之使用價值 減銷售成本之較高者,並就 個別資產而釐定,除非有關資產並無產 個別產生之現金流入,在此情況下,可 收回金額就資產所屬之現金產生單位而 釐定。

如資產之賬面值超逾其可收回金額時, 減值虧損方予確認。於評估使用價值 時,估計日後現金流量按反映現時市場 評估之貨幣時間價值及資產特定風險之 税前折現率折現至現值。除非該資產以 重估金額列賬,減值虧損方根據有關會 計政策就該重估資產處理,否則任何減 值虧損於產生當期之損益賬內與減值資 產性質一致之支出類別中扣除。



Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.4

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- the party, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, (a) (i) controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Group; (ii) has an interest in the Group that gives it significant influence over the Group; or (iii) has joint control over the Group;
- (b) the party is an associate;
- the party is a jointly-controlled entity; (c)
- (d) the party is a member of the key management personnel of the Group;
- the party is a close member of the family of any individual referred (e) to in (a) or (d);
- the party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or (f) significantly influenced by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any individual referred to in (d) or (e); or
- the party is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the (q) employees of the Group, or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost or valuation less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the income statement in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalized in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognizes such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.4

關連人士

在下列情況下,有關人士將視為與本集 團有關連:

- (a) 有關人士透過一名或多名中介 人,直接或間接:(i)控制本集團, 或受本集團控制,或與本集團受 相同控制;(ii)於本集團擁有一定 權益可對本集團行使重大影響; 或(iii)可共同控制本集團;
- 有關人士為一聯繫人士; (b)
- 有關人士為一共同控制實體; (c)
- (d) 有關人士為本集團之主要管理人 員;
- (e) 有關人士為(a)或(d)項所述之任何 人士之直系家屬;
- (f) 有關人士乃(d)或(e)項所述人士直 接或間接控制、共同控制或受其 重大影響,或擁有重大投票權之 實體;或
- 有關人士乃為本集團或與本集團 (q) 有關連的任何實體的僱員利益而 設的受僱後福利計劃。

物業、機器及設備及折舊

物業、機器及設備按成本或估值減累計 折舊及任何減值虧損後列賬。物業、機 器及設備項目成本包括購入價及使資產 處於擬定用途之運作狀況及地點之任何 百接應佔成本。

物業、機器及設備項目投入運作後所產 牛之支出,如維修及保養,一般於產牛 該筆支出期間從損益賬中扣除。倘符合 確認準則,則重大檢查支出會於資產賬 面值中資本化作為替換。倘須定期替換 大部分物業、機器及設備,則本集團會 將該等部分確認為有特定可使用年期及 折舊之個別資產。



Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost or valuation of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Freehold land	Not depreciated
Leasehold land and buildings	Over the shorter of the lease terms
	and 2.5%
Plant and machinery	10% to 30%
Leasehold improvements,	
furniture, fixtures and	
equipment	10% to 33%
Motor vehicles	30%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost or valuation of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognized in the income statement in the year the asset is derecognized is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

The transitional provisions set out in paragraph 80A of HKAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment have been adopted for property, plant and equipment stated at valuation. As a result, those assets stated at revalued amounts based on revaluations which were reflected in the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1993 have not been revalued by class at the end of the reporting period. On disposal of a revalued asset, the relevant portion of the leasehold land and buildings revaluation reserve realized in respect of the previous valuations is transferred to retained profits as a movement in reserves.

For a transfer from owner-occupied properties to investment properties, the related revaluation surplus is retained in the leasehold land and buildings revaluation reserve and remains there until the subsequent disposal or retirement of the property, whereby that time the revaluation surplus is transferred to retained profits.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.4

物業、機器及設備及折舊(續)

折舊以百線法計算,按每項物業、機器 及設備項目之估計可使用年期撇銷其成 本或估值至其剩餘價值。就此而言,所 使用之主要年度折舊率如下:

永久業權土地	不予折舊
租賃土地及樓宇	按租賃年期與2.5%
	兩者較低者
機器及設備	10%至30%
租賃物業裝修、	
傢俬、裝置及	
設備	10%至33%
汽車	30%

倘若物業、機器及設備項目之組件可使 用年期有所不同,該項目之成本或估值 按合理基準予以分配至各組件,而每組 件個別計算折舊。剩餘價值、可使用年 期及折舊方法於每個財政年度末檢核及 作適當調整。

物業、機器及設備項目以及任何經初次 確認之主要部分於出售或估計其使用或 出售不再產生未來經濟利益時,不再確 認入賬。任何出售或棄用之盈虧以出售 時所得款項淨額及有關資產賬面值之差 額計算,並於不再確認資產之年度在損 益賬內確認。

按估值列賬之物業、機器及設備已採納 香港會計準則第16號物業、機器及設備 第80A段所載之過渡條款。因此,該等 按截至一九九三年十二月三十一日止年 度財務報告所述重估以重估金額列賬之 資產,於報告期末並無按其類別再作重 估。出售經重估之資產時,就過往估值 而需予變現之相關租賃土地及樓宇重估 儲備部分,由儲備撥往保留溢利內,作 為儲備之變動。

自用物業轉撥為投資物業,有關重估盈 餘保留於租賃土地及樓宇重估儲備中, 直至該物業日後出售或棄用,屆時重估 盈餘撥往保留溢利。



Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in leasehold land and buildings (including the leasehold interest under an operating lease for a property which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the income statement in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognized in the income statement in the year of the retirement or disposal.

For a transfer from investment properties to owner-occupied properties, the deemed cost of a property for subsequent accounting is its fair value at the date of change in use. If a property occupied by the Group as an owner-occupied property becomes an investment property, the Group accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under "Property, plant and equipment and depreciation" up to the date of change in use, and any difference at that date between the carrying amount and the fair value of the property is accounted for as a revaluation in accordance with the policy stated under "Property, plant and equipment and depreciation" and equipment and equipment and equipment and equipment and depreciation in accordance with the policy stated under "Property, plant and equipment and depreciation" above.

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortized over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

The Group's intangible assets, representing eligibility rights to trade on or through The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and Hong Kong Futures Exchange Limited (the "Futures Exchange"), have indefinite useful lives and are tested for impairment annually either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. Such intangible assets are not amortized. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for on a prospective basis.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資物業

投資物業指持作賺取租金收入及/或獲 得資本升值之租賃土地及樓宇權益,包 括符合投資物業定義屬經營租約之租賃 物業權益,其非用作生產或提供貨品或 服務或行政用途,或於日常業務過程中 出售。該等物業初次按成本計量,包括 交易成本。於初次確認後,投資物業按 公平價值列賬,以反映於報告期末之市 場狀況。

投資物業公平價值變動所產生之盈虧計 入產生年度之損益賬。

任何棄用或出售投資物業之盈虧在棄用 或出售當年之損益賬中確認。

由投資物業轉撥為自用物業之物業, 用作日後會計處理之視作成本為其於 更改用途當日之公平價值。倘本集團之 自用物業轉為投資物業,則在用途變更 當日之前,本集團會根據「物業、機器及 設備及折舊」所規定之政策將該物業入 賬,於該日之物業賬面值與公平價值之 任何差額會根據上述「物業、機器及設備 及折舊」所規定之重估政策入賬。

無形資產(商譽除外)

個別購入之無形資產於初次確認時按成 本計量。無形資產之可使用年期乃評估 為有限或無限。具有限年期之無形資產 其後按可使用經濟年期攤銷,並於該無 形資產出現減值跡象時作評估減值。具 有限可使用年期之無形資產之攤銷年期 及攤銷方法須至少於每個財政年度末作 檢核。

本集團之無形資產乃可於或透過香港聯 合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)及香港期 貨交易所有限公司(「期交所」)進行交易 有限公司(「期交所」)進行交易 個別或於現金產生單位檢核作減值 調之無形資產全並不予以攤銷。具無 限年期之無形資產之可使用年期於評估 ,以釐定無限可使用年期之無年 作評估,以釐定無限可使用年期之時估 是否持續此由按無限年期更改為按有限 年期計量。



Intangible assets (other than goodwill) (continued)

Gains or losses arising from the derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset and are recognized in the income statement when the asset is derecognized.

Operating leases

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets, and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under operating leases net of any incentives received from the lessor are charged to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Prepaid land lease payments under operating leases are initially stated at cost and subsequently recognized on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. When the lease payments cannot be allocated reliably between the land and buildings elements, the entire lease payments are included in the cost of the leasehold land and buildings as a finance lease in property, plant and equipment.

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, and available-for-sale financial investments, as appropriate. The Group determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. When financial assets are recognized initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

無形資產(商譽除外)(續)

不再確認無形資產所產生盈虧按出售所 得款項淨額與有關資產賬面值差額計 算,並於不再確認該資產時在損益賬內 確認。

經營租約

倘若資產擁有權之全部回報及風險絕大 部分保留於出租人之租約,以經營租約 處理。倘若本集團為出租人時,本集團 於經營租約下租出資產包括在非流動 資產內,於經營租約下之應收租金以直 線法按租期計入損益賬內。倘若本集團 為承租人時,於經營租約下之應付租金 扣除收到出租人之任何優惠,以直線法 按租期於損益賬扣除。

經營租約之預付土地租賃付款最初按 成本列報,並於其後以直線法在租約年 期確認。當租賃金額無法可靠地分配為 土地部分及樓宇部分,全部租賃金額乃 計入租賃土地及樓宇成本,列作物業、 機器及設備之融資租賃。

投資及其他財務資產

初次確認及計量

香港會計準則第39號界定財務資產適當 地分類為按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務資 產、貸款及應收賬款或可供出售財務投 資。本集團於初次確認時釐定其財務資 產之分類。財務資產於初次確認時按公 平價值計量,而當財務資產並非按公平 價值訂定盈虧之投資,則按公平價值加 直接應佔交易成本計量。

正常情況下購入及出售之財務資產於交易日確認,即本集團承諾購入或出售該 資產之日期。正常情況下購入或出售乃 於規例或市場慣例一般設定之期間內交 付購入或出售財務資產。



Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.4

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

(a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by HKAS 39. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in the income statement. These net fair value changes do not include any dividends on these financial assets, which are recognized in accordance with the policy set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

The Group evaluates its financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (held for trading) to assess whether the intent to sell them in the near term is still appropriate. When the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets and management's intent to sell them in the foreseeable future significantly changes, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets in rare circumstances. The reclassification from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss to loans and receivables, available-for-sale financial assets or held-to-maturity investments depends on the nature of the assets.

Loans and receivables (b)

> Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not guoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortization is included in interest income in the income statement. The loss arising from impairment is recognized in the income statement.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.4

投資及其他財務資產(續)

其後計量

財務資產之其後計量根據其分類進行, 方式如下:

按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務資產 (a) 按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務資產 包括持作買賣之財務資產。為於 近期內作出售用途而購入之財務 資產,均列為持作買賣。此類別 包括本集團所訂立根據香港會計 準則第39號所界定未被指定為對 沖關係中對沖工具之衍生金融工 具。除非已列作有效對沖工具,否 則衍生工具(包括獨立嵌入式衍生 工具)亦分類為持作買賣。按公平 價值訂定盈虧之財務資產乃按公 平價值於財務狀況表列賬,公平 價值變動於損益賬確認。該等淨 公平價值變動並不包括該等財務 資產之任何股息,該等股息根據 下文「收入確認」所載之政策確認。

> 本集團評估其按公平價值訂定盈 虧(持作買賣)之財務資產,以評 估於近期內出售之意向是否仍然 適當。當本集團因市場不活躍而 無法買賣該等財務資產, 而管理 層於可見將來出售該等財務資產 之意向出現重大變動,則本集團 在罕見情況下可選擇重新分類該 等財務資產。將按公平價值訂定 盈虧之財務資產重新分類為貸款 及應收賬款、可供出售財務資產 或持有至到期投資,視乎資產性 質而定。

貸款及應收賬款 (b) 貸款及應收賬款乃附有固定或可 釐定付款金額而沒有在活躍市場 中報價之非衍生財務資產。初次 計量後,該等資產其後以實質利 息法計算攤銷成本減任何減值 撥備後入賬。攤銷成本乃於計入 任何收購之折讓或溢價後計算, 並包括組成 實質利率之費用及成 本。實質利率攤銷包括於損益賬 之利息收入內。減值產生之虧損 於損益賬確認。



(c)

Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.4

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement (continued)

(c)Available-for-sale financial investments

> Available-for-sale financial investments are non-derivative financial assets in listed and unlisted equity securities. Equity investments classified as available for sale are those which are neither classified as held for trading nor designated at fair value through profit or loss

> After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial investments are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealized gains or losses recognized as other comprehensive income in the investment revaluation reserve until the investment is derecognized, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognized in the income statement, or until the investment is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognized in the income statement and removed from the investment revaluation reserve. Interest and dividends earned are reported as interest income and dividend income, respectively and are recognized in the income statement as other income in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

> When the fair value of unlisted equity securities cannot be reliably measured because (a) the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant for that investment or (b) the probabilities of the various estimates within the range cannot be reasonably assessed and used in estimating the fair value, such securities are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

> The Group evaluates its available-for-sale financial investments to assess whether the ability and intention to sell them in the near term are still appropriate. When the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets and management's intent to do so significantly changes in the foreseeable future, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets in rare circumstances. Reclassification to loans and receivables is permitted when the financial assets meet the definition of loans and receivables and the Group has the intent and ability to hold these assets for the foreseeable future or to maturity. Reclassification to the held-tomaturity category is permitted only when the entity has the ability and intent to hold until the maturity date of the financial asset.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.4

投資及其他財務資產(續)

其後計量(續)

可供出售財務投資 可供出售財務投資乃於上市及非 上市股份證券之非衍生財務資 產。分類為可供出售之股份投資 為非分類為持作買賣亦非指定為 按公平價值訂定盈虧者。

初次確認後,可供出售財務投資 其後以公平價值計量,其未變現 收益或虧損於投資重估儲備確認 為其他全面收益,直至該項投資 不再確認,屆時累計盈虧於損益 脹確認,或直至該項投資被判斷 須減值,屆時累計盈虧於投資重 估儲備移除,並於損益賬確認。所 賺取之利息及股息分別呈報為利 息收入及股息收入, 並根據下文 「收入確認」所載之政策於損益賬 確認為其他收入。

當因(a)有關投資之合理公平價值 估計之變化範圍很大;或(b)於該 範圍內之各估計數之概率無法合 理評估及應用,而未能可靠計算 非上市股份證券之公平價值時, 有關證券均按成本減去任何減值 虧損列賬。

本集團評估其可供出售財務投 資,以評估於近期內出售之能力 及意向是否仍然適當。當本集團 因市場不活躍而無法買賣該等財 務資產,而管理層於可見將來出 售該等財務資產之意向出現重大 變動,則本集團在罕見情況下可 選擇重新分類該等財務資產。當 財務資產符合貸款及應收賬款之 定義,且本集團有意及能夠於可 見將來持有該等資產或持有至到 期,方可重新分類為貸款及應收 賬款。當實體能夠及有意持有該 等資產至財務資產到期日,方可 重新分類為持有至到期類別。



(c)

2.4 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement (continued)

- (c) Available-for-sale financial investments (continued)
 - For a financial asset reclassified out of the available-for-sale category, any previous gain or loss on that asset that has been recognized in equity is amortized to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the effective interest rate. Any difference between the new amortized cost and the expected cash flows is also amortized over the remaining life of the asset using the effective interest rate. If the asset is subsequently determined to be impaired, then the amount recorded in equity is reclassified to the income statement.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Group also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他財務資產(續)

- 其後計量(續)
 - 可供出售財務投資(續) 就從可供出售類別分類為其他類 別之財務資產而言,該資產之任 何已於權益確認之過往盈虧採用 實質利率於投資剩餘年期內於盈 虧攤銷。新攤銷成本與預期現金 流量之任何差額亦採用實質利率 於資產剩餘年期內攤銷。倘資產 其後被判斷須減值,則已於權益 記錄之金額重新分類至損益賬。

不再確認財務資產

財務資產(或如適用,財務資產其中一部 分或一組類似之財務資產其中一部分)在 下列情況下不再確認:

- 自該資產收取現金流量之權利已 屆滿;或
- 本集團已轉讓其收取來自該資產 現金流量之權利,或已根據[轉 遞]安排就向第三者承擔責任全數 支付已收取現金流量並無重大延 誤;及(a)本集團已轉讓該資產之 大部分風險及回報,或(b)本集團 無轉讓或保留該資產之大部分風 險及回報,惟已轉讓該資產之控 制權。

倘若本集團已轉讓其自資產收取現金流 量之權利,或已訂立轉遞安排,在並無 轉讓或保留資產之大部分風險及回報, 亦無轉讓資產之控制權之情況下,則該 資產按本集團繼續參與該資產之程度確 認。在該情況下,本集團亦確認相關負 債。已轉讓資產及相關負債乃按反映本 集團已保留權利及義務之基準計量。

倘以擔保已轉讓資產之方式作為繼續參 與,乃按資產之原賬面值與本集團可能 需要償還之最高代價兩者之較低者計量。



Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred "loss event") and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

Financial assets carried at amortized cost

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, the Group first assesses individually whether objective evidence of impairment exists for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognized are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognized in the income statement. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realized or has been transferred to the Group.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to the income statement.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

財務資產減值

按攤銷成本入賬之財務資產

就按攤銷成本列賬之財務資產而言,本 集團首先會按個別基準就個別屬重大之 財務資產或按組合基準就個別不屬屬重 之財務資產,個別評估是否存在客觀減 值證據。倘本集團釐定個別評估之財務 資產,無論具重要性與否,並無客觀證 資顯示存有減值,則該項資產會歸入一 組具有相似信貸風險特性之財務資產 人,並共同評估該組財務資產是否存在 減值會予確認或繼續確認入賬,而不會 納入綜合減值評估之內。

倘有客觀證據顯示出現減值虧損,則減 值虧損按該資產賬面值與估計未來現金 流量(不包括尚未產生之未來信貸虧損) 現值之差額計算。估計未來現金流量之 現值以其原實質利率(即初次確認時計算 之實質利率)折現。倘貸款之利率為浮動 利率,則計量任何減值虧損之折現率為 當前實質利率。

該資產之賬面值通過使用備抵賬而減 少,而虧損金額於損益賬確認。利息收 入繼續按減少後之賬面值計提,且採用 計量減值虧損時用以折現未來現金流量 之利率累計。若日後收回之機會渺茫, 而所有抵押品已變現或已轉讓予本集 團,貸款及應收賬款連同任何相關撥備 則予以撇銷。

倘其後期間估計減值虧損金額由於確認 減值以後發生之事項增加或減少,則透 過調整撥備賬增加或減少先前確認之減 值虧損。倘撇銷其後於未來收回,該項 收回計入損益賬。



Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Assets carried at cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on an unquoted equity instrument that is not carried at fair value because its fair value cannot be reliably measured, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Impairment losses on these assets are not reversed.

Available-for-sale financial investments

For available-for-sale financial investments, the Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that an investment or a group of investments is impaired.

If an available-for-sale investment is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortization) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognized in the income statement, is removed from other comprehensive income and recognized in the income statement.

In the case of equity investments classified as available for sale, objective evidence would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment below its cost. The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement. "Significant" is evaluated against the original cost of the investment and "prolonged" against the period in which the fair value has been below its original cost. Where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss – measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognized in the income statement – is removed from other comprehensive income and recognized in the income statement. Impairment losses on equity instruments classified as available for sale are not reversed through the income statement. Increases in their fair value after impairment are recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of HKAS 39 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, or loans and borrowings, as appropriate. The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings, less directly attributable transaction costs.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

財務資產減值(續)

按成本入賬之資產

因公平價值未能可靠計量而不按公平價 值入賬之無報價股份工具倘有客觀證據 顯示其出現減值虧損,則該虧損金額為 資產賬面值與按當時市場相類似財務資 產之回報率折現之估計未來現金流量現 值兩者之差額。此等資產之減值虧損不 可撥回。

可供出售財務投資

就可供出售財務投資而言,本集團於每 個報告期末評估是否存在客觀證據顯示 一項或一組投資出現減值。

倘可供出售資產出現減值,則其成本(扣 除任何本金及攤銷)與當前公平價值之差 額,再扣減以往於損益賬確認之任何減 值虧損之金額,從其他全面收益移除, 並於損益賬確認。

如屬分類為可供出售之股份投資,客觀 證據包括投資公平價值出現重大或持續 性下跌至低於其成本。釐定「重大」或「持 續性」之定義須作出判斷。「重大」對投資 之原有成本作出評估,而「持續性」則對 公平價值跌至低於其原有成本之期間作 出評估。如有減值證據,累計虧損-按收 購成本與當前公平價值之差額扣減該虧損 台數。分類為可供出售之權益工具之 減值虧損不可於損益賬撥回。減值後之 公平價值增加直接於其他全面收益確認。

財務負債

初次確認及計量 香港會計準則第39號界定財務負債適當 地分類為按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務負 債或貸款及借貸。本集團於初次確認時 釐定其財務負債之分類。

所有財務負債初次按公平價值確認,如 屬貸款及借貸,則扣除直接應佔交易成 本。



Summary of significant accounting policies (continued) 2.4

Financial liabilities (continued)

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

(a) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss includes financial liabilities held for trading.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by HKAS 39. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the income statement. The net fair value gain or loss recognized in the income statement does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities.

(b) Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognized in the income statement when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest rate method amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortization is included in finance costs in the income statement.

Financial guarantee contracts (c)

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. A financial guarantee contract is recognized initially as a liability at its fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period; and (ii) the amount initially recognized less, when appropriate, cumulative amortization.

主要會計政策概要(續) 2.4

財務負債(續)

其後計量

財務負債之計量根據其分類進行,方式 如下:

(a) 按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務負債 按公平價值訂定盈虧之財務負債 包括持作買賣財務負債。

> 為於近期內作出售用途而購入之 財務負債,均列為持作買賣。 此類 別包括本集團所訂立根據香港會 計準則第39號所界定未被指定為 對沖關係中對沖工具之衍生金融 工具。持作買賣負債之收益或虧 損於損益賬確認。於損益賬確認 之淨公平價值收益或虧損不包括 任何對該等財務負債徵收之利息。

貸款及借貸 (b) 初次確認後,計息貸款及借貸其 後採用實質利率法按攤銷成本計 量,除非折現影響不大,在該情況 下則按成本列賬。於負債不再確 認時以及透過實質利率法計量之 攤銷過程之收益及虧損於損益賬 確認。

> 攤銷成本之計算包括收購產生之 任何溢價或折價以及屬於實質利 率組成部分之費用或成本。按實 質利率法計量之攤銷包括在損益 賬之財務費用內。

財務擔保合約 (c) 本集團發出之財務擔保合約為因 指定債務人未有根據債務工具要 求於到期時支付款項,向持有人 付還所產生損失之合約。財務擔 保合約初次按其公平價值確認為 負債,並就直接歸屬於發出擔保 之交易費用作出調整。初次確認 後,本集團按(i)於報告期末就履行 現有責任所需開支所作之最佳估 計數額;及(ii)初次確認之數額,於 適當時扣除累計攤銷,兩者之較 高者計量財務擔保合約。



Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the income statement.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets is determined by reference to quoted market prices or dealer price quotations (bid price for long positions and ask price for short positions), without any deduction for transaction costs. For financial instruments where there is no active market, the fair value is determined using appropriate valuation techniques. Such techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions; reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same; a discounted cash flow analysis; and option pricing models.

Derivative financial instruments

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Group uses derivative financial instruments such as forward currency contracts, bullion contracts and interest rate swaps to hedge its foreign currency risk, bullion price risk and interest rate risk, respectively. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of derivatives are taken directly to the income statement.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of production overheads. Net realizable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

不再確認財務負債

財務負債於負債之責任已解除或註銷或 屆滿時不再確認。

當現有財務負債為同一貸款人以大致上 不同條款之負債取代時,或現有負債之 條款有重大修改時,此等取代或修改會 被視為不再確認為原有負債及確認為一 項新負債,而有關賬面值之差額乃於損 益賬確認。

抵銷金融工具

倘且僅倘實體具有抵銷已確認金額之現 時可執行法定權利,且有意以淨額結算 或同時變現該財務資產及清償該財務負 債時,財務資產與財務負債方可相互抵 銷,並以抵銷後淨額於財務狀況表內呈 報。

金融工具公平價值

在活躍市場上有交易之金融工具之公平 價值,乃參考市場報價或交易方報價(好 倉按買入價及淡倉按賣出價)釐定,且不 扣除任何交易成本。就並無活躍市場之 金融工具,公平價值則以適當估值技術 釐定。該等技術包括使用最近以公平原 則進行之市場交易;參考另一大致相同 工具之現時市值;折現現金流量分析; 及期權定價模式。

衍生金融工具

初次確認及其後計量

本集團使用遠期外幣合約、貴金屬合約 及利率掉期衍生金融工具分別對沖其 外幣風險、貴金屬價格之風險及利率風 險。該等衍生金融工具初次按訂立衍生 合約當日之公平價值確認,其後再按公 平價值重新計量。當衍生工具在公平價 值為正數時以資產列賬,為負數時以負 債列賬。

衍生工具公平價值變動所產生之任何收益或虧損乃直接計入損益賬。

存貨

存貨乃按成本與可變現淨值兩者中之較 低者列賬。成本乃按先進先出法計算及 (倘為在製品及製成品)包括直接原料、 直接工資及適當比例之生產費用。可變 現淨值是根據估計售價扣除直至完成及 出售所需之任何估計成本計算。



Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the statements of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, which are not restricted as to use.

Provisions

A provision is recognized when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognized for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the income statement.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

現金及等同現金

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及等同現 金包括流動現金及活期存款及一般於購 入後三個月內到期,可隨時轉換為已知 金額現金及承受價值改變風險不大之短 期高流動性投資,扣除須按要求償還之 銀行透支,為本集團現金管理之組成部 分。

就財務狀況表而言,現金及等同現金 包括流動現金及銀行存款(包括定期存 款),均無使用限制。

撥備

倘因過往事件而產生現時責任(法律或推定),且將來極可能需要付出資源以應付 有關責任時,則確認為撥備,惟所涉及 責任數額必須能可靠地估計。

當折現之影響屬重大時,就撥備而確認 之數額乃預期於日後解決該責任所需開 支於報告期末之現值。因時間流逝而導 致折現之現值增加數額計入損益賬之財 務費用。

所得税

所得税包括本期及遞延税項。有關盈虧 外確認項目之所得税於盈虧外確認,不 論是於其他全面收益或直接於權益內確 認。

本期及過往期間之本期税項資產及負債 乃按預期可自税務機關收回或繳付之金 額計算,按於報告期末已經生效或大致 上已經生效之税率(及税法)為基準,並 考慮本集團經營所在國家之現行詮釋及 慣例。

於報告期末之資產及負債之税基與其在 財務報告賬面值之間所有暫時性差異, 須按負債法計提遞延税項撥備。



Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized, except:

- where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

除下述外,所有應課税暫時性差異均確 認為遞延税項負債:

- 倘若由於一項非商業合併交易之 中初次確認商譽或資產或負債所 產生之遞延税項負債,而在交易 時對會計溢利或應課税溢利或虧 損均無影響;及
- 對涉及附屬公司及聯營公司之投 資之應課税暫時性差異而言,倘 若撥回暫時性差異之時間可以控 制,以及暫時性差異不大可能在 可見將來撥回。

除下述外,所有可於税務上扣除之暫時 性差異、承前未用税項撥回及未用税項 虧損,如日後有可能出現應課税溢利, 可用作抵銷該等可扣除暫時性差異、承 前未用税項撥回及未用税項虧損,均確 認為遞延税項資產:

- 倘若由於在非商業合併之交易中 初次確認資產或負債所產生之有 關可扣除暫時性差異之遞延税項 資產,而在交易時對會計溢利或 應課税溢利或虧損均無影響;及
- 對涉及附屬公司及聯營公司之 投資之可扣除暫時性差異而言, 只在暫時性差異有可能在可見將 來撥回,以及日後可用該等暫時 性差異抵銷可能出現之應課税溢 利,才確認遞延税項資產。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於每個報告期末 予以審閱,倘不再可能有足夠應課税溢 利用作抵銷相關遞延税項資產貶面值。 不予確認之遞延税項資產於每個報告期末 予以審閱,如可能有足夠應課税溢利用 作抵銷相關遞延税項資產之全部或部分 時,則予以確認。

遞延税項資產及負債以預期適用於變現 資產或償還負債之當期税率計量,按於 每個報告期末已經生效或大致上已經生 效之税率(及税法)為基準。



Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) from the sale of goods, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (b) from the rendering of services, in the period in which such services are provided;
- (c) commissions and brokerage income on dealings in securities and futures contracts, on the transaction dates when the relevant contract notes are executed;
- (d) rental income, on a time proportion basis over the lease terms;
- (e) interest income, on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset;
- (f) dividend income, when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established; and
- (g) income from the sale of investments at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale investments, on the transaction dates when the relevant contract notes are executed.

Employee benefits

Paid leave carried forward

The Group provides paid annual leave to its employees under their employment contracts on a calendar year basis. Under certain circumstances, such leave which remains untaken at the end of the reporting period is permitted to be carried forward and utilized by the respective employees in the following year. An accrual is made at the end of the reporting period for the expected future cost of such paid leave earned during the year by the employees and carried forward.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

倘現有可依法執行權利,容許本期税項 資產抵銷本期税項負債,而該遞延税項 涉及同一應課税實體及同一税務機關, 則遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債予以對 銷。

收入確認

當本集團可能有經濟收益並能作出可靠 計算,收入按下列基準予以確認:

- (a) 銷售貨品方面,當擁有權之主要
 風險及回報轉予買家,即本集團
 對已售貨品已無一般擁有權應有
 之管理參與權及有效管控權;
- (b) 提供服務方面,於提供服務期內;
- (c) 證券及期貨合約交易之佣金及經 紀收入,於有關合約執行之交易 日期:
- (d) 租金收入,按租賃期時間比例基
 準;
- (e) 利息收入,採用實質利息法,按應 計基準,以有關利率在有關金融 工具之預計年期或較短期間(按適 用情況)內準確折現估計未來現金 收入至有關財務資產之賬面淨值;
- (f) 股息收入,當股東收取股息權利 確立;及
- (g) 出售按公平價值訂定盈虧之投資 及可供出售投資收入,於有關合 約執行之交易日期。

僱員福利

結轉有薪假期

本集團根據僱傭合約按曆年基準向其僱 員提供有薪年假。在若干情況下,各僱 員於報告期末尚未享用之假期准予結轉 至下個年度使用。於報告期末,按僱員 於年內所得有薪假期之預計未來成本已 當作一項應計費用並予以結轉。



Employee benefits (continued)

Pension schemes and other retirement benefits

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance in Hong Kong for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' relevant income and are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund.

The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme, except for the Group's employer voluntary contributions, which are refunded to the Group when the employee leaves employment prior to the contributions vesting fully, in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China and Taiwan are required to participate in central pension schemes operated by the respective local municipal governments. These subsidiaries are required to contribute 6% to 22% of their payroll costs to the central pension schemes. The contributions are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the respective central pension schemes.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Group incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds, and they are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

Dividends

Final dividends proposed by the Directors are recognized as liabilities when these dividends have been approved by the shareholders in a general meeting.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum of association and bye-laws grant the Directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognized immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

僱員福利(續)

退休金計劃及其他退休福利 本集團根據香港的強制性公積金計劃條 例實施一項界定供款強制性公積金計劃條 例實施一項界定供款強制性公積金退休 福利計劃(「強積金計劃之僱員參與。供款按 僱員有關入息之某一百分比提撥,並於 根據強積金計劃規定應付時自損益賬扣 除。強積金計劃資產乃與本集團資產分 開,由獨立管理基金持有。

根據強積金計劃規定,本集團作出之僱 主供款利益全數歸屬於僱員,至於本集 團作出之僱主自願性供款則除外,當僱 員在供款利益完全歸屬於僱員前離職, 供款會退回本集團。

本集團於中國內地及台灣運作之附屬公司之僱員均須參加由當地市政府運作的 中央退休金計劃。此等附屬公司須提撥 薪金費用之6%至22%為中央退休金計 劃供款,並根據中央退休金計劃規定應 付時於損益賬扣除。

貸款成本

貸款成本包括本集團就借用資金而產生 之利息及其他成本,乃於產生期間支銷。

股息

董事建議派發之末期股息在獲股東於股 東大會上批准後始確認為負債。

中期股息乃同時予以建議派發及宣派, 此乃本公司組織章程大綱及細則授予董 事宣派中期股息之權力。因此,中期股 息於建議派發及宣派時即確認為負債。



Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. All differences are taken to the income statement. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Nonmonetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries and an associate are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Company at the exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period and their income statements are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognized in the income statement.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

外幣

本財務報告乃以本公司之功能及呈報貨 幣港元列報。本集團內每個實體均自行 決定其功能貨幣,而每實體之財務報告 所包含之項目均採用該功能貨幣計量 公項目記錄之外幣結算交易最。 外幣計算之貨幣資產及負貨。全部差額 之功能貨。以外幣歷史成本計算之非 人損自按初次交易當日之匯率換算。 公平價值計算之非貨幣項目按釐 公平價值當日之匯率換算。

若干海外附屬公司及一間聯營公司之功 能貨幣並非港元。於報告期末,該等實 體之資產與負債按報告期末之匯率換算 為本公司之呈報貨幣,其損益賬則按該 年度之加權平均匯率換算為港元。由此 而產生之匯兑差額,在其他全面收益中 確認並於外匯變動儲備中累計。倘出售 海外業務,與該項海外業務有關之其他 全面收益部分於損益賬中確認。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司 之現金流量按現金流量日期之匯率換算 為港元。海外附屬公司整年經常產生之 現金流量則按該年度之加權平均匯率換 算為港元。



3. Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

- (a) Operating lease commitments Group as lessor The Group has entered into property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties which are leased out on operating leases.
- (b) Classification between investment properties and owner-occupied properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property, and has developed criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group considers whether a property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by the Group. Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately or leased out separately under a finance lease, the Group accounts for the portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計

管理層須就編製本集團之財務報告時對 影響於報告期末之收入、開支、資產及 負債呈報數額以及或然負債披露事項作 出判斷、估計及假設。然而,此等判斷 及估計之不確定性,可能引致日後須就 受影響之資產或負債賬面值作出重大調 整之後果。

判斷

應用本集團之會計政策時,除涉及估計 之判斷外,管理層作出下列對財務報告 已確認金額影響重大之判斷:

- (a) 經營租約承擔-本集團作為出租人 本集團訂有與其投資物業組合有 關之物業租約。本集團根據對該 等安排之條款及條件作出之評估 釐定,其保留該等根據經營租約 租出之物業之所有重大風險及回 報。
- (b) 投資物業與自用物業之分類

本集團須判斷物業是否屬於投資 物業,並就有關判斷制訂準則。 投資物業乃持作收取租金或獲取 資本升值或兩者之物業。因此,本 集團考慮一物業是否大致獨立於 本集團所持其他資產帶來現金流 量。某些物業一部分持作賺取和 金或獲取資本升值,另一部分用 作生產或供應貨品或服務或作行 政用途。倘此等部分可獨立出售 或根據融資租約單獨出租,本集 團將該等部分個別入賬。倘該等 部分不可獨立出售,惟用作生產 或供應貨品或服務或作行政用途 之部分不大,有關物業方可列作 投資物業。管理層已就個別物業 作出判斷,以釐定有關配套設施 是否重大至足以使該物業不符合 列作投資物業之資格。





財務報告附註

3. Significant accounting judgements and estimates (continued)

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

(a) Fair value of an unlisted equity investment

The Group's unlisted equity investment has been valued based on the expected cash flows discounted at current rates applicable for items with similar terms and risk characteristics. This valuation requires the Group to make estimates about expected future cash flows, credit risk, volatility and discount rates, and hence they are subject to uncertainty. The fair value of the unlisted equity investment as at 31 December 2010 was HK\$15,165,000 (2009: HK\$13,998,000). Further details are included in note 21 to the financial statements.

(b) Estimation of impairment of receivables

The Group determines the impairment of accounts receivable, receivables arising from securities and futures broking and other receivables based on objective evidence of impairment and historical loss experience of the respective individual balances of the counterparties. If the financial condition of its debtors was to deteriorate so that the actual impairment loss might be higher than expected, the Group would be required to revise the basis of making the allowance and its future results would be affected.

(c) Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilized. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. Further details are contained in note 30 to the financial statements.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不明朗因素

於報告期末就未來及其他主要估計不明 朗因素所作之主要假設,很大機會引致 須於下一個財政年度就資產及負債賬面 值作出重大調整者論述如下。

- (a) 非上市股份投資之公平價值 本集團之非上市股份投資已按具 有類似條款及風險特徵之項目的 當前適用利率計算預期現金流量 的折現頃。該項估值要求本集團 就預期現金流量、信貸風險、波幅 及折現率作出估計,因此,有關估 值具有不確定性。於二零一零年 十二月三十一日,非上市股份投 資之公平價值為15,165,000港元 (二零零九年:13,998,000港元)。 進一步詳情載於財務報告附註21。
- (b) 應收賬款減值之估計 本集團根據減值客觀證據及交易 對手各自結餘之過往虧損經驗釐 定應收賬款、證券及期貨經紀產 生之應收賬款及其他應收賬款之 減值。倘其債務人之財政狀況轉 差以致實際減值虧損可能較預期 者為高,則本集團將須修訂撥備 基準,而其未來業績將受到影響。
- (c) 遞延税項資產 所有未用税項虧損,如日後可用 作抵銷有可能出現之應課税溢 利,均確認為遞延税項資產。釐定 可確認之遞延税項資產金額時, 管理層須根據未來應課税溢利之 可能時間及水平以及未來税務規 劃策略作出重大判斷。詳情載於 財務報告附註30。



68

3. Significant accounting judgements and estimates (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

- (d)Impairment of non-financial assets (other than goodwill) The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at the end of each reporting period. Indefinite life intangible assets are tested for impairment annually and at other times when such an indicator exists. Other nonfinancial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs to sell is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.
- (e) Estimation of fair value of investment properties Investment properties are carried in the statement of financial position at their fair value. The fair value was based on valuation on these properties conducted by an independent firm of professionally qualified valuers using property valuation techniques which involve making assumptions on certain market conditions. Favorable or unfavorable changes to these assumptions would result in changes in the fair value of the Group's investment properties and the corresponding adjustments to the gain or loss recognized in the income statement.
- (f) Net realizable value of inventories

Net realizable value of inventories is based on estimated selling prices less any estimation costs to be incurred to completion and disposal. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience in selling goods of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in market conditions. The Group will reassess the estimation at the end of each reporting period.

3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不明朗因素(續)

- (d) 非財務資產減值(商譽除外) 本集團於每個報告期末評估全部 非財務資產是否存在任何減值跡 象。具有無限年期之無形資產每 年或出現減值跡象時進行減值測 試。其他非財務資產於有跡象顯 示賬面值可能不能收回時進行減 值測試。倘資產或現金產生單位 之賬面值超逾其可收回金額(為其 公平價值減銷售成本與其使用價 值之較高者),即存在減值。公平 價值減銷售成本乃按類似資產之 公平原則交易中具約束力銷售交 易所得數據或可觀察市價扣除出 售資產之遞增成本計算。於採用 使用價值計算時,管理層預期須 估計來自資產或現金產生單位之 未來現金流量,及選擇適當折現 率以計算該等現金流量之現值。
- (e) 投資物業之公平價值估計 投資物業按其公平價值於財務狀 況表列值。公平價值乃根據獨立 專業合資格測量師行採用物業估 值方法(涉及對若干市場狀況作出 假設)對該等物業進行之估值而計 算。該等假設之有利或不利變動 將導致本集團投資物業之公平價 值出現變動及對損益賬確認之收 益或虧損作出相應調整。
- (f) 存貨之可變現淨值 存貨之可變現淨值乃根據估計售 價減去完成及出售時將產生之任 何估計成本計算。此等估計乃以 現時市況及類似性質貨品之過往 銷售經驗為基準。可變現淨值可 能因市況變動而出現重大變動。 本集團將於每個報告期末重新評 估該估計。



財務報告附註

4. Operating segment information

For management purposes, the Group is organized into business units based on their products and services and has four reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) the manufacture and retail of jewellery segment produces jewellery products for the Group's retail business and operates retail stores mainly in Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland China;
- (b) the wholesale of precious metals segment trades precious metals to wholesale customers;
- (c) the securities and futures broking segment provides brokering and dealing services for securities and futures; and
- (d) the other businesses segment comprises, principally, the investment in properties for their rental income and capital appreciation potential, and other jewellery related businesses.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit, which is a measure of adjusted profit before tax. The adjusted profit before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that certain dividend income and share of profits of associates, net are excluded from such measurement.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted with reference to the selling prices used for sales made to third parties at the then prevailing market prices.

4. 經營分部資料

本集團根據產品及服務劃分業務單位, 管理以下四個可呈報經營分部:

- (a) 珠寶製造及零售分部為本集團之
 零售業務製造珠寶產品及主要於
 香港、澳門及中國內地經營零售
 店;
- (b) 貴金屬批發分部與批發客戶買賣 貴金屬;
- (c) 證券及期貨經紀分部提供證券及 期貨之經紀及買賣服務;及
- (d) 其他業務分部主要為投資物業以 賺取租金收入及資本增值潛力, 以及其他珠寶相關業務。

管理層分別監控經營分部之業績,以作 出資源分配及表現評估之決策。分部表 現乃按可呈報分部溢利進行評估,即經 調整除税前溢利之計算。經調整除税前 溢利之計算方式與本集團除税前溢利計 算方式貫徹一致,惟若干股息收入及應 佔聯營公司溢利,淨值不包括在其計算 當中。

內部銷售及轉讓乃根據銷售予第三者之 售價作為通用市價。


4.	Operating segment info	rmation (continued)			4. 經營分部資	資料(續)	
			Manufacture and retail of jewellery 珠寶製造 及零售 HK\$'000 千港元	Wholesale of precious metals 貴金屬批發 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities and futures broking 證券及 期貨經紀 HK\$'000 千港元	Other businesses 其他業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
	Year ended 31 December 2010	截至二零一零年 十二月三十一日 止年度					
	Segment revenue Sales to external customers Intersegment sales	分部收益 銷售予外來客戶 內部銷售	8,265,447	3,313,107 369,621	66,969	59,768 5,396	11,705,291 375,017
	-		8,265,447	3,682,728	66,969	65,164	12,080,308
	Reconciliation: Elimination of intersegment sales	<i>調節:</i> 對銷內部銷售					(375,017) 11,705,291
	Segment results Reconciliation: Dividend income Share of profits of associates, net	分部業績 <i>調節:</i> 股息收入 應佔聯營公司溢利, 淨值	864,531	16,826	44,309	24,944	950,610 20,128 2,688
	Profit before tax	除税前溢利					973,426



財務報告附註

珠寶製造 證券及 及零售 證券及 用金属批發 期貨經紀 其他業務 總計 HKS'000 HKS'01 HKS'01	Operating segment inform	nation (continued)		4.	經營分部資料	料(續)	
31 December 2010 $+=月三+-日$ 止年度Other segment information其他分部資料Interest income利息收入(1,234)(104)(16,706)(215)(18,259)Dividend income服息收入 $ -$ (259) $-$ (259)Net fair value gain on investment properties淨收益 $ -$ (26,299)(26,299)Net fair value gain on investment properties淨收益 $ -$ (4,005) $-$ (4,005)Impairment of receivables arising from securities arising from securities濟收益 $ 3$ $ 3$ Depreciation折舊100,13761,906310102,359Write-down of inventories 			and retail of jewellery 珠寶製造 及零售 HK\$'000	of precious metals 貴金屬批發 HK\$'000	and futures broking 證券及 期貨經紀 HK\$'000	businesses 其他業務 HK \$ ′000	Total 總計 HK\$′000 千港元
informationInterest income利息收入(1,234)(104)(16,706)(215)(18,259)Dividend income股息收入(259)-(259)Net fair value gain on投資物業之公平價值(26,299)(26,299)Net fair value gain on按公平價值訂定盈虧之(26,299)(26,299)Net fair value gain on按公平價值訂定盈虧之(4,005)-(4,005)investments at fair value投資的公平價值3-3through profit or loss淨收益3-3Impairment of receivables證券及期貨經紀3-3and futures broking, net減值・淨值3-3Depreciation折舊100,13761,906310102,359Write-down of inventories撤銷存貨至可變現5555Net fair value loss/(gain)衍生金融工具之公平-555555Net fair value loss/(gain)衍生金融工具之公平-50,091644(4,447)Net loss on disposal of出售衍生金融工具		十二月三十一日					
Dividend income股息收入(259)-(259)Net fair value gain on投資物業之公平價值investment properties淨收益(26,299)(26,299)Net fair value gain on按公平價值訂定盈虧之(4,005)-(4,005)investments at fair value投資的公平價值(4,005)-(4,005)Impairment of receivables證券及期貨經紀3-3arising from securities產生之應收賬款3-33Depreciation折舊100,13761,906310102,359Write-down of inventories撇銷存貨至可變現-5555Net fair value loss/(gain)衍生金融工具之公平 on derivative financial (收益)(5,091)644(4,447Net loss on disposal of出售衍生金融工具-1514,447	-	其他分部資料					
Net fair value gain on investment properties没收益 淨收益 中 中(26,299) (26,299)Net fair value gain on investments at fair value through profit or loss淨收益 投資的公平價值 對收益 中(4,005) 中(4,005)Impairment of receivables arising from securities arising from securities and futures broking, net to net realizable value on derivative financial instruments(4,005)Write-down of inventories instruments一 形 增值 (收益)	Interest income		(1,234)	(104)	(16,706)	(215)	(18,259)
investment properties淨收益(26,299)(26,299)Net fair value gain on按公平價值訂定盈虧之investments at fair value投資的公平價值through profit or loss淨收益(4,005)-(4,005)Impairment of receivables證券及期貨經紀3-3and futures broking, net減值・淨值3-3Depreciation折舊100,13761,906310102,359Write-down of inventories撤銷存貨至可變現-5555Net fair value loss/(gain)衍生金融工具之公平 on derivative financial instruments(收益)(5,091)644(4,447)Net loss on disposal of出售衍生金融工具(4,447)			-	-	(259)	-	(259)
investments at fair value 投資的公平價值 through profit or loss 淨收益 (4,005) - (4,005) Impairment of receivables 證券及期貨經紀 arising from securities 產生之應收賬款 and futures broking, net 減值,淨值 3 - 3 Depreciation 折舊 100,137 6 1,906 310 102,359 Write-down of inventories 撇銷存貨至可變現 to net realizable value 淨值 - 55 55 Net fair value loss/(gain) 衍生金融工具之公平 on derivative financial 價值淨虧損/ instruments (收益) (5,091) 644 - (4,447 Net loss on disposal of 出售衍生金融工具	investment properties	淨收益	-	_	-	(26,299)	(26,299)
Impairment of receivables arising from securities and futures broking, net and futures broking, net mathefailed and futur	investments at fair value	投資的公平價值					
Depreciation折舊100,13761,906310102,359Write-down of inventories撤銷存貨至可變現to net realizable value淨值-5555Net fair value loss/(gain)衍生金融工具之公平644(4,447)instruments(收益)(5,091)644(4,447)Net loss on disposal of出售衍生金融工具 </td <td>Impairment of receivables arising from securities</td> <td>證券及期貨經紀 產生之應收賬款</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td>	Impairment of receivables arising from securities	證券及期貨經紀 產生之應收賬款	-	-		-	
Write-down of inventories撤銷存貨至可變現to net realizable value淨值-5555Net fair value loss/(gain)衍生金融工具之公平「644(4,447instruments(收益)(5,091)644(4,447Net loss on disposal of出售衍生金融工具(4,447			-	-		-	
to net realizable value 淨值 - 55 55 Net fair value loss/(gain) 衍生金融工具之公平 on derivative financial 價值淨虧損/ instruments (收益) (5,091) 644 (4,447 Net loss on disposal of 出售衍生金融工具			100,137	6	1,906	310	102,359
instruments (收益) (5,091) 644 (4,447 Net loss on disposal of 出售衍生金融工具	to net realizable value Net fair value loss/(gain)	淨值 衍生金融工具之公平	-	55	-	-	55
	instruments	(收益)	(5,091)	644	-	-	(4,447)
	derivative financial	凈虧損	95,301	2,787	_	-	98,088
Net loss on disposal of 出售物業、機器及 items of property, plant 設備項目淨虧損	items of property, plant			_	_	_	1,021
		財務費用		5	1.717	3	22,221
				-			122,564

* Capital expenditure consists of additions to "Property, plant and equipment" and "Prepaid land lease payments".

資本性開支包括「物業、機器及設備」及 「預付土地租賃款項」之添置。



*

4.	Operating segment info	rmation (continued)			4. 經營分部資	資料(續)	
			Manufacture and retail of jewellery 珠寶製造 及零售 HK\$'000 千港元	Wholesale of precious metals 貴金屬批發 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities and futures broking 證券及 期貨經紀 HK\$'000 千港元	Other businesses 其他業務 HK \$ ′000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
	Year ended 31 December 2009	截至二零零九年 十二月三十一日 止年度					
	Segment revenue Sales to external customers Intersegment sales	分部收益 銷售予外來客戶 內部銷售	5,922,590 31,671 5,954,261	3,409,828 417,683 3,827,511	84,920 	46,098 3,087 49,185	9,463,436 452,441 9,915,877
	Reconciliation: Elimination of intersegment sales	<i>調節:</i> 對銷內部銷售					(452,441) 9,463,436
	Segment results Reconciliation: Dividend income Share of profits of associates, net	分部業績 <i>調節:</i> 股息收入 應佔聯營公司溢利, 淨值	662,344	28,411	53,705	7,107	751,567 18,444 1,222
	Profit before tax	除税前溢利					771,233





Oper	ating segment inform	nation (continued)		4.	經營分部資	料(續)	
			Manufacture and retail of jewellery 珠寶製造 及零售 HK\$'000 千港元	Wholesale of precious metals 貴金屬批發 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities and futures broking 證券及 期貨經紀 HK\$'000 千港元	Other businesses 其他業務 HK \$ ′000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$′000 千港元
	ended December 2009	截至二零零九年 十二月三十一日 止年度					
	r segment ormation	其他分部資料					
Divide	est income end income air value gain on	利息收入 股息收入 投資物業之公平價值	(711) –	(152)	(13,105) (259)		(13,974) (259)
inv Jet fa	estment properties air value gain on	淨收益 按公平價值訂定盈虧之	-	-	-	(12,361)	(12,361)
hr ver	estments at fair value ough profit or loss sal of impairment of eivables arising from curities and futures	投資的公平價值 淨收益 證券及期貨經紀產生之 應收賬款減值 撥回,淨值	-	-	(2,190)	-	(2,190)
bro	oking, net		-	-	(3,584)		(3,584)
	eciation -down of inventories	折舊 撇銷存貨至可變現	80,097	9	2,091	245	82,442
et fa	net realizable value air value loss on rivative financial	淨值 衍生金融工具之 公平價值淨虧損	6,163	74	-	-	6,237
ins let lo	truments oss on disposal of rivative financial	出售衍生金融工具 淨虧損	13,601	249	-	-	13,850
ins let lo	truments oss on disposal of ms of property, plant	出售物業、機器及 設備項目淨虧損	27,013	1,065	-	-	28,078
and oss d	d equipment on disposal of	出售一項投資物業	5,159	-	-	-	5,159
inan	investment property ce costs al expenditure**	虧損 財務費用 資本性開支**		- 3 -	2,456 706	44 20 	44 19,924 135,420
*	Capital expenditure repres	ents the additions to "Property,	, plant and equipme	nt".	 ** 資本他 置。	■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■■	
(a)	Geographical inform	nation			(a) 地區	資料	
	Revenue from externa				銷售	予外來客戶之收	益
						2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$'000 千港元
	Hong Kong and Maca Mainland China Elsewhere	iu	香港及澳門 中國內地 其他地區	39		8,832,324 2,763,666 109,301	7,501,872 1,875,560 86,004
						11,705,291	9,463,436
	The revenue informa customers.	ition above is based on	the location of	the	 上述 劃分	———— 收益資料乃按客 。	客戶所在地區



4.	Ope	rating segment information (continu	ed)	4.	經營	分部資料(續)	
	(a)	Geographical information (continu	ed)		(a)	地區資料(續)	
		Non-current assets				非流動資產	
						2010	2009
						HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		Hong Kong and Macau	香港及澳門			520,537	500,090
		Mainland China	中國內地			191,347	165,766
		Elsewhere	其他地區			29,455	2,359
						741,339	668,215
		The non-current asset information abo	ove is based on the location of			上述非流動資產資料	
		assets and excludes available-for-sale assets.	investments and deferred tax			在地區劃分,並不住 投資及遞延税項資產	
	(b)	Information about major customer	s		(b)	有關主要客戶之資料	ł
		The turnover from the Group's large than 10% of the Group's total turn year.				於本年度及以往年后 最大客戶之營業額 業額少於10%。	
5.	Turr	nover		5.	營業	額	
	for r	over represents the net invoiced value of eturns, trade discounts and value-added res and commodities broking and gross year.	tax; commission on securities,		增值	額指年內在撇除退回 税後售出貨品之發票 及商品經紀佣金收入及	淨值;證券、
	Revenue from the following activities has been included in turnover:				營業	額包括以下業務之收益	<u></u>
						Grou	-
						本集 2010	團 2009
						HK\$'000	HK\$'000
						千港元	千港元
		of goods mission on securities, futures and	貨品銷售 證券、期貨及商品			11,628,661	9,367,235
		mmodities broking	超劳、期員及简 <u>品</u> 經紀佣金收入			66,721	86,395
		initio broking				00,721	00,555

commodities broking Gross rental income

經紀佣金收入 總租金收入

> 11,705,291 9,463,436

9,806

9,909

-

6.	Profit before tax		6.	除税前溢	利	
	The Group's profit before tax is arrived at afte	er charging/(crediting):		本集團之	除税前溢利已扣除	》(計入):
				Note 附註	2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$′000 千港元
	Cost of inventories sold Write-down of inventories to net	銷貨成本 撇銷存貨至			9,403,384	7,576,468
	realizable value*	■ 可變現淨值*			55	6,237
	Depreciation Operating lease payments in respect of leasehold land and buildings:	折舊 有關租賃土地及樓宇之 經營租賃付款:		14	102,359	82,442
	Minimum lease payments	最低租賃付款			305,185	274,582
	Contingent rents	或然租金			22,343	13,260
	Sublease payments	分租付款			2,160	2,160
	Auditors' remuneration Employee benefit expense** (excluding Directors' remuneration (note 8)):	核數師酬金 僱員福利開支**(不包括 董事酬金(附註8)):			2,738	2,589
	Wages and salaries	工資及薪金			526,506	459,758
	Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款			45,593	38,806
	Less: Forfeited contributions	減:已沒收供款			(60)	(93)
	Net pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款淨額			45,533	38,713
					572,039	498,471
	Rental income on investment properties Less: Direct operating expenses (including	投資物業之租金收入 減:可收取租金之投資物業			(9,909)	(9,806)
	repairs and maintenance) arising on rental-earning investment properties	直接經營開支 (包括維修及保養)			1,734	1,566
	Net rental income on investment properties	投資物業之租金收入淨額			(8,175)	(8,240)
	Net loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、機器及設備 項目淨虧損			1,021	5,159
	Loss on disposal of an investment property Net loss on disposal of derivative	出售一項投資物業虧損 出售衍生金融工具淨虧損^			-	44
	financial instruments [^] Net fair value loss/(gain) on derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具之公平價值 淨虧損/(收益)			98,088	28,078
	 transactions not qualifying as hedges[#] 	- 不符合對沖定義之交易#			(4,447)	13,850
	Interest income	利息收入			(18,259)	(13,974)
	Dividend income from listed investments	上市投資之股息收入			(19,974)	(18,290)
	Dividend income from unlisted investments Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of receivables arising from securities and	非上市投資之股息收入 證券及期貨經紀產生之 應收賬款減值/(減值			(413)	(413)
	futures broking, net	撥回)·淨值		23	3	(3,584)
	Foreign exchange differences, net	匯兑差額・淨值			(8,026)	(15,661)
	Net gain on disposal of investments	出售按公平價值訂定				(27)
	at fair value through profit or loss	盈虧之投資淨收益 投資物業之公平價值淨收益 [#]			(366)	(27)
	Net fair value gain on investment properties [#]			15	(26,299)	(12,361)
	Net fair value gain on investments at fair value through profit or loss [#]	按公平價值訂定盈虧之 投資的公平價值淨收益 [#]			(4,005)	(2,190)



財務報告附註

6. Profit before tax (continued)

- This balance is included in "Cost of sales" on the face of the consolidated income statement.
- ** The employee benefit expense included an amount of HK\$2,339,000 (2009: HK\$1,830,000) paid to a Director's family members as employee remuneration.
- The net loss on disposal of derivative financial instruments included a net loss on bullion contracts of HK\$98,263,000 (2009: HK\$30,164,000), which is included in "Cost of sales" on the face of the consolidated income statement. The purpose of the bullion contracts entered into by the Group is to manage the Group's bullion price. Such contracts did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting.
- These balances are included in "Other gains, net" on the face of the consolidated income statement.

7. Finance costs

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

6. 除税前溢利(續)

- 此結餘包含在綜合損益賬上「銷售成本」 中。
- ** 僱員福利開支包括支付予一名董事之家 庭成員作為僱員酬金之金額2,339,000港 元(二零零九年:1,830,000港元)。
- 出售衍生金融工具淨虧損包括貴金屬合 約之98,263,000港元淨虧損(二零零九年: 30,164,000港元),此金額包含在綜合損益 賬上「銷售成本」中。本集團訂立貴金屬合 約旨在管理本集團之貴金屬價格風險。該 等合約並不符合對沖會計處理之條件。
- 此等結餘包含在綜合損益賬上「其他收 益,淨值」中。

7. 財務費用

財務費用之分析如下:

		Group 本集團	
		2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$′000 千港元
Interest on bank loans and overdrafts wholly repayable within five years Interest on other loans wholly repayable	須於五年內全數償還之 銀行貸款及透支利息 須於五年內全數償還之	21,959	19,676
within five years	其他貸款利息	262	248
		22,221	19,924

The analysis shows the finance costs of bank loans, overdrafts and other loans, including term loans which contain a repayment on demand clause, in accordance with the agreed scheduled repayment dates set out in the relevant loan agreements. For the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009, the interest on bank loans, overdrafts and other loans, which contain a repayment on demand clause amounted to HK\$20,663,000 and HK\$19,676,000 respectively.

分析顯示銀行貸款、透支及其他貸款 (包括按要求償還條款之定期貸款)之財 務費用,乃根據有關貸款協議所載協定 預定償還日期計算。截至二零一零年及 二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度,包 含按要求償還條款之銀行貸款、透支及 其他貸款之利息分別為20,663,000港元 及19,676,000港元。



財務報告附註

8. Directors' remuneration

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

8. 董事酬金

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市 規則(「上市規則」)及香港公司條例第161 條之規定,本年度之董事酬金披露如下:

		Group 本集團	
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Fees	袍金	2,506	2,350
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:		
Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼	5,998	5,862
Discretionary bonuses paid and	已付及應付酌情花紅		
payable		2,160	1,745
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	170	163
		8,328	7,770
		10,834	10,120



財務報告附註

年內已付及應付予董事之酬金分析如下:

8.	Directors' remuneration (continued)	8.	董事酬金(續)
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An analysis of the remuneration paid and payable to Directors during the year is as follows:

				Discretionary		
			Salaries	bonuses	Pension	
			and	paid and	scheme	
		Fees	allowances	payable	contributions	Total
				已付及應付	退休金	
		袍金	薪金及津貼	酌情花紅	計劃供款	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
2010	二零一零年					
Executive Directors:	執行董事:					
Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim	周君廉博士	315	1,529	80	-	1,924
Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing	周永成先生	212	2,076	1,050	104	3,442
Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing	周敬成醫生	248	291	100	14	653
Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing	周允成先生	212	1,760	930	52	2,954
		987	5,656	2,160	170	8,973
Non-executive Directors:	非執行董事:					
Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling	周君令先生	212	342	_	_	554
Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel	丁良輝先生	248	542	_	_	248
Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam	重沛林先生	248	_	_	_	248
Dr. CHAN Bing Fun*	陳炳勳醫生*	248	_	_	_	248
Mr. LEE Ka Lun*	李家麟先生*	315	_	_	_	315
Mr. LO King Man*	盧景文先生*	248				248
		1,519	342			1,861
		2,506	5,998	2,160	170	10,834

* Independent Non-executive Directors

* 獨立非執行董事



8. 董事酬金(續) **Directors' remuneration (continued)** 8. Discretionary Salaries bonuses Pension paid and scheme and contributions Total Fees allowances payable 已付及應付 退休金 袍金 薪金及津貼 合計 酌情花紅 計劃供款 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 2009 二零零九年 **Executive Directors:** 執行董事: Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim 周君廉博士 300 1,531 107 1,938 Mr. Vincent CHOW Wing Shing 周永成先生 200 2,006 835 100 3,141 Dr. Gerald CHOW King Sing 周敬成醫生 230 282 95 14 621 周允成先生 Mr. Winston CHOW Wun Sing 200 1,701 708 49 2,658 930 5,520 1,745 163 8,358 Non-executive Directors: 非執行董事: Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling 周君令先生 200 342 542 Mr. Stephen TING Leung Huel 丁良輝先生 230 230 Mr. CHUNG Pui Lam 鍾沛林先生 230 230 Dr. CHAN Bing Fun* 陳炳勳醫生* 230 230 _ Mr. LEE Ka Lun* 李家麟先生* 300 300 _ _ Mr. LO King Man* 230 盧景文先生* _ _ 230 1,420 342 1,762 _ _ 2,350 5,862 1,745 163 10,120

* Independent Non-executive Directors

There were no other emoluments payable to the Independent Nonexecutive Directors during the year (2009: Nil).

There was no arrangement under which a Director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2009: Nil).

獨立非執行董事

年內並無其他酬金應付予獨立非執行董 事(二零零九年:零)。

年內董事並無訂立任何放棄或同意放棄 任何酬金的安排(二零零九年:零)。



財務報告附註

9. Five highest paid employees

The five highest paid employees of the Group during the year included two (2009: two) Directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration of the remaining three (2009: three) non-Director, highest paid employees for the year are as follows:

9. 五名最高薪酬僱員

本年度本集團五名最高薪酬僱員包括兩 名(二零零九年:兩名)董事,其詳細酬 金資料載於上述附註8。本年度其餘三名 (二零零九年:三名)最高薪酬非董事僱 員詳細酬金資料如下:

2040

2000

	2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and allowances薪金及津貼Discretionary bonuses paid and payable已付及應付酌情花紅Pension scheme contributions退休金計劃供款	5,814 4,049 290	5,479 3,824 274
	10,153	9,577

The number of non-Director, highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

酬金介乎以下組別之最高薪酬非董事僱 員之人數如下:

		Number of empl 僱員人數	oyees
		2010	2009
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000 HK\$3,500,001 to HK\$4,000,000	2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元 3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元	1 2	2
		3	3

10. Income tax

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2009: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

香港利得税乃按年內於香港產生之估計 應課税溢利以税率16.5%(二零零九年: 16.5%)撥備。其他地區應課税溢利之税 項乃按本集團於各營運司法權區之通用 税率計算。

		Group 本集團	
		2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$'000 千港元
Current – Hong Kong Charge for the year Underprovision/(Overprovision) in	本期-香港 年內税項 過往年度撥備不足/(超額撥備)	86,467	68,107
prior years Current – Elsewhere	本期-其他地區	122	(627)
Charge for the year	年內税項	108,421	87,065
Overprovision in prior years Deferred (note 30)	過往年度超額撥備 遞延(附註30)	(13,300) 24,692	28,289
Total tax charge for the year	年內税項總額	206,402	182,834

81

財務報告附註

10. Income tax (continued)

A reconciliation of the tax charge applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rate for the jurisdiction in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax charge at the effective tax rate is as follows:

10. 所得税(續)

下表是按本公司及其大部分附屬公司註 冊成立所在司法權區之法定税率計算並 適用於除税前溢利之税項,以及按實質 税率計算之税項進行對賬:

		Group 本集團 2010 HK\$′000 千港元	
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	973,426	771,233
Tax charge at the Hong Kong statutory tax rate of 16.5% (2009: 16.5%) Difference in tax rates applied for specific provinces or enacted by	按香港法定税率16.5%(二零零九年: 16.5%)計算税項 應用於特定省份或 當地機關之税率差異	160,615	127,253
local authorities		29,433	18,808
Adjustments in respect of current tax of previous periods Profits and losses attributable to	就以往期間之税項作 本期調整 歸屬於聯營公司之盈虧	(13,178)	(627)
associates	Jph 圖 尔 明 宫 厶 刊 之 溫 庵]	(444)	(202)
Estimated income not subject to tax	無須繳税之估計收入	(8,305)	(8,842)
Estimated expenses not deductible for tax Effect of withholding tax at 10 %	不可扣税之估計支出 按本集團於中華人民共和國	11,120	14,578
(2009: 10%) on the distributable profits of the Group's subsidiaries established in the People's	成立之附屬公司之可分派 溢利10%(二零零九年:10%) 計算預提税之影響		
Republic of China Tax losses utilized from previous	使用以往期間之税項虧損	30,877	31,152
periods Estimated tax losses not recognized	尚未確認之估計税項虧損	(5,088) 1,372	714
Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	按本集團實質税率計算之税項	206,402	182,834

The Group's share of tax charge attributable to associates amounting to HK353,000 (2009: HK245,000) is included in "Share of profits of associates, net" on the face of the consolidated income statement.

For companies operating in Mainland China, corporate income taxes have been calculated on the estimated assessable profits for the year at rates ranging from 22% to 25% (2009: ranging from 12.5% to 25%).

本集團應佔聯營公司税項為353,000港元(二零零九年:245,000港元),已包含 在綜合損益賬上「應佔聯營公司溢利,淨 值」中。

就於中國內地營運之公司而言,企業所 得税乃按年內之估計應課税溢利按介乎 22%至25%(二零零九年:介乎12.5%至 25%)之税率計算。



財務報告附註

11.	Profit attributable to equity holders of	f the Company	11.	本公司權益持有人應佔溢利	l
	The consolidated profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2010 includes a profit of HK\$570,894,000 (2009: HK\$200,642,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company (note 33(b)).			截至二零一零年十二月三十一日 年度,本公司權益持有人應佔綜 溢利包括本公司財務報告內之一 溢利570,894,000港元(二零零九年 200,642,000港元)(附註33(b))。	
12.	Dividends		12.	股息	
				2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$′000 千港元
	Dividends recognized as	於年內確認派發之股息:			
	distribution during the year: Final dividend for 2009: HK26.0 cents (2008: HK23.0 cents)	二零零九年末期股息:每普通股 26.0港仙(二零零八年:23.0港仙)		475.000	120,442
	per ordinary share Interim dividend for 2010: HK8.0 cents (2009: HK7.0 cents)	二零一零年中期股息:每普通股 8.0港仙(二零零九年:7.0港仙)		175,999	138,442
	per ordinary share	0.0/心Ш(_令令/L牛・7.0/心Ш)		54,154	42,134
				230,153	180,576
	Dividends proposed after the end of the reporting period:	於報告期末後擬派發之股息:			
	Final dividend for 2010: HK35.0 cents (2009: HK26.0 cents)	二零一零年末期股息:每普通股 35.0港仙(二零零九年:26.0港仙)			
	per ordinary share			236,922	175,999
	The proposed final dividend for 2010 v reporting period and has not been reco the reporting period, and it is subject t shareholders at the forthcoming annual	gnized as a liability at the end of o the approval of the Company's		二零一零年擬派發之末期 期末後宣派,並未於報告期 債,及待本公司股東於即# 週年大會批准。	胡末確認為負
13.	Earnings per share attributable to equ	uity holders of the Company	13.	本公司權益持有人應佔每股	盈利
	The calculation of the basic earnings p profit for the year attributable to eq HK\$757,198,000 (2009: HK\$574,090,0 number of ordinary shares of 651,440, during the year, as adjusted to reflect the	uity holders of the Company of 100), and the weighted average 548 (2009: 601,920,000) in issue		每股基本盈利乃按年內本2 人應佔溢利757,198,000港; 年:574,090,000港元)及年 平均股份651,440,548股(二 601,920,000股)普通股計算	元(二零零九 內已發行加權 二零零九年: ,有關加權平

The Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the current and prior years.

本集團於今年及去年概無發行潛在攤薄 效應的普通股。

均數目已作出調整,以反映年內已發行



之股份。

財務報告附註

14. Property, plant and equipment

14. 物業 · 機器及設備

Group 本集團

				ir	Leasehold nprovements,		
		Freehold	Leasehold land and	Plant and	furniture, fixtures and	Motor	Total
		land	buildings	machinery	equipment 租賃物業	vehicles	Total
		永久 業權土地 HK\$′000 千港元	租賃土地 及樓宇 HK\$′000 千港元	機器 及設備 HK\$′000 千港元	裝修、傢俬、 裝置及設備 HK\$′000 千港元	汽車 HK\$′000 千港元	合計 HK\$′000 千港元
As at 31 December 2010	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日						
At 31 December 2009 and 1 January 2010:	於二零零九年 十二月三十一日及 二零一零年 一月一日:						
Cost or valuation Accumulated	成本或估值 累計折舊	-	331,785	22,877	290,392	5,174	650,228
depreciation	糸前 (1) 皆		(63,955)	(11,495)	(144,170)	(2,720)	(222,340)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值		267,830	11,382	146,222	2,454	427,888
At 1 January 2010, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零一零年 一月一日, 扣除累計折舊	-	267,830	11,382	146,222	2,454	427,888
Surplus on revaluation* Additions	重估增值* 添置	_ 19,004	155 7,078	3,320	_ 78,567	_ 1,089	155 109,058
Transfer from investment properties (note 15)	轉撥自投資物業 (附註15)	_	2,071	-	-	_	2,071
Transfer to investment properties (note 15)*	轉撥往投資物業 (附註15)*	_	(390)	_	_	_	(390)
Disposals Depreciation provided	出售 年內折舊撥備	-	-	(134)	(1,067)	(78)	(1,279)
during the year Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	_ 1,424	(13,054) 2,354	(5,128) 142	(82,933) 3,597	(1,244) 58	(102,359) 7,575
			2,334				,,,,,
At 31 December 2010, net of accumulated	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日,			0 500			
depreciation	扣除累計折舊	20,428	266,044	9,582	144,386	2,279	442,719
At 31 December 2010:	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日:						
Cost or valuation Accumulated	成本或估值 累計折舊	20,428	343,111	25,399	357,218	6,197	752,353
depreciation	糸司 们 皆		(77,067)	(15,817)	(212,832)	(3,918)	(309,634)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	20,428	266,044	9,582	144,386	2,279	442,719

* A leasehold land and building of the Group was revalued on 31 July 2010, the date of change in its use as an investment property, by management at an aggregate open market value of HK\$390,000 (note 15). A revaluation surplus of HK\$155,000, resulting from the above revaluation, was credited to the leasehold land and buildings revaluation reserve during the year ended 31 December 2010. *本集團租賃一項土地及樓宇於二零一零年 七月三十一日,有關租賃土地及樓宇用途更 改為投資物業當日,由管理層按公開市場總 值重估為390,000港元(附註15)。上述重估產生 之重估增值155,000港元已於截至二零一零年 十二月三十一日止年度內計入租賃土地及樓 宇重估儲備。

財務報告附註

14.	Property, plant and equi	pment (continued)		1	4. 物業、機器】	及設備(續)	
			Leasehold land and	Plant and	Leasehold improvements, furniture, fixtures and	Motor	
			buildings	machinery	equipment 租賃物業	vehicles	Total
			租賃土地 及樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	機器 及設備 HK \$ ′000 千港元	裝修、傢俬、 裝置及設備 HK\$′000 千港元	汽車 HK \$ ′000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元
	As at 31 December 2009	於二零零九年 十二月三十一日					
	At 1 January 2009:	於二零零九年 一月一日:					
	Cost or valuation Accumulated depreciation	成本或估值 累計折舊	291,898 (57,380)	19,644 (7,007)	225,786 (86,274)	5,593 (2,322)	542,921 (152,983)
	Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	234,518	12,637	139,512	3,271	389,938
	At 1 January 2009, net of accumulated	於二零零九年 一月一日,					
	depreciation Surplus on revaluation**	扣除累計折舊 重估增值**	234,518 15,969	12,637	139,512	3,271	389,938 15,969
	Additions Transfer to investment		53,824	3,837	77,325	434	135,420
	properties (note 15)** Disposals Depreciation provided	特级仁权員初集 (附註15)** 出售 年內折舊撥備	(25,830) _	(252)	(4,761)	(156)	(25,830) (5,169)
	during the year Exchange realignment	— 內加	(10,593) (58)	(4,842)	(65,908) 54	(1,099)	(82,442)
	At 31 December 2009, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零零九年 十二月三十一日, 扣除累計折舊	267,830	11,382	146,222	2,454	427,888
	At 31 December 2009:	於二零零九年					
	Cost or valuation Accumulated	十二月三十一日: 成本或估值 累計折舊	331,785	22,877	290,392	5,174	650,228
	depreciation		(63,955)	(11,495)	(144,170)	(2,720)	(222,340)
	Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	267,830	11,382	146,222	2,454	427,888

** Certain leasehold land and buildings of the Group were revalued on 31 July 2009, the date of change in use of those leasehold land and buildings as investment properties, by management at an aggregate open market value of HK\$25,830,000 (note 15). A revaluation surplus of HK\$15,969,000, resulting from the above revaluation, was credited to the leasehold land and buildings revaluation reserve during the year ended 31 December 2009.

Certain of the Group's leasehold land and buildings were revalued on 31 December 1993 by Knight Frank & Kan, independent professionally qualified valuers. The leasehold land and buildings were revalued on an open market, existing use basis. Since 1995, no further revaluations of the Group's leasehold land and buildings have been carried out, as the Group has relied upon the exemption, provided under the transitional provisions of HKAS 16, from the requirement to carry out future revaluations of its property, plant and equipment which were stated at valuation at that time. ** 本集團若干租賃土地及樓宇於二零零九年 七月三十一日,該等租賃土地及樓宇 用途更改為投資物業當日,由管理層 按公開市場總值重估為25,830,000港元 (附註15)。上述重估產生之重估增值 15,969,000港元已於截至二零零九年 十二月三十一日止年度內計入租賃 土地及樓宇重估儲備。

本集團若干租賃土地及樓字於 一九九三年十二月三十一日經獨立專業 合資格測量師簡福飴測量行重估。該等 租賃土地及樓宇根據現時用途按公開市 值基準重估。本集團自一九九五年採納 香港會計準則第16號之過渡條款賦予之 豁免,無須對以當時估值列賬之物業、 機器及設備進行未來重估,故並無為其 租賃土地及樓宇再作重估。



財務報告附註

14.	Property, plant and equipment (co	ntinued)	14.	物業、機	器及設備(續)	
	Had these leasehold land and buildings been carried at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, their carrying amount would have been approximately HK\$25,477,000 (2009: HK\$27,102,000).		倘若此等租賃土地及樓宇以歷史成本 減累計折舊及減值虧損列賬,其賬面 值約為25,477,000港元(二零零九年: 27,102,000港元)。			列賬,其賬面
	The freehold land of the Group is situ	ated outside Hong Kong.		本集團的	向永久業權土地位於	
	The Group's leasehold land and buil the following lease terms:	dings included above are held under		本集團」 期持有:	_述之租賃土地及	樓宇按下列租
			HK\$	香港	Elsewhere 其他地區 HK\$′000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
	As at 31 December 2010	於二零一零年十二月三十一日				
	At cost: Long term leases Medium term leases	按成本: 長期租約 中期租約	11,	666 ,786	3,866 68,599	4,532 80,385
			12,	,452	72,465	84,917
	At 1993 valuation: Long term leases Medium term leases	按一九九三年估值: 長期租約 中期租約	257	600 ,594		600 257,594
			258	,194		258,194
			270	,646	72,465	343,111
			HK\$	香港	Elsewhere 其他地區 HK \$ '000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$′000 千港元
	As at 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日				
	At cost: Long term leases Medium term leases	按成本: 長期租約 中期租約	11,	666 ,786	3,740 57,100	4,406 68,886
			12	,452	60,840	73,292
	At 1993 valuation: Long term leases Medium term leases	按一九九三年估值: 長期租約 中期租約	78 179	,757 ,736		78,757 179,736
			258	,493		258,493
			270	,945	60,840	331,785

At 31 December 2010, certain of the Group's leasehold land and buildings with an aggregate net carrying value of approximately HK\$62,400,000 (2009: HK\$66,300,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 29).

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集 團以若干總賬面淨值約62,400,000港元 (二零零九年:66,300,000港元)之租賃土 地及樓宇作抵押,為本集團所獲一般銀 行信貸作擔保(附註29)。



15. Investment properties

15. 投資物業

			Group 本集團	
		Note 附註	2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at 1 January Transfer from leasehold land and	於一月一日之賬面值 轉撥自租賃土地及樓宇		150,840	117,597
buildings		14	390	25,830
Transfer to leasehold land and buildings Disposal	轉撥往租賃土地及樓宇 出售	14	(2,071)	_ (4,948)
Net gain from a fair value adjustment	公平價值調整之淨收益	6	26,299	12,361
Carrying amount at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之賬面值		175,458	150,840

The Group's investment properties are held under the following leases:

本集團之投資物業按下列租約持有:

		2010 HK\$'000 千港元	2009 HK\$'000 千港元
Long term leases: Hong Kong	長期租約: 香港	650	12,150
Medium term leases: Hong Kong Elsewhere	中期租約: 香港 其他地區	153,113 21,695	114,940 23,750
		175,458	150,840

The Group's investment properties were revalued on 31 December 2010 by DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited, independent professionally qualified valuers, at HK\$175,458,000 on an open market, existing use basis. The investment properties are leased to third parties under operating leases, further summary details of which are included in note 36(a) to the financial statements.

At 31 December 2010, the Group's investment properties with an aggregate value of HK\$87,000,000 (2009: HK\$75,000,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 29).

Further particulars of the Group's investment properties are included on pages 130 to 132.

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團 之投資物業由獨立專業合資格測量師戴 德梁行有限公司根據現時用途按公開市 值基準重估為175,458,000港元。該等投 資物業以經營租約租予第三者,其概要 載於財務報告附註36(a)內。

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團 以總值87,000,000港元(二零零九年: 75,000,000港元)之投資物業作抵押,為 本集團所獲一般銀行信貸作擔保(附註 29)。

有關本集團投資物業之其他詳情載於第 130至132頁。



財務報告附註

16.	Prepaid land lease payments		16.	預付土地租賃款項	
				Grou 本集 2010 HK\$′000 千港元	•
	Additions during the year and carrying amount at 31 December	年內添置及於十二月三十一日之 賬面值		13,506	
	The leasehold land is situated in Mainlan term lease.	d China and is held under a long		租賃土地位於中國內地及 有。	按長期租約持
17.	Intangible assets		17.	無形資產	
				Grou 本集	•
				2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$'000 千港元
	Trading rights	交易權			
	Cost at 1 January and 31 December, net of accumulated amortization	於一月一日及十二月三十一日之 成本,扣除累計攤銷		271	271
	At 31 December: Cost (gross carrying amount) Accumulated amortization	於十二月三十一日: 成本(賬面總值) 累計攤銷		524 (253)	524 (253)
	Net carrying amount	賬面淨值		271	271

Upon the adoption of HKAS 38, trading rights have been considered to have indefinite lives because they are expected to contribute to the net cash flows of the Group indefinitely, which are not amortized.

採納香港會計準則第38 號後,由於交易 權預期為本集團無限期帶來現金流量淨 額,故已被視為擁有無限年期而不作攤 銷。



財務報告附註

18. Other assets

18. 其他資產

	Grou 本集團	
	2010 HK\$′000 千港元	▲ 2009 HK\$′000 千港元
金銀業貿易場(「金銀業貿易場」) 會籍成本		
	1,500	1,500
賠償基金	250	250
互保基金	250	250
印花税按金	250	250
於中央結算及交收系統保證基金之 現金供款		
	250	250
香港中央結算有限公司之入會費用		
	250	250
於香港期貨結算有限公司之按金		
	1,760	1,532
租賃按金*	90,792	73,323
	05 202	77,605
	會籍成本 於聯交所按金: 賠償基金 互保基金 印花税按金 於中央結算及交收系統保證基金之 現金供款 香港中央結算有限公司之入會費用 於香港期貨結算有限公司之按金	HK\$'000 千港元 金銀業貿易場(「金銀業貿易場」) 會籍成本 會籍成本 1,500 於聯交所按金: 賠償基金 250 互保基金 250 印花税按金 250 於中央結算及交收系統保證基金之 250 現金供款 250 香港中央結算有限公司之入會費用 250 於香港期貨結算有限公司之按金 1,760

* The rental deposits are related to office properties and retail shops leased by the Group (note 36(b)) and the majority of the terms of the lease arrangements are over one year. Included in this total is an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$31 million (2009: approximately HK\$20 million) relating to operating leases expiring within one year. The Directors are of the opinion that such deposits are of a long term nature on the basis that the related leases are expected to be renewed upon their respective expiry dates. Accordingly, the Directors consider it appropriate to classify such deposits as non-current assets.

19. Investments in subsidiaries

* 此乃本集團之辦公室及零售店租約(附註 36(b))之相關租賃按金,大部分租約為期 超過一年,其中合共約有31,000,000港元 (二零零九年:約20,000,000港元)屬一年內到 期之經營租約。董事認為,按有關租約預期 於各自到期時續約之基準,此等按金應屬長期 性質。因此,董事認為宜將此等按金分類為 非流動資產。

19. 於附屬公司之投資

			Company 本公司	
		2010	2009	
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	
Unlisted shares/investments, at cost Due from subsidiaries	非上市股份/投資,按成本 附屬公司欠款	1,085,873 1,730,165	1,085,873 418,583	
		2,816,038	1,504,456	
The amounts due from subsidiaries are	e unsecured, interest-free and have	附屬公司欠款乃無抵押、	免息及並無固	

no fixed terms of repayment.

附屬公司欠款乃無抵押、免息及並無固 定還款期。

財務報告附註

19. Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

Particulars of the subsidiaries are as follows:

19. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

附屬公司之詳情如下:

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	Nominal value of issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行	attrib	ercentage of equity utable to Company	Principal activities
名稱	成立/註冊 及經營地點	普通股本/ 註冊股本面值		公司所佔 ₩種百分比 Indirect 間接	主要業務
Acclaim Holdings Limited 雅慶有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$600,000 600,000 美元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Chow Sang Sang Bullion Dealers Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$5,000,000	-	100	Bullion broking
周生生金號有限公司	香港	5,000,000港元			貴金屬經紀
Chow Sang Sang (China) Company Limited*	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	HK\$500,000,000	-	100	Sale of jewellery
周生生(中國)商業有限公司*	中華人民共和國/ 中國內地	500,000,000港元			珠寶銷售
Chow Sang Sang Commodities Limited 周生生商品有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$5,000,000 5,000,000 港元	_	100	Dormant 暫無營業
Chow Sang Sang Corporate Gift Limited 周生生企業禮品有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	-	100	Sale of corporate gift products 企業禮品銷售
向主生止未恒面有限公司 Chow Sang Sang Diamond) People's Republic	US\$5,000,000		100	止未位如朝台 Diamond trading
(Shanghai) Co., Ltd.* 周生生鑽石(上海)有限公司*	of China/ Mainland China 中華人民共和國/ 中國內地	5,000,000美元			鑽石買賣
Chow Sang Sang Finance Limited 周生生財務有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$15,000,000 15,000,000 港元	-	100	Group financing 集團融資
Chow Sang Sang Futures Limited 周生生期貨有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$5,000,000 5,000,000 港元	-	100	Commodity broking 商品經紀
Chow Sang Sang Holdings (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$50,000	100	-	Investment holding
周生生集團(英屬維爾京群島) 有限公司	英屬維爾京群島	50,000 美元			投資控股

續)]之投資(於附屬公司	19.	d)	Investments in subsidiaries (continue
Principal activities	mpany	of attributa the Cor	Nominal value of issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	Name
主要業務	司所佔 百分比 ndirect 間接	股權	普通股本/ 註冊股本面值	成立/註冊 及經營地點	名稱
Investment holding 投資控股	100	-	HK\$250 250港元	Hong Kong 香港	Chow Sang Sang Holdings Limited 周生生集團有限公司
Property investment	100	-	HK\$12,180,000	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	Chow Sang Sang Industrial (Fuzhou) Co., Ltd.*
物業投資			12,180,000港元	中華人民共和國/ 中國內地	周生生實業(福州)有限公司*
Property investment	100	-	HK\$2	Hong Kong/ Mainland China	Chow Sang Sang International (Shunde) Limited
物業投資			2港元	香港/中國內地	周生生國際(順德)有限公司
Investment holding 投資控股	100	-	HK\$2,500,000 2,500,000港元	Hong Kong 香港	Chow Sang Sang Investments Limited 周生生投資有限公司
Investment holding	100	-	US\$1	British Virgin Islands	Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (China) Co. Ltd.
投資控股			1美元	英屬維爾京群島	周生生珠寶金行(中國)有限公司
Investment holding	100	-	HK\$1	Hong Kong	Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (China) Limited
投資控股			1港元	香港	周生生珠寶(中國)有限公司
Manufacture and retail of jewellery	100	-	HK\$30,000,000	Hong Kong	Chow Sang Sang Jewellery Company Limited
珠寶製造及零售			30,000,000港元	香港	周生生珠寶金行有限公司
Manufacture and sale of jewellery	100	-	HK\$197,691,500	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (Foshan) Co., Ltd.*
珠寶製造及銷售			197,691,500港元	中華人民共和國/ 中國內地	周生生珠寶(佛山)有限公司*
Dormant 暫無營業	100	_	SG\$2 2 坡元	Singapore 新加坡	Chow Sang Sang Jewellery Pte Ltd

Investments in subsidiaries (continu	ed)	19.	於附屬2	公司之投資	(續)
Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 成立/註冊	Nominal value of issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行 普通股本/	attrib the	ercentage of equity utable to Company 、公司所佔	Principal activities
名稱	及經營地點	註冊股本面值	彤	權百分比 Indirect 間接	主要業務
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (Shaanxi) Co., Ltd.*	People's Republic of China/ Mainland China	HK\$21,400,000	-	100	Manufacture and sale of jewellery
周生生珠寶金行(陝西) 有限公司*	中華人民共和國/ 中國內地	21,400,000港元			珠寶製造及銷售
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (Shandong) Co., Ltd.**	People's Republic of China/	RMB70,000,000	-	70	Manufacture and sale of jewellery
周生生珠寶(山東)有限公司**	Mainland China 中華人民共和國/ 中國內地	70,000,000 元人民幣			珠寶製造及銷售
Chow Sang Sang Jewellery (Taiwan) Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Taiwan	US\$50,000	-	100	Sale of jewellery
周生生珠寶行股份有限公司	英屬維爾京群島/ 台灣	50,000美元			珠寶銷售
Chow Sang Sang Manufacturing International Limited	British Virgin Islands	US\$1	-	100	Investment holding
周生生首飾廠國際有限公司	英屬維爾京群島	1美元			投資控股
Chow Sang Sang Nominees Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000,000	-	100	Provision of nominee services
周生生代理人有限公司	香港	1,000,000港元			提供代理服務
Chow Sang Sang Property Holdings N.V.	Netherlands Antilles/ Hong Kong	US\$30,000	-	100	Property investment
	荷蘭安的列斯/香港	30,000美元			物業投資
Chow Sang Sang Properties Limited 周生生置業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000,000 10,000,000港元	_	100	Property investment 物業投資
Chow Sang Sang Securities Limited 周生生證券有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000,000 10,000,000港元	_	100	Securities broking 證券經紀
Emphasis Jewellery Company Limited 點睛品珠寶有限公司	Macau 澳門	MOP25,000 25,000 澳門元	-	100	Retail of jewellery 珠寶零售

19.

財務報告附註

Investments in subsidiaries (contir	ued)	19.	於附屬公	司之投資(續)
Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations	Nominal value of issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行	o attribu	centage f equity table to ompany	Principal activities
名稱	成立/註冊 及經營地點	已發1] 普通股本/ 註冊股本面值		公司所佔 雚百分比 Indirect 間接	主要業務
Fullink Developments Inc.	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US \$ 1 1美元	-	100	Dormant 暫無營業
Tsin Chuk Kam Manufactory Ltd. 千足金製造廠有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Mainland China 英屬維爾京群島/ 中國內地	US\$100,000 100,000美元	_	100	Processing of jewellery 珠寶加工
World Commercial Sales Company Limited 世界批發行有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2,500,000 2,500,000港元	-	100	Wholesale of precious metals 貴金屬批發
338.Net Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Provision of information technology services 提供資訊科技服務
 * These companies were registered as law of the People's Republic of China ** The company was registered as a since 	i.		冊之	∮公司乃根據中 ∠全外商投資企	提供資訊科技服 =華人民共和國法律

The company was registered as a sino-foreign equity joint venture enterprise under the law of the People's Republic of China.

此公司乃根據中華人民共和國法律註冊 之中外合資合營公司。



Investments in associates			20.	於聯營公司之投資	
					oup
				平 2010	集團 2009
				HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				千港元	千港元
Share of net assets	應佔淨資產			14,083	11,611
Particulars of the associates a	are as follows:			聯營公司之詳情如下:	
	Particulars of	Place of incorporation/		Percentage of ownership interest	
Name	issued shares held/ registered capital	registration and operations		attributable to the Group	Principal activities
Name	所持已發行股本/	成立/註冊及		本集團所佔	activities
名稱	註冊股本詳情	經營地點		權益百分比	主要業務
Foo Sang Enterprises	Ordinary shares	Hong Kong		36.63	Property
Company Limited	of HK\$100 each				investment
富生置業有限公司	每股面值100港元 之普通股	香港			物業投資
Qingdao Kang Hua	RMB7,440,000	People's Republic		32.00	Processing of
Diamond Co., Ltd.*		of China/ Mainland China			diamonds
青島康華鑽石有限公司*	7,440,000 元人民幣	中華人民共和國/中國內地			鑽石加工
	ot audited by Ernst & Young Ernst & Young global network			上述公司並非由香港安え 或其他安永國際成員公司	
* The company was registered the law of the People's Republ	as a sino-foreign equity joint ventu lic of China.	ire enterprise under		* 此公司乃根據中華人民共 外合資合營公司。	和國法律註冊之中
	directly held by the Company ty method in these financial s			上述聯營公司由本公司F 財務報告以權益法作會計	
The following table illustrates Group's associates.	s the summarized financial in	formation of the		下表呈列本集團聯營公司 要。	司之財務資料概
				2010	2009
				HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				HK\$ 000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Assets	資産			千港元	千港元
	資產 負債				千港元 39,087
Assets				千港元 46,549	千港元



21. Available-for-sale investments

21. 可供出售投資

		Group 本集團	
		2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$'000 千港元
Listed equity investments in Hong Kong at market value*	, 香港上市股份投資, 按市值*	873,302	690,518
Unlisted equity investment, at fair value Unlisted equity investments, at cost	非上市股份投資,按公平價值 非上市股份投資,按成本	15,165 739	13,998 739
		15,904	14,737
		889,206	705,255

The above equity investments were issued by corporate entities.

During the year, the gross gain in respect of the Group's available-for-sale investments recognized in other comprehensive income amounted to HK\$184,475,000 (2009: HK\$327,872,000).

The above investments consist of equity securities which have no fixed maturity date or coupon rate.

As at 31 December 2010, certain unlisted equity investments with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$739,000 (2009: HK\$739,000) were stated at cost less impairment because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the Directors are of the opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably. The Group does not intend to dispose of them in the near future.

As at 31 December 2010, the Group's listed equity investments with a carrying value of HK\$257,398,000 (2009: HK\$203,524,000) were pledged to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (note 29).

* On 6 March 2000, under the Schemes of Arrangements of the Stock Exchange and the Futures Exchange and pursuant to the Exchanges and Clearing Houses (Merger) Ordinance, the Group received 6,223,500 shares of HK\$1.00 each in Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited ("HKEC"), six exchange trading rights in the Stock Exchange and one exchange trading right in the Futures Exchange as a consideration for the cancellation of its six shares held in the Stock Exchange and one share held in the Futures Exchange. As at 1 January 2010 and 31 December 2010, the Group held 4,953,500 shares of HKEC, five exchange trading rights in the Stock Exchange and one exchange trading right in the Futures Exchange. 上述股份投資由企業實體發行。

年內,直接於其他全面收益確認之本集 團可供出售投資總收益為184,475,000港 元(二零零九年:327,872,000港元)。

上述投資包括並無固定到期日或票面息 率之股份證券。

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,由於合 理公平價值估計範圍太大,董事認為無 法可靠地計量其公平價值,故賬面總值 739,000港元(二零零九年:739,000港元) 之若干非上市股份投資乃按成本減減值 列賬。本集團無意於可見未來出售該等 投資。

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團以 上市股份投資賬面值257,398,000港元 (二零零九年:203,524,000港元)作抵 押,為本集團所獲一般銀行信貸作擔保 (附註29)。

* 於二零零零年三月六日,根據交易所及結 算所(合併)條例之股份合併計劃,本集團取 得香港交易及結算所有限公司(「港交所」) 6,223,500股每股面值1.00港元之股份及六 個聯交所交易權及一個期交所交易權,以取 代原在聯交所持有之六股股份及在期交所 持有之一股股份。於二零一零年一月一日及 二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集團持有 港交所4,953,500股股份、五個聯交所交易權 及一個期交所交易權。



財務報告附註

證券及商品經紀

買賣一般以現金結算。

證券買賣於交易日後兩天結算,而商品

22.	Inventories		22.	存貨		
				Group 本集團		
				2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$'000 千港元	
	Goods held for sale	持作銷售之貨品		4,426,974 2	,884,841	
23.	Accounts receivable/Receivables arising from securities and futures broking		23.	應收賬款/證券及期貨經紀產生 應收賬款	Ż	
	Jewellery retail			珠寶零售		
	The Group's sales are normally made on a cash basis. Credit card receivables from financial institutions in respect of retail sales are aged within one month. There are wholesale customers who have been given credit periods within 45 days.			本集團銷售一般以現金交易。就零售ī 來自財務機構之應收信用卡賬款之賬 少於一個月。現有批發客戶獲提6 四十五日內之賒賬期。		
	Wholesale of diamonds			鑽石批發		
	The Group normally grants credit period customers.	ods of up to 60 days to its trade		本集團一般向貿易客戶提供之則 多為六十日。	除賬期最	
	Wholesale of precious metals			貴金屬批發		
	The Group's wholesale of precious meta basis.	ls is normally conducted on a cash		本集團之貴金屬批發一般以現金	这交易。	

Securities and commodities broking

Securities deals are settled two days after the trade date, and commodities deals are normally settled on a cash basis.

ANNUAL REPORT 2010 2010 年報

 Accounts receivable/Receivables arisi broking (continued) 	ng from securities and futures	23.	應收賬款/證券及期貨經紀 應收賬款(續)	是產生之
			Grou 本集[-
			2010	2009
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
Accounts receivable	應收賬款		403,438	326,272
Receivables arising from securities and futures broking conducted in the ordinary course of business:	在日常業務中證券及期貨經紀 產生之應收賬款:			
Cash clients	現金客戶		81,754	120,291
Clearing houses	結算所		19,890	3,704
Loans to margin clients	孖展客戶貸款		154,886	77,250
			256,530	201,245
Impairment	減值		(96)	(93)
Receivables arising from securities and futures broking	證券及期貨經紀產生之 應收賬款		256,434	201,152
Total accounts receivable and receivable: arising from securities and futures broking	5 應收賬款及證券及期貨經紀 產生之應收賬款總額		659,872	527,424
Apart from the receivable balances ar broking, the balances are non-interest-b			~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	應收賬款結餘
The movements in the provision for imp securities and futures broking are as follo			證券及期貨經紀產生之應」 撥備變動如下:	收賬款之減值
			Grou 本集[•
			平东1 2010	2009
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日		93	3,677
Impairment losses recognized (note 6)	已確認減值虧損(附註6)		12	11
Impairment losses reversed (note 6)	已撥回減值虧損(附註6)		(9)	(3,595)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日		96	93

財務報告附註

23. Accounts receivable/Receivables arising from securities and futures broking (continued)

Included in the above provision for impairment of receivables arising from securities and futures broking is a provision for individually impaired receivables of HK\$96,000 (2009: HK\$93,000) with a carrying amount before provision of HK\$96,000 (2009: HK\$93,000). Such provision was determined after taking into account the ageing of the respective account receivable balances, the creditworthiness of the debtors, their repayment history and their historical write-off experience. Such receivables are not expected to be recovered. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances.

An ageing analysis of the accounts receivable and receivables arising from securities and futures broking not impaired at the end of the reporting period, based on the due date, is as follows:

應收賬款/證券及期貨經紀產生之 應收賬款(續)

上述證券及期貨經紀產生之應收賬款減 值撥備中包括個別已減值應收賬款撥備 為96,000港元(二零零九年:93,000港元), 其撥備前賬面值為96,000港元(二零零九年: 93,000港元)。有關撥備乃經考慮各項應 收賬款結餘之賬齡、債務人之信譽、彼 等之還款紀錄及過往撇銷紀錄後釐定。 有關應收賬款預期將不能被收回。本集 團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品或其 他加強信貸措施。

於報告期末,無須減值之應收賬款及證券及期貨經紀產生之應收賬款根據到期 日之賬齡分析如下:

		Group 本集團	
		2010	2009
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Not yet due	未逾期	446,446	347,955
Within 30 days past due	逾期30日內	50,551	92,495
31 to 60 days past due	逾期31至60日	6,134	6,309
61 to 90 days past due	逾期61至90日	455	486
Over 90 days past due	逾期超過90日	1,400	2,929
		504,986	450,174
Loans to margin clients*	孖展客戶貸款*	154,886	77,250

* The loans to margin clients are secured by the underlying pledged securities, repayable on demand and bear interest at commercial rates. No ageing analysis is disclosed as, in the opinion of the Directors, an ageing analysis is not relevant in view of the nature of the business of securities margin financing. As at 31 December 2010, the total market value of securities pledged as collateral in respect of the loans to margin clients was HK\$521,480,000 (2009: HK\$427,652,000).

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a large number of diversified customers for whom there was no recent history of default. Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on experience, the Directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. Except for loans to margin clients, the Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over these balances. 开展客戶貸款以相關已抵押證券作抵押, 須於要求時償還及按商業條款計息。鑑於證 券孖展借貸業務性質,董事認為賬齡分析作 用不大,故無披露賬齡分析。於二零一零年 十二月三十一日,有關孖展客戶貸款以證券 抵押作抵押品之總市值為521,480,000港元 (二零零九年:427,652,000港元)。

659,872

527,424

未逾期及無減值之應收賬款為大量並無 最近欠賬記錄之分散客戶。已逾期惟無 減值之應收賬款為多名於本集團擁有良 好信貸記錄之獨立客戶。根據經驗,本 公司董事認為由於信貸質素並無重大轉 變,且結餘仍然被視為可全數收回,故 無須就該等結餘作出減值撥備。除孖展 客戶貸款外,本集團並無就該等結餘 有任何抵押品或其他加強信貸措施。



財務報告附註

24.	Prepayments, deposits and other receivables			24. 預付款項	頁、按金及其他應收	賬款
			Grou 本集	•	Compa 本公司	
			2010	2009	2010	2009
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	Prepayments	預付款項	189,714	64,827	290	226
	Deposits	按金	21,594	13,379	-	-
	Other receivables	其他應收賬款	9,744	6,776		
			221,052	84,982	290	226
	None of the above assets is either past due or impaired. The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.				≦概無逾期或已減(≤財務資產為近期≦ <賬款。	
25.	Investments at fair value th	rough profit or loss		25. 按公平價	[值訂定盈虧之投資	ť
					Grou 本集	•
					2010	2009
					HK\$'000	HK\$'000
					千港元	千港元
	Listed equity investments in Hong Kong, at market valu	香港上市股份投 e 按市值	資,		12,015	8,010
	The above equity investme	nts were held for trading	and issued by	上述股份	 }投資乃持作買賣」	用途,並由企

The above equity investments were held for trading and issued by corporate entities.

上述股份投資乃持作買賣用途,並由企 業實體發行。



26. Cash and cash equivalents/Cash held on behalf of clients

26. 現金及等同現金/代客戶持有現金

An analysis of cash and cash equivalents is as follows:

現金及等同現金之分析如下:

		Group 本集團				-
		2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$′000 千港元	2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$'000 千港元	
Cash and bank balances Non-pledged time deposits with original maturity of less than three months when acquired	現金及銀行存款 存放時到期日少於三個月之 無抵押定期存款	247,727 25,192	378,536	1,779	1,410	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金	272,919	378,999	1,779	1,410	

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances of the Group's subsidiaries operating in Mainland China denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to RMB40,845,000 (approximately HK\$48,054,000) (2009: RMB28,576,000 (approximately HK\$32,457,000)). The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorized to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Time deposits are made for varying periods of between two weeks and two months, and earn interest at the respective time deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

The Group maintains segregated trust accounts with licensed banks to hold securities and futures clients' monies arising from its normal course of business. The Group has classified the clients' monies as "Cash held on behalf of clients" under the current assets section of the consolidated statement of financial position and recognized the corresponding accounts payable to the respective clients on the grounds that is the Group liable for any loss or misappropriation of the clients' monies. The Group is not allowed to use the clients' monies to settle its own obligations. 於報告期末,本集團在中國內地營運之 附屬公司以人民幣為單位之現金及銀行 存款為40,845,000元人民幣(約48,054,000 港元)(二零零九年:28,576,000元人民 幣(約32,457,000港元))。人民幣不能自 由兑換為其他貨幣,然而,根據中國內 地之外匯管制條例及結匯、售匯及付匯 管理規定,本集團獲准透過獲授權進行 外匯業務之銀行將人民幣兑換為外幣。

銀行現金根據每日銀行存款利率按浮動 利率賺取利息。定期存款之存款期介乎 兩星期至兩個月之間,並按定期存款利 率賺取利息。銀行存款存於信譽良好而 近期並無不履約紀錄之銀行。

本集團於持牌銀行開設獨立信託賬戶, 以存放證券及期貨客戶於日常業務產生 之款項。本集團已將此等客戶款項分類 為綜合財務狀況表內流動資產項下之「代 客戶持有現金」,並根據本集團負上客戶 款項之任何損失或挪用之責任而確認為 應付予相關客戶賬款。本集團不准使用 客戶款項償還其本身之債務。



財務報告附註

- 27. Accounts payable/Payables arising from securities and futures . broking
- 27. 應付賬款/證券及期貨經紀產生之 應付賬款

	Group 本集團	
	2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$′000 千港元
應付賬款	176,781	132,231
在日常業務中證券及期貨經紀 產生之應付賬款:		
現金客戶	351,382	424,245
孖展客戶	19,167	33,296
結算所	170	16,664
證券及期貨經紀產生之 應付賬款	370,719	474,205
應付賬款及證券及期貨經紀 產生之應付賬款總額	547,500	606,436
	在日常業務中證券及期貨經紀 產生之應付賬款: 現金客戶 孖展客戶 結算所 證券及期貨經紀產生之 應付賬款 應付賬款及證券及期貨經紀	本集團 2010 HK\$'000 千港元 應付賬款 176,781 在日常業務中證券及期貨經紀 產生之應付賬款: 現金客戶 351,382 好展客戶 19,167 結算所 170 證券及期貨經紀產生之 370,719 應付賬款及證券及期貨經紀 370,719

on the due date, is as follows:

记産生之應忖賬款恨據到期日之賬齡分 析如下:

		Group 本集團	
		2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within 30 days	30日內		
(including amounts not yet due)	(包括未到期金額)	176,343	147,810
31 to 60 days	31至60日	25	770
Over 60 days	超過60日	583	315
		176,951	148,895
Cash clients accounts payable [#]	應付現金客戶賬款"	351,382	424,245
Margin clients accounts payable*	應付孖展客戶賬款*	19,167	33,296
		547,500	606,436

財務報告附註

27. Accounts payable/Payables arising from securities and futures broking (continued)

- Included in the cash clients accounts payable arising from dealing in securities conducted in the ordinary course of business is an amount of approximately HK\$281,074,000 (2009: HK\$333,796,000) representing those clients' undrawn monies/excess deposits placed with the Group. As at 31 December 2010, the cash clients accounts payable included an amount of HK\$6,808,000 (2009: HK\$6,495,000) in respect of securities transactions undertaken for the accounts of certain Directors. The cash clients accounts payable are repayable on demand and bear interest at commercial rates. No ageing analysis is disclosed as, in the opinion of the Directors, an ageing analysis is not meaningful in view of the nature of the business of dealing in securities.
- * The margin clients accounts payable are repayable on demand and bear interest at commercial rates. No ageing analysis is disclosed as, in the opinion of the Directors, an ageing analysis is not relevant in view of the nature of the business of securities margin financing.

28. Derivative financial instruments

27. 應付賬款/證券及期貨經紀產生之 應付賬款(續)

- 包括在日常業務中進行證券買賣產生之 應付現金客戶賬款內約281,074,000港元 (二零零九年:333,796,000港元)為該等客戶 存於本集團之未提取款項/額外繳付按金。 於二零一零年十二月三十一日,應付現金客 戶賬款包括為若干董事賬戶進行證券交易之 款項6,808,000港元(二零零九年:6,495,000 港元)。應付現金客戶賬款須於要求時償還 及按商業條款計息。鑑於證券買賣業務性 質,董事認為賬齡分析意義不大,故無披露 賬齡分析。
- *應付孖展客戶賬款須於要求時償還及按商業 條款計息。鑑於證券孖展借貸業務性質,董 事認為賬齡分析作用不大,故無披露賬齡分 析。

28. 衍生金融工具

		Group 本集團	
		2010	2009
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Assets	資產		
Forward currency contracts	遠期外幣合約		180
Liabilities	負債		
Bullion contracts	貴金屬合約	8,613	14,096
Interest rate swaps	利率掉期	895	
		9,508	14,096

The forward currency contracts, bullion contracts and interest rate swaps are stated at their fair values. The above transactions involving derivative financial instruments are conducted with financial institutions with obligations rated grade "A" or above.

The aggregate contractual amount of the bullion contracts was HK\$277,074,000 (2009: HK\$269,816,000) and the aggregate notional amount of the interest rate swaps was HK\$128,000,000 (2009: Nil). As at 31 December 2009, the aggregate notional amount of the forward currency contracts was HK\$23,150,000.

The purpose of the above contracts and swaps entered into by the Group is to manage the Group's bullion price and interest rate exposures. Such contracts and swaps did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting.

遠期外幣合約、貴金屬合約及利率掉期 按其公平價值列賬。上述涉及衍生金融 工具之交易乃與信貸評級獲評定為「A」 級或以上之金融機構進行。

貴 金 屬 合 約 之 合 約 數 額 總 值 為 277,074,000 港 元(二 零 零 九 年: 269,816,000港元)及利率掉期之名義數 額總值為128,000,000港元(二零零九年: 零)。於二零零九年十二月三十一日, 遠 期 外 幣 合 約 之 名 義 數 額 總 值 為 23,150,000港元。

本集團訂立上述合約旨在管理本集團之 貴金屬價格及利率風險。該等合約及掉 期並不符合對沖會計處理之條件。



財務報告附註

Group 本集團							
		2010			2009 (Restated)(重列)		
		Contractual interest rate 合約利率 %	Maturity 到期日	HK\$′000 千港元	Contractual interest rate 合約利率 %	Maturity 到期日	HK\$'00 千港:
Current	本期						
Bank overdrafts – unsecured	銀行透支 無抵押	5.4	On demand 按要求	143,617	4.9	On demand 按要求	125,5
Portion of term loans from banks due for repayment within one year – unsecured	來自銀行須於 一年內到期 償還之部分 定期貸款 -無抵押	1.3-5.1	2011	410,771	1.3-5.3	2010	281,34
– secured	有抵押	1.5	2011	26,400	1.4	2010	26,4
				437,171			307,74
Portion of term loans from banks due for repayment after one year which contain a repayment on demand clause*	來自銀行須須 一年還里也 了 了 一 年 還 要 之 司 還 、 定 期 定 訳 之 書 、 二 、 二 、 二 、 一 、 一 、 一 、 一 、 一 、 一 、 一						
 unsecured secured 	- 無抵押 - 有抵押	1.5-1.8 1.5	2012-2013 2012	117,556 27,200	1.3-1.6 1.4	2011-2012 2011-2012	111,13 53,60
				144,756			164,7
				725,544			598,0



29. Interest-bearing bank borrowings/Interest-bearing bank borrowings arising from securities and futures broking (continued)

The interest-bearing bank borrowings, including the term loans repayable on demand, are carried at amortized cost. None of the portion of term loans due for repayment after one year which contain a repayment on demand clause and that are classified as current liabilities is expected to be settled within one year.

As at 31 December 2010, the Group's banking facilities amounted to HK\$2,028,417,000 (2009: HK\$1,791,040,000), of which HK\$725,544,000 (2009: HK\$598,043,000) had been utilized at the end of the reporting period. Certain of the banking facilities amounting to HK\$612,100,000 (2009: HK\$538,500,000) are secured by certain assets of the Group as disclosed in notes 14, 15 and 21 to the financial statements.

All of the banking facilities are subject to the fulfilment of covenants relating to certain of the Group's financial ratios, as are commonly found in lending arrangements with financial institutions. If the Group was to breach the covenants, the drawn down facilities would become repayable on demand. In addition, certain of the Group's term loan agreements contain clauses which give the lender the right at its sole discretion to demand immediate repayment at any time, irrespective of whether the Group has complied with the covenants and met the scheduled repayment obligations.

The Group regularly monitors its compliance with these covenants, is up to date with the scheduled repayments of the term loans and does not consider it probable that the bank will exercise its discretion to demand repayment for so long as the Group continues to meet these requirements. Further details of the Group's management of liquidity risk are set out in note 41(a). As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, none of the covenants relating to drawn down facilities had been breached.

The carrying amounts of the bank loans at the end of the reporting period are denominated in the following currencies:

29. 計息銀行貸款/證券及期貨經紀產生之 計息銀行貸款(續)

計息銀行貸款(包括按要求償還之定期貸 款)乃按攤銷成本列賬。預計概無於一年 後到期償還且包含按要求償還條款及分 類為流動負債之部分定期貸款將於一年 內清償。

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,本集 團之銀行信貸額為2,028,417,000港元 (二零零九年:1,791,040,000港元), 其中725,544,000港元(二零零九年: 598,043,000港元)於報告期末已動用。 若干銀行信貸額612,100,000港元 (二零零九年:538,500,000港元)以本集團 於財務報告附註14、15及21披露之若干 資產作為抵押。

所有銀行信貸須本集團符合若干財務比 率,這常見於與金融機構訂立之借貸安 排。倘本集團違反協議,所提取信貸將 須按要求償還。此外,本集團之若干定 期貸款協議包含給予放款人權利可酌情 隨時要求立即償還之條款,不論本集團 是否已遵守協議及履行預定還款責任。

本集團定期監察與該等協議之規定, 達到償還定期貸款之預定日期,並且 認為只要本集團繼續遵守該等規定, 銀行將不會行使其酌情權要求償還 貸款。有關本集團管理流動資金風 險之進一步詳情載於附註41(a)。於 二零一零年及二零零九年十二月三十一日, 本集團並無違反有關動用信貸之協議。

銀行貸款於報告期末之賬面值以下列貨 幣為單位:

	Group 本集團	
	2010	2009
1	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
	318,367	249,399
	396,565	341,372
	10,612	7,272
	725,544	598,043



港元 人民幣 新台幣



30.	Deferred tax	30. 遞延税項	Ę			
	The movements in deferred tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows: Group 本集團			年內遞延	£税項負債及資產變	變動如下:
	Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債				
			Depreciation allowance in excess of related depreciation and revaluation of properties 折舊免税額 超過有關 折舊及物業重估 HK\$'000 千港元	Withholding taxes 預提税 HK\$'000 千港元	Others 其他 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
	At 1 January 2009	於二零零九年一月一日	51,280	6,193	-	57,473
	Deferred tax charged/(credited) to the income statement during the year (note 10)	年內於損益賬扣除/ (撥回)之遞延税項 (附註10)	(47)	31,152	86	31,191
	Deferred tax debited to the leasehold land and buildings revaluation reserve during the year	年內於租賃土地及 樓宇重估儲備扣除之 遞延税項	2,130	_	_	2,130
	Exchange realignment	匯兑調整			33	33
	At 31 December 2009 and 1 January 2010	於二零零九年 十二月三十一日及 二零一零年一月一日	53,363	37,345	119	90,827
	Deferred tax charged/(credited) to the income statement during the year (note 10)	年內於損益賬扣除/ (撥回)之遞延税項 (附註10)	3,658	30,877	(130)	34,405
	Deferred tax debited to the leasehold land and buildings revaluation reserve during the year	年內於租賃土地及 樓宇重估儲備扣除之 遞延税項	26	-	-	26
	Exchange realignment	匯兑調整			139	139
	Gross deferred tax liabilities recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 December 2010	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日 於綜合財務狀況表 確認之遞延税項 負債總額	57,047	68,222	128	125,397



財務報告附註

30. Deferred tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets

Group 本集團 30. 遞延税項(續)

		Decelerated tax depreciation 減速税項折舊 HK\$'000 千港元	Others 其他 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$′000 千港元
At 1 January 2009	於二零零九年一月一日	813	510	1,323
Deferred tax credited to the income statement during the year (note 10)	年內於損益賬撥回之 遞延税項(附註10)	2,646	256	2,902
At 31 December 2009 and 1 January 2010	於二零零九年 十二月三十一日及 二零一零年一月一日	3,459	766	4,225
Deferred tax credited to the income statement during the year (note 10)	年內於損益賬撥回之 遞延税項(附註10)	4,317	5,396	9,713
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	53	162	215
Gross deferred tax assets recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 December 2010	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日 於綜合財務狀況表 確認之遞延税項資產總額	7,829	6,324	14,153

遞延税項資產

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong and elsewhere (including Taiwan and Macau) of HK\$336,000 (2009: HK\$1,182,000) and HK\$25,831,000 (2009: HK\$31,519,000), respectively. The tax losses arising in Hong Kong are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the tax losses arose, whilst those arising in Taiwan and Macau are available for a maximum period of ten years and three years, respectively. Deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is uncertain whether sufficient taxable profit will be available against which the tax losses can be utilized.

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in the People's Republic of China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. For the Group's subsidiaries established in the People's Republic of China, the applicable rate is 10%. The Group is therefore liable to withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in the People's Republic of China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

本集團於香港及其他地區(包括台灣及澳門)產生之税項虧損分別為336,000 港元(二零零九年:1,182,000港元)及 25,831,000港元(二零零九年:31,519,000 港元)。於香港產生之税項虧損可無限期 用作抵銷該等產生税項虧損公司之未來 應課税溢利,而於台灣及澳門產生之税 項虧損之最長可用期限分別為十年及三 年。由於此等虧損乃來自仍在虧損之附 屬公司,以及並未能確定是否有足夠應 課税溢利可用作抵銷税項虧損,故並無 就此等虧損確認遞延税項資產。

根據中國企業所得税法,於中華人民共和國成立之外商投資企業向外國投資 者宣派股息須按10%徵收預提税。此規 定由二零零八年一月一日起生效,並適 用於二零零七年十二月三十一日後之 溢利。就本集團於中華人民共和國成立 之附屬公司而言,適用税率為10%。因 此,本集團有責任就該等於中華人民共和國 成立之附屬公司於二零零八年一月一日起 產生之溢利所分派之股息繳付預提税。


財務報告附註

	(續)	30. 遞延税項				eferred tax (continued)	
息並無涉及所	其股東派發之股,	本公司向 得税。	the payment of	There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.			
		31. 股本				hare capital	
2009 HK\$'000 千港元	2010 HK\$′000 千港元						
250,000	250,000		(二零零九年: 00)股每股面值 普通股			uthorized: 1,000,000,000 (2009: 1,00 ordinary shares of HK\$0	
150,480	169,230		二零零九年:))股每股面值	已發行及繳足: 676,920,000(2 601,920,000 0.25港元之		sued and fully paid: 676,920,000 (2009: 601,9 ordinary shares of HK\$0	
	二零一零年五月				ary shares o	he Company had completed total of 75,000,000 ordin avestors at a placing price of	
按配售價每涨 ℤ投資者合共 転元之普通股。 約為970,000,000 爭額用於擴充	式配售事項,並 致行予多名獨立 股每股面值025港 項之所得淨額約 本公司把所得淨 內零售業務及一;	13.3港 元 75,000,000 該配售事 港元,而	et proceeds from	nsion of the Gro	lion for expa	ne placing was HK\$970 mil usiness and for general wor	
按配售價每股4 ∑投資者合共 約為970,000,000 爭額用於擴充 般營運資金。	式配售事項,並 發行予多名獨立 股每股面值0.25港 項之所得淨額約 本公司把所得淨	13.3港元 75,000,000 該配售事 港元,而 本集團國 年內本公	et proceeds from oup's China retail ence to the above	nsion of the Gro purposes. e year with refere	lion for expa king capital p ns during the	ne placing was HK\$970 mil	
按配售價每股4 ∑投資者合共 約為970,000,000 爭額用於擴充 般營運資金。	式配售事項,並 發行予多名獨立 股每股面值0.25港 項之所得淨額約 本公司把所得淨 內零售業務及一; 司已發行股本參:	13.3港元 75,000,000 該配售事 港元,而 本集團國 年內本公	et proceeds from oup's China retail ence to the above	nsion of the Gro purposes. e year with refere	lion for expa king capital p ns during the	ne placing was HK\$970 mil usiness and for general wor summary of the transaction	
按配售價合股, 在 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	式配售事項,並 致行予多名獨立 項之所得所 有一般 可之所得形得 方 本零 生 教 及 本 参 : 本 参 : 本 家 を 思 の に 2 5 港 湾 立 の 府 で 形 面 信 の 2 5 港 湾 つ の 2 5 港 湾 の の 四 道 の 2 5 港 湾 の 四 値 の 2 5 港 湾 の 四 値 の 2 5 港 酒 信 の 2 5 港 の の 面 信 の 2 5 港 湾 の 四 信 の 2 5 港 酒 合 四 面 信 の 2 5 港 酒 合 四 面 (2 5 港 酒 浩 の 四 二 7 浩 四 同 一 の 二 5 港 酒 二 の 一 二 第 浩 四 二 第 浩 四 二 第 一 二 第 一 二 二 第 一 二 二 第 一 二 、 一 二 、 一 二 、 二 、 二 、 二 、 、 、 、 二 、 一 、	13.3港元 75,000,000 該配告,而本集團國 年內本公 進行之交 Issued capital	et proceeds from oup's China retail ence to the above lows: Number of shares in issue 已發行股份	nsion of the Gro purposes. e year with refere	lion for expa king capital p ns during the	ne placing was HK\$970 mil usiness and for general wor summary of the transaction	
按配售售者通0000 按投之之普通0000,000 新為970,000,000 新教習 建 整動所 Tota 合記 HK\$'000	式配售事項,並 立 設設 項名獨25 第	13.3港元 75,000,000 該配售事 港元,而 本集團國 年內本公 進行之交 Issued capital 已發行股本 HK\$'000	et proceeds from oup's China retail ence to the above lows: Number of shares in issue 已發行股份	nsion of the Gro purposes. e year with refere e capital is as fol 九年一月一日、 九年十二月 日及	lion for expanding capital p king capital p ns during the s issued share 於二零零か 二零零か 三十一日	ne placing was HK\$970 mil usiness and for general wor summary of the transaction	
按配售售者通0000 按投之之普通0000,000 新為970,000,000 新教習 建 整動所 Tota 合記 HK\$'000	式配售事項,並 立 設設 項名獨25 第	13.3港元 75,000,000 該配售事 港元,而 本集團國 年內本公 進行之交 Issued capital 已發行股本 HK\$'000	et proceeds from oup's China retail ence to the above lows: Number of shares in issue 已發行股份	nsion of the Gro purposes. e year with refere e capital is as fol 九年一月一日、 九年十二月 日及 零年一月一日	lion for expanding capital p king capital p ns during the s issued share 於二零零か 二零零か 三十一日	ne placing was HK\$970 mil usiness and for general wor summary of the transaction novements in the Company' t 1 January 2009, 31 December 2009 and	

財務報告附註

32. Share option scheme

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives or rewards to eligible participants for their contribution to the Group and enabling the Group to recruit and retain valuable employees.

Pursuant to the Scheme, the Board of Directors of the Company may, at its discretion, invite any employees, Executive or Non-executive Directors (including Independent Non-executive Directors), advisers, consultants, shareholders of any member of the Group or such other persons from time to time to be an eligible person to whom share options will be granted as an incentive to attract and retain them for their contributions to the business development of the Group. The Scheme was approved and adopted by the shareholders of the Company on 7 December 2010 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the maximum number of shares available for issue was 67,692,000, representing 10% of the issued share capital of the Company.

The maximum number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of options granted under the Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company to each participant in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company.

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Scheme at any time during a period commencing on such date on or after the date on which the option is granted as the directors may determine in granting the option and expiring at the close of business on such date as the directors may determine in granting the option but in any event shall not exceed 10 years from the date of grant (which is the date of offer of grant if the offer for the grant of the option is accepted.)

An offer for the grant of options must be accepted within 30 days inclusive of the day on which such offer was made. The amount payable on acceptance of the offer for the grant of an option is HK\$1.00.

The exercise price of share options is determinable by the directors provided always that it shall be at least the higher of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of offer; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the 5 trading days immediately preceding the date of offer; and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company.

Since adoption of the Scheme, no share options have been offered and/or granted.

32. 購股權計劃

本公司設有一項購股權計劃(「計劃」), 為了向合資格參與者對本集團作出之貢 獻給予獎勵或獎賞,以及令本集團能招 攬並挽留對本集團具有價值之僱員。

根據該計劃之規定,本公司董事會可不 時酌情邀請任何僱員、執行董事或非執 行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)、顧問、 該等其他人士為合資格人士,其將可獲 授購股權,作為因彼等對本集團業務發 展作出貢獻而吸引並挽留彼等之獎勵。 該計劃於二零一零年十二月七日獲本公 司股東批准及採納,除非該計劃被另行 取消或修訂,否則將自該日期起計十年 內有效。

於此等財務報告獲批核當日,可供發行之股份數目上限為67,692,000股,相等於本公司已發行股份之10%。

每名參與人在任何十二個月內(直至授出 購股權當日止),根據該計劃及本公司任 何其他購股權計劃獲授之購股權予以行 使時,所發行及將發行之股份上限不得 超過本公司已發行股份之1%。

購股權可根據該計劃條款之規定,於董 事授出購股權時,決定授出之購股權當 日或其後日子開始行使,直至董事授出 購股權時已決定之日期營業時間結束時 屆滿:惟於任何情況下,由授出購股權 當日(即提出授出購股權要約當日,而該 購股權要約獲接受)起計不可超過十年。

購股權獲授人接受授出購股權之要約, 必須於提出要約之日起三十日內(包括提 出要約當日)接受有關之要約。於接受授 出購股權之要約時,須繳付1.00港元。

購股權之行使價乃由董事釐定,惟購股 權須以下列最高者釐定(i)本公司股份於 要約日期在聯交所每日報價表所列之收 市價:(ii)本公司股份於緊接要約日期前5 個交易日在聯交所每日報價表所列之平 均收市價:及(iii)本公司每股股份之面值。

自採納該計劃後,本公司並無提呈及/ 或授出購股權。



(a) Group

儲備 33

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 36 to 39 of the financial statements.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations for wholly-foreigninvested enterprises and sino-foreign equity joint venture, a portion of the profits of the Group's subsidiaries which are established in the People's Republic of China has been transferred to reserve funds which are restricted as to use.

The amount of goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries in prior years, which remains eliminated against the consolidated retained profits, amounted to HK\$4,832,000 as at 31 December 2010 (2009: HK\$4,832,000).

(b) Company

財務報告附註

(a) 本集團

本集團之儲備額及年內及以往年 度之變動列載於財務報告第36至 39頁之綜合權益變動表內。

根據適用於全外商投資企業及中 外合資合營公司之相關法律及法 規,本集團於中華人民共和國成 立之附屬公司之部分溢利已轉撥 往用途受限制之儲備金。

於二零一零年十二月三十一日, 以往年度因收購附屬公司產生之 商譽並仍於綜合保留溢利撇銷之 數值達4,832,000港元(二零零九 年:4,832,000港元)。

Note 附註	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained profits 保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$′000 千港元
	99,724	975,582	256,904	1,332,210
11	-	-	200,642	200,642
12			(180,576)	(180,576)
	99 724	975 582	276 970	1,352,276
	55,724	575,562		
	- 078 750	-	570,894	570,894 978,750
31	(26,972)	-	-	(26,972)
12			(230,153)	(230,153)
	1,051,502	975,582	617,711	2,644,795
	附註 11 12 11 12 11 31 31	premium 股份溢價 Note HK\$'000 附註 千港元 99,724 11 12 99,724 11 12 99,724 11 12 99,724 11 12 131 978,750 31 (26,972) 12	股份溢價 HK\$'000 附註 繳入盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元 99,724 975,582 11 - 12 - 99,724 975,582 11 - 12 - 99,724 975,582 11 - 12 - 99,724 975,582 11 - 12 - 978,750 - 31 (26,972) 12 - 12 -	premium 股份溢價 約入盈餘 surplus 保留溢利 Note 附註 HK\$'000 干港元 HK\$'000 干港元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 99,724 975,582 256,904 11 - - 200,642 12 - (180,576) 99,724 975,582 276,970 11 - - 99,724 975,582 276,970 11 - - 99,724 975,582 276,970 11 - - 99,724 975,582 276,970 11 - - 12 - - 12 - - 12 - - 12 - - 12 - -

The Company's contributed surplus arose in 1992 as a result of the Group's reorganization and represents the difference between the nominal value of the Company's shares allocated under the reorganization scheme and the then consolidated net asset value of the acquired subsidiaries.

Under the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, the contributed surplus is distributable to shareholders under certain circumstances.

本公司於一九九二年產生之繳入 盈餘來自本集團重組,乃根據重 組計劃配發之本公司股份面值與 被收購附屬公司當時之綜合資產 淨值之差額計算。

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法, 在若干情況下,繳入盈餘可分派 予股東。



財務報告附註

34. Maturity profile of assets and liabilities

34. 資產及負債之到期情況

A maturity profile of certain assets and liabilities of the Group analyzed by the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date, as disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, is as follows: 根據上市規則規定需披露本集團若干資 產及財務負債按於報告期末至合約到期 日之尚餘期間之到期情況分析如下:

		No fixed terms of repayment/ Repayable on demand 無固定償還期/ 須按要求償還 HK\$'000 千港元	3 months or less 三個月 或以下 HK\$'000 千港元	Undated 無期限 HK\$′000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 December 2010	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日				
Assets Accounts receivable Receivables arising from securities and	資產 應收賬款 證券及期貨經紀產生之 應收賬款	30,381	373,057	-	403,438
futures broking		184,307	72,127	-	256,434
Cash held on behalf of clients	代客戶持有現金	46,863	260,000	-	306,863
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金	247,727	25,192		272,919
		509,278	730,376		1,239,654
Liabilities*	負債*				
Accounts payable Payables arising from securities	應付賬款 證券及期貨經紀產生之	14,105	162,676	-	176,781
and futures broking Financial liabilities included in other payables and	應付賬款 包含在其他應付賬款 及應計項目之	300,241	70,478	-	370,719
accruals	財務負債	50,365	75,907	_	126,272
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	-	_	9,508	9,508
Bank overdrafts	銀行透支	143,617	-	_	143,617
Term loans subject to a	按要求償還條款之				
repayment on demand clause	定期貸款	581,927	-	-	581,927
		1,090,255	309,061	9,508	1,408,824

* Based on contractual undiscounted payments

* 按已訂約但未折現款項計算



34.	Maturity profile of assets and	liabilities (continued)		34. 資產及	負債之到期情況(續	;)
			No fixed terms of repayment/ Repayable on demand 無固定償還期/ 須按要求償還 HK\$'000 千港元	3 months or less 三個月 或以下 HK\$'000 千港元	Undated 無期限 HK \$ ′000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
	As at 31 December 2009 (Restated)	於二零零九年 十二月三十一日 (重列)				
	Assets Accounts receivable Receivables arising from securities and	資產 應收賬款 證券及期貨經紀產生之 應收賬款	77,178	249,094	-	326,272
	futures broking Cash held on behalf of clients Cash and cash equivalents	代客戶持有現金 現金及等同現金	102,290 79,012 378,536	98,862 309,000 463	- - 	201,152 388,012 378,999
			637,016	657,419		1,294,435
	Liabilities* Accounts payable Payables arising from securities	負債★ 應付賬款 證券及期貨經紀產生之	11,103	121,128	_	132,231
	and futures broking Financial liabilities included	應付賬款 包含在其他應付賬款	367,092	107,113	-	474,205
	in other payables and accruals Derivative financial instruments	及應計項目之 財務負債 衍生金融工具	73,332	75,940 -	_ 14,096	149,272 14,096
	Bank overdrafts Term loans subject to a repayment on demand clause	銀行透支 按要求償還條款之 定期貸款	472,473			472,473
			1,049,570	304,181	14,096	1,367,847

* Based on contractual undiscounted payments

* 按已訂約但未折現款項計算

財務報告附註

35. **Contingent liabilities**

或然負債 35.

At the end of the reporting period, contingent liabilities not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

於報告期末,並無於財務報告中撥備之 或然負債如下:

		Grou 本集	•	Comp 本公	•
		2010	2009	2010	2009
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Guarantees for banking and other facilities of certain	為若干附屬公司之銀行及 其他信貸擔保				
subsidiaries			_	1,121,758	879,870
(a) The Company has ever	uted quarantees to banks for		 (a) *	~ 키리 랴 芋 푸 애	

- The Company has executed guarantees to banks for gold trading (a) facilities granted to certain subsidiaries. The utilized amount of such facilities covered by the Company's guarantees which also represented the financial exposure of the Company at the end of the reporting period was US\$51 million (approximately HK\$396 million) (2009: US\$36 million (approximately HK\$282 million)). The total amounts of such facilities covered by the Company's guarantees at the end of the reporting period were US\$76 million (approximately HK\$591 million) and HK\$150 million (2009: US\$77 million (approximately HK\$597 million) and HK\$50 million).
- (b) The Company has executed guarantees to banks for banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries. The utilized amount of such facilities covered by the Company's guarantees which also represented the financial exposure of the Company at the end of the reporting period was HK\$726 million (2009: HK\$598 million). The total amount of such facilities covered by the Company's guarantees at the end of the reporting period was HK\$2,028 million (2009: HK\$1,791 million).

(a) 本公司已就若干附屬公司獲授 之黃金買賣信貸額向銀行簽立 擔保。本公司擔保所涵蓋之該 等信貸之已動用金額,亦即本 公司於報告期末之財務風險,為 51,000,000美元(約396,000,000港 元)(二零零九年:36,000,000美 元(約282,000,000港元))。於報告 期末,本公司擔保所涵蓋之該等 信貸總金額為76.000.000美元(約 591,000,000港元)及150,000,000港 元(二零零九年:77,000,000美元 (約597,000,000港元)及50,000,000 港元)。

本公司已就若干附屬公司獲授 (b) 之銀行信貸額向銀行簽立擔保。 本公司擔保所涵蓋之該等信貸之 已動用金額,亦即本公司於報告 期末之財務風險,為726,000,000 港元(二零零九年:598.000.000 港元)。於報告期末,本公司擔 保所涵蓋之該等信貸總金額為 2.028.000.000港元(二零零九年: 1,791,000,000港元)。

ANNUAL REPORT 2010 2010 年報

Operating lease arrangements 36.

(a) As lessor

The Group leases its investment properties (note 15) under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from one to three years. The terms of the leases generally also require the tenants to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rent adjustments according to the then prevailing market conditions.

As at 31 December 2010, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants falling due as follows:

		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	5,389	6,006
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	二至五年,首尾兩年包括在內	2,286	2,335

As lessee (b)

The Group leases certain of its office properties and retail shops under operating lease arrangements. Leases for these properties and shops are negotiated for terms ranging from one to ten years.

As at 31 December 2010, the Group had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

Within one year	一年內
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	二至五年,首尾兩年包括在內
After five years	五年後

In addition to the minimum future rental payments disclosed above, the Group has commitments to pay contingent rents based on a proportion of turnover for certain leased rental shops. Contingent rents are not included in the above commitments as it is not possible to estimate the amounts which may be payable.

經營租約承擔 36

(a) 出租人

> 本集團以經營租約安排租出其投 資物業(附註15),經磋商訂定租 期為一至三年。租約條款一般要 求租客支付保證按金及根據普遍 市場環境作定期租金調整。

於二零一零年十二月三十一日, 本集團就與租客訂定不可撤銷之 經營租約,按到期日,未來最低租 賃應收賬款總額如下:

2010	2009
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
5,389	6,006
2,286	2,335
7.675	8 341

(b) 承租人

本集團以經營租約安排承租若干 辦公室物業及零售店舖。此等物 業及店舖租期經磋商訂定為期一 至十年。

於二零一零年十二月三十一日, 本集團就不可撤銷之經營和約, 按到期日,未來最低租賃應付賬 款總額如下:

2010	2009
HK\$′000	HK\$′000
千港元	千港元
321,657	253,253
310,984	274,647
42	48
632,683	527,948

除上文披露之最低未來租賃付款 外,本集團有若干按零售店舖營 業額百分比支付或然租金之租賃 承擔。由於不可能預計可能支付 的金額,或然租金並不計入以上 承擔。



財務報告附註

37. Commitments

37. 承擔

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 36(b) above, the Group had the following capital commitments in respect of property, plant and equipment at the end of the reporting period:

已簽訂,但未撥備

已批核,但未簽訂

除上述附註36(b)詳載之經營租約承擔 外,本集團於報告期末有以下有關物 業、機器及設備之資本承擔:

	2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$'000 千港元
-	1,037 70,072	5,245
_	71,109	5,245

38. 關連人士交易

除已於本財務報告其他部分詳載之交易 及結餘外,本集團於年內與關連人士進 行以下重大交易:

(a) 與關連人士進行之交易

於二零零九年十二月十七日, (i) 本公司一家全資附屬公司就於 截至二零一零年十二月三十一日 止年度內向青島京華飾品有限 公司(「青島京華」)及上海京華飾 品有限公司(「上海京華」)銷售鑽 石毛坯及打磨鑽石續訂與青島京 華及上海京華訂立之銷售協議。 青島京華及上海京華均為青島京 華鑽石集團有限公司(前稱為「青 島京華投資管理有限公司」)之附 屬公司,而青島京華鑽石集團有 限公司則為本公司一家持有70% 股權之附屬公司之一名持有30% 股權之股東。售價乃按鑽石之類 別、數量及當時市價而釐定。截 至二零一零年十二月三十一日止 年度內銷售予青島京華及上海 京華之總額為零(二零零九年: 5,977,000港元)。

(ii) 於二零零九年十二月十七日, 本公司若干附屬公司就於截至 二零一零年十二月三十一日止 年度內向上海京華採購打磨鑽 石續訂採購協議。採購代價乃按 打磨鑽石之類別、數量及當時 市價而釐定。截至二零一零年 十二月三十一日止年度內向上海 京華採購總額為20,813,000港元 (二零零九年:17,413,000港元)。

38. Connected and related party transactions

Contracted, but not provided for

Authorized, but not contracted for

In addition to the transactions and balances detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with connected and/or related parties during the year:

(a) Transactions with connected and/or related parties

- (i) On 17 December 2009, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company renewed the sales agreement with Qingdao Jinghua Diamond & Jewellery Co., Ltd. ("Qingdao Jinghua") and Shanghai Jinghua Diamond & Jewellery Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Jinghua") for selling rough diamonds and polished diamonds to Qingdao Jinghua and Shanghai Jinghua for the year ended 31 December 2010. Qingdao Jinghua and Shanghai Jinghua are the subsidiaries of Qingdao Jinghua Diamond Holdings Co., Ltd (formerly known as "Qingdao Jinghua Investment Management Co., Ltd."), a 30% shareholder of a 70%-owned subsidiary of the Company. The selling prices were determined based on the category, quantity and the prevailing market price of the diamonds. The aggregate sales to Qingdao Jinghua and Shanghai Jinghua for the year ended 31 December 2010 amounted to nil (2009: HK\$5,977,000).
- (ii) On 17 December 2009, certain subsidiaries of the Company renewed the purchase agreement with Shanghai Jinghua for purchasing polished diamonds from Shanghai Jinghua for the year ended 31 December 2010. The purchase consideration was determined based on the category, quantity and the prevailing market price of the polished diamonds. The total purchases from Shanghai Jinghua for the year ended 31 December 2010 amounted to HK\$20,813,000 (2009: HK\$17,413,000).



38. Connected and related party transactions (continued)

(a) Transactions with connected and/or related parties (continued)

- (iii) On 17 December 2009, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company renewed the polishing service agreement with Qingdao Jinghua for engaging Qingdao Jinghua to provide rough diamond polishing services for the year ended 31 December 2010. The processing fees were charged according to an agreed price list which was determined with reference to market rates. The total processing fees charged by Qingdao Jinghua for the year ended 31 December 2010 amounted to HK\$666,000 (2009: HK\$840,000).
- (iv) On 1 April 2007, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company renewed the tenancy agreement with the respective spouse of Mr. CHOW Kwen Ling and Dr. CHOW Kwen Lim and the administrator of a late Director of the Company for the lease of a retail shop for two years ended 31 March 2009 with a monthly rental of HK\$173,000. On 31 March 2009, such tenancy agreement was further renewed for two years ending 31 March 2011 with a monthly rental of HK\$163,000. The lease rentals were determined with reference to open market rentals. The total rental paid by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2010 amounted to HK\$1,956,000 (2009: HK\$1,986,000).
- (v) A wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company renewed leases with related companies, in which certain Directors and their respective spouse have interests, for the lease of the Company's Directors' quarters with an aggregate monthly rental of HK\$80,000 for the year ended 31 December 2010. The lease rentals were determined with reference to open market rentals. The total rentals paid by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2010 amounted to HK\$960,000 (2009: HK\$960,000).

All of the above related party transactions also constitute continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

38. 關連人士交易(續)

(a) 與關連人士進行之交易(續)

- (iii) 於二零零九年十二月十七日,本 公司一家全資附屬公司就委聘青 島京華於截至二零一零年十二月 三十一日止年度內提供鑽石毛 坯打磨服務續訂打磨服務協議。 加工費乃按協定之價格表收取, 價格表內收費經參考市場價格 後釐定。截至二零一零年十二月 三十一日止年度內青島京華收 取之加工費總額為666,000港元 (二零零九年:840,000港元)。
- 於二零零七年四月一日,本公司-(iv) 家全資附屬公司與周君令先生及 周君廉博士各自之配偶及本公司一 名已故董事之遺產執行人就於截至 二零零九年三月三十一日止兩年內 租予本集團零售店舖續訂租約,每月 租金為173.000港元。於二零零九年 三月三十一日, 該租約就截至 二零一一年三月三十一日止兩個年 度再續訂,每月租金為163,000港元。 租金乃參考公開市值租金 釐定。本集團於截至二零一零年 十二月三十一日止年度內繳付租金總 額為1,956,000港元(二零零九年: 1,986,000港元)。
- (v) 本公司一家全資附屬公司與若干 董事及彼等各自之配偶持有權益 之關連公司就於截至二零一零年 十二月三十一日止年度內租予本 公司董事宿舍續訂租約,每月租 金總額為80,000港元。租金乃參考 公開市值租金釐定。本集團於截 至二零一零年十二月三十一日止年 度內繳付租金總額為960,000港元 (二零零九年:960,000港元)。
- 上述所有關連人士交易亦構成上市規則 第十四A章所界定之持續關連交易。



財務報告附註

Con	Connected and related party transactions (continued) 38. 關連人士交易(續)				人士交易(續)	
(a)	Transactions with connected and/or re Payable to a related party:	elated parties (continued)		(a)	與關連人士進行之交 應付關連人士賬款:	易(續)
					Grouj 本集團 2010 HK\$′000 千港元	
	Shanghai Jinghua	上海京華			1,244	1,883
	The payable to a related party is un payable within one month after billings.	secured, interest-free and			應付關連人士賬款7 息及須於發單後一個	
(b)	Remuneration of key management pe	ersonnel of the Group		(b)	本集團主要管理人員	酬金
	The aggregate amount of remuneration personnel during the year, including Company's Executive Directors, is as follo	the amounts paid to the			年內,已付主要管理 總額,包括已付本2 之金額,載列如下:	
					Grou 本集	•
					2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$′000 千港元
	Fees Salaries and allowances Discretionary bonuses paid and payable Pension scheme contributions	袍金 薪金及津貼 已付及應付酌情花紅 退休金計劃供款			987 17,101 9,105 742	930 17,036 7,966 727

Further details of Directors' remuneration are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

董事酬金詳情載於財務報告附註8。



財務報告附註

39. Financial instruments by category 39. 按類別分類之金融	
The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments at 於報告期末,各類 the end of the reporting period are as follows: 如下:	[別之金融工具賬面值 [
Group 本集團	
2010 二零一零年	
Financial assets 财務資產	
 – held for Loans and finan trading receivables as 按公平價值 	sale
	出售 資產 合計 ′000 HK\$′000 港元 千港元
Other assets其他資產-95,302Available-for-sale investments可供出售投資889	– 95,302 ,206 889,206
Accounts receivable應收賬款-403,438Receivables arising from證券及期貨經紀產生之	- 403,438
securities and futures broking 應收賬款 - 256,434 Financial assets included 包含在預付款項、	- 256,434
in prepayments, deposits 按金及其他應收 and other receivables 賬款之財務資產 - 31,338 Investments at fair value 按公平價值訂定盈虧之	- 31,338
through profit or loss 投資 12,015 – Cash held on behalf of clients 代客戶持有現金 206,863	– 12,015 – 306,863
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及等同現金 272,919	- 272,919
12,015 1,366,294 889	,206 2,267,515
Financial liabilities 財務負債 Financial	
value through Finar profit or loss liabilitie – held for amort	ized
按公平價值	攤銷
_持作買賣 財務 ──────────────────────────────────	負債 合計
	,781 176,781
Payables arising from securities 證券及期貨經紀產生之 and futures broking 應付賬款 Financial liabilities included 包含在其他應付賬款及	,719 370,719
	,272 126,272 – 9,508
	,544 725,544
9,508 1,399	,316 1,408,824

CHOW SANG SANG HOLDINGS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED 117 ANNUAL REPORT 2010 周生生集團國際有限公司 2010 年報

財務報告附註

39. Financial instruments by category (continued) Group

39. 按類別分類之金融工具(續)

2009 二零零九年

Financial assets 財務資產

		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss – held for trading 按公平價值 訂定盈虧之 財務資產 –持作買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	Loans and receivables 貸款及 應收賬款 HK\$'000 千港元	Available- for-sale financial assets 可供出售 財務資產 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK \$ ′000 千港元
Other assets Available-for-sale investments Accounts receivable Receivables arising from	其他資產 可供出售投資 應收賬款 證券及期貨經紀產生之	- - -	77,605 _ 326,272	_ 705,255 _	77,605 705,255 326,272
securities and futures broking Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits	應收賬款 包含在預付款項、 按金及其他應收	-	201,152	-	201,152
and other receivables Investments at fair value	賬款之財務資產 按公平價值訂定盈虧之	-	19,656	-	19,656
through profit or loss Derivative financial instruments Cash held on behalf of clients Cash and cash equivalents	投公十頁目司足盈眉之 投資 衍生金融工具 代客戶持有現金 現金及等同現金	8,010 180 	- 388,012 378,999		8,010 180 388,012 378,999
		8,190	1,391,696	705,255	2,105,141

Financial liabilities

財務負債

		Financial liabilities at fair value through	Financial	
		profit or loss – held for	liabilities at amortized	
		trading 按公平價值	cost	Total
		訂定盈虧之 財務負債 持作買賣 HK \$ ′000 千港元	按攤銷 成本入賬之 財務負債 HK \$ ′000 千港元	合計 HK\$′000 千港元
Accounts payable	應付賬款	-	132,231	132,231
Payables arising from securities and futures broking Financial liabilities included	證券及期貨經紀產生之 應付賬款 包含在其他應付賬款及	-	474,205	474,205
in other payables and accruals Derivative financial instruments	應計項目之財務負債 衍生金融工具	_ 14,096	149,272	149,272 14,096
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	計息銀行貸款		598,043	598,043
		14,096	1,353,751	1,367,847

財務報告附註

39.	Financial instruments by category (con	tinued)	39.	按類別分類之金融工具(續)	
	Company 本公司				
	Financial assets	財務資產			
				Loans and re 貸款及應收	
				2010	2009
				HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				千港元	千港元
	Due from subsidiaries	附屬公司欠款		1,730,165	418,583
	Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金		1,779	1,410
				1,731,944	419,993
	Financial liabilities	財務負債			
				Financial liab amortized	
				按攤銷成本入賬	
				2010 HK\$′000	2009 HK\$'000
				千港元	千港元
	Financial liabilities included in	包含在其他應付賬款及			
	other payables and accruals	應計項目之財務負債		1,239	1,054

40. Fair value and fair value hierarchy

At the end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximated to their fair values.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

Accounts receivable, receivables arising from securities and futures broking, financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables, cash held on behalf of clients, cash and cash equivalents, accounts payable, payables arising from securities and futures broking, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals, and term loans from banks due for repayment within one year approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The fair values of other assets and the portion of term loans from banks due for repayment after one year which contain a repayment on demand clause have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments on similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities.

40. 公平價值及公平價值等級

於報告期末,本集團及本公司之財務資 產及財務負債之賬面值與其公平價值相 若。

財務資產及財務負債之公平價值,除了 **強迫或清盤出售**,乃以各方自願的當前 交易中該工具可交換之金額入賬。估計 公平價值時使用了以下方法及假設:

應收賬款、證券及期貨經紀產生之應收 賬款、包含在預付款項、按金及其他應 收賬款之財務資產、代客戶持有現金、 現金及等同現金、應付賬款、證券及期 貨經紀產生之應付賬款、包含在其他應 付賬款及應計項目之財務負債及來自銀 行須於一年內到期償還之定期貸款,彼 等之公平價值與其賬面值相若,主要由 於該等工具將於短期內到期。

其他資產及來自銀行須於一年後到期償 還且包含按要求償還條款之部分定期貸 款之公平價值乃採用具有類似條款、信 貸風險及餘下到期日之工具之現時適用 利率折現計算預期未來現金流量。



40. Fair value and fair value hierarchy (continued)

The fair values of listed equity investments are based on quoted market bid prices. The fair value of the unlisted available-for-sale equity investment has been estimated using a valuation technique including a discounted cash flow analysis, and based on assumptions which make use of market parameters as supported by open market value, etc. The Directors believe that the estimated fair value resulting from the valuation technique, which is recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position, and the related change in fair value, which is recorded in other comprehensive income, is reasonable, and that it was the most appropriate value at the end of the reporting period.

As at 31 December 2010, certain unlisted equity investments with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$739,000 (2009: HK\$739,000) were stated at cost because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the Directors are of the opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

The Group enters into derivative financial instruments with various counterparties, principally financial institutions with Grade "A" or above. Derivative financial instruments, including forward currency contracts, bullion contracts and interest rate swaps, are measured using valuation techniques similar to forward pricing and swap models, using present value calculations. The models incorporate various market observable inputs including the credit quality of counterparties, foreign exchange spot, forward rates, gold prices and interest rate curves. The carrying amounts of forward currency contracts, bullion contracts and interest rate swaps are the same as their fair values.

Fair value hierarchy

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments:

- Level 1: fair values measured based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: fair values measured based on valuation techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3: fair values measured based on valuation techniques for which any inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

40. 公平價值及公平價值等級(續)

上市股份投資之公平價值乃根據市場買 入價計算。非上市可供出售股份投資之 公平價值乃採用包括折現現金流量分析 之估值方法估計,所作之假設乃使用透 過由公開市值支持之市場參數等。董事 認為就估值方式產生之估計公平價值已 於綜合財務狀況表記賬及相關公平價 值變動已於其他全面收益記賬,並屬合 理,及為於報告期末最適當之價值。

於二零一零年十二月三十一日,由於合 理公平價值估計範圍太大,董事認為無 法可靠地計量其公平價值,故賬面總值 739,000港元(二零零九年:739,000港元) 之若干非上市股份投資乃按成本列賬。

本集團與不同之交易對手,主要為具有 [A]或以上信用等級之金融機構,訂立衍 生金融工具。包括遠期外幣合約、貴金 屬合約及利率掉期之衍生金融工具,乃 採用與遠期定價及掉期模式類似之估值 技術計量(採用現值計算)。該等模式納 入各種不同之市場可觀察數據,包括交 易對手之信貸質素、外匯即期和遠期匯 率、金價及利率曲線。遠期外幣合約、 貴金屬合約及利率掉期之賬面值與其公 平價值相同。

公平價值等級

本集團就釐定及披露金融工具之公平價 值採用以下等級:

- 級別一: 公平價值按相同資產或負債 在活躍市場之報價(未經調 整)計量
- 級別二: 公平價值按估值技術計量, 而該技術採用所有對已記錄 公平價值具重大影響,可直 接或間接觀察之數據
- 級別三: 公平價值按估值技術計量, 而該技術採用所有對已記錄 公平價值具重大影響之數據 均非基於可觀察市場數據(不可觀察數據)

財務報告附註

Fair value and fair value hierar	chy (continued)		40. 公平價值】	その平價值等級(約	賣)
Fair value hierarchy (continued	()		公平價值等	等級(續)	
Group 本集團					
Assets measured at fair value:			按公平價值	值計量之資產:	
		Level 1 級別一 HK\$′000 千港元	Level 2 級別二 HK\$′000 千港元	Level 3 級別三 HK\$′000 千港元	Tota 合計 HK\$′000 千港元
As at 31 December 2010	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日				
Available-for-sale investments: Equity investments	可供出售投資: 股份投資	873,302	15,165	-	888,467
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公平價值訂定盈虧之 投資	12,015			12,015
		885,317	15,165		900,482
As at 31 December 2009	於二零零九年 十二月三十一日				
Available-for-sale investments: Equity investments Investments at fair value	可供出售投資: 股份投資 物心亚德佐訂完及應之	690,518	13,998	-	704,516
through profit or loss Derivative financial instruments	按公平價值訂定盈虧之 投資 衍生金融工具	8,010	- 180		8,010
		698,528	14,178	_	712,706
Liabilities measured at fair value:			按公平價值	自計量之負債:	
		Level 1 級別一 HK\$′000 千港元	Level 2 級別二 HK\$′000 千港元	Level 3 級別三 HK\$′000 千港元	Tota 合計 HK\$′000 千港元
As at 31 December 2010	於二零一零年 十二月三十一日				
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具		9,508		9,50
As at 31 December 2009	於二零零九年 十二月三十一日				
	衍生金融工具		14,096		14,096

During the year, there were no transfers into or out of Level 3 fair value measurements (2009: Nil).

年內,並無轉入或轉出級別三之公平價 值計量(二零零九年:零)。



41. Financial risk management objectives and policies

(a) Financial risk factors

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise bank borrowings, and cash and bank deposits. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as accounts receivable and accounts payable, which arise directly from its operations.

The Group's overall risk management policies focus on the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. Risk management is carried out by management under the policies approved by the Board and it identifies, evaluates and monitors financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and equity price risk. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarized below.

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk due to potential changes in interest rates of interest-bearing financial assets and liabilities. Interest-bearing financial assets are mainly loans to margin clients whereas interest-bearing financing liabilities are primarily bank borrowings with primarily floating interest rates which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

For Hong Kong dollars floating-rate borrowings, assuming that the amount of liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year, a 50 basis-point increase/ decrease in interest rates at 31 December 2010 and 2009 would have decreased/increased the Group's profit before tax by HK\$1,592,000 and HK\$1,247,000 respectively. For Renminbi floating-rate borrowings, a 50 basis-point increase/decrease in interest rates at 31 December 2010 and 2009 would have decreased/increased the Group's profit before tax by HK\$1,592,000 and HK\$1,247,000 respectively. For Renminbi floating-rate borrowings, a 50 basis-point increase/decrease in interest rates at 31 December 2010 and 2009 would have decreased/increased the Group's profit before tax by HK\$1,983,000 and HK\$1,707,000 respectively. The sensitivity to the interest rate used is considered reasonable, with all other variables held constant.

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策

(a) 財務風險因素

本集團之主要金融工具包括銀行 貸款、現金及銀行存款。此等金融 工具之主要用途乃為本集團之業 務籌集資金。本集團有若干其他 財務資產及負債,如直接自其業 務產生之應收賬款及應付賬款。

本集團之整體風險管理政策針對 金融市場之難以預測性,並尋求 減低對本集團財務表現構成之潛 在不利影響。風險管理乃由管理 層根據董事會批核之政策進行, 而管理層與本集團之營運單位緊 密合作,以識別、評估及監察財務 風險。

本集團金融工具所產生之主要風 險為利率風險、外匯風險、信貸風 險、流動資金風險及股份價格風 險。董事會檢核並同意下文所概 述管理各項此等風險之政策。

利率風險

本集團由於計息財務資產及負 債之利率潛在變動而承受利率 風險。計息財務資產主要為孖展 客戶貸款,而計息財務負債主要 為銀行貸款,主要按浮動利率計 息,導致本集團承受現金流量利 率風險。

就港元浮動利率貸款而言,假設於 報告期末結欠之負債金額乃於整 個年度結欠,利率於二零一零年及 二零零九年十二月三十一日增加// 減少50個基點,將分別減少/ 增加本集團除税前溢利1,592,000 港元及1,247,000港元。就人民 幣浮動利率貸款而言,利率於 二零一零年及二零零九年十二月 三十一日增加/減少50個基點, 將分別減少/增加本集團除税前 溢利1,983,000港元及1,707,000 港元。在所有其他變數維持不變之 情況下,本集團認為對所用利率 之敏感度乃屬合理。

41. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Financial risk factors (continued) (a)

Interest rate risk (continued)

The Group's interest rate risk exposure also arises from margin financing and other lending activities. The Group has the legal capacity to guickly recall such loans or re-price its loans to an appropriate level. A 50 basis-point increase/decrease in interest rates at 31 December 2010 and 2009 would have increased/decreased the Group's profit before tax by HK\$895,000 and HK\$493,000 respectively. The analysis is prepared assuming that the amount of assets carried at the end of the reporting period was carried for the whole year. The sensitivity to the interest rate used is considered reasonable, with all other variables held constant.

The Group's policy is to obtain the most favourable interest rates available without increasing its foreign currency exposure. In addition, the Group monitors the level of interest rate exposure and considers utilizing hedging instruments should the need arise.

Foreign currency risk

The Group has transactional currency exposures mainly arising from sales and purchases by operating units in currencies other than the units' functional currency. Management conducts periodical review of exposure and requirements of various currencies, and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposures should the need arise. Management considers that the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk is not significant.

The Group's assets and liabilities are mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollar, Renminbi and United States dollar, Currency risk is managed partly by financing non-Hong Kong dollar assets with loans denominated in the relevant currencies.

財務風險管理目標及政策(續) 41

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

利率風險(續) 本集團之利率風險亦來自孖展借 貸及其他貸款活動。本集團擁有 法定能力要求即時收回有關貸款 或重訂其貸款至適當水平。利率 於二零一零年及二零零九年十二月 三十一日增加/減少50個基點, 將分別增加/減少本集團除税前 溢利895.000港元及493.000港元。 此分析乃假設於報告期末列賬之 資產金額乃於整個年度列賬而達 致。在所有其他變數維持不變之 情況下,本集團認為對所用利率 之敏感度乃屬合理。

本集團之政策乃在不增加其外匯 風險之情況下爭取最有利之利 率。此外,本集團監察利率風險承 擔水平,如有需要將考慮採用對 沖工具。

外匯風險

本集團之交易外幣風險主要來自 業務單位以其功能貨幣以外之貨 幣進行之買賣。管理層就不同貨 幣的風險及需要進行定期檢討, 並於需要時考慮對沖重大外匯風 險。管理層認為本集團的外匯風 險並不重大。

本集團之資產及負債主要以港 元、人民幣及美元為單位。管理外 匯風險方法是以外幣債務為手上 同幣資產融資。



41. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

Credit risk

The accounts receivable and receivables arising from securities and futures broking represent the Group's major exposure to the credit risk arising from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these financial assets in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group's retail sales on jewellery are usually transacted on a cash basis, via popular credit cards or through reputable and dispersed department stores. The Group's credit sales to wholesale customers are generally on credit terms within 45 days. The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk with respect to its jewellery retail business as it has a large number of diversified customers. For accounts receivable arising from the wholesale of diamonds and precious metals, the Group trades only with recognized and creditworthy third parties and bullion banks. The Group's receivables from margin clients arising from the ordinary course of business of dealing in securities are secured by the underlying pledged securities. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and has its credit control policy to minimize the credit risk. In addition, all receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and overdue balances are followed up by senior management. Accordingly, the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

The credit risk of the Group's other financial assets, which mainly comprise cash and cash equivalents, deposits and other receivables, and derivative financial instruments, arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

The Company is also exposed to credit risk through the granting of financial guarantees to certain subsidiaries, further details of which are disclosed in note 35 to the financial statements.

Further guantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from accounts receivable and receivables arising from securities and futures broking are disclosed in note 23 to the financial statements.

財務風險管理目標及政策(續) 41

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

信貸風險 應收賬款及證券及期貨經紀產生 之應收賬款乃本集團由於交易對 手不履約而產生之主要信貸風 險,最高風險相等於綜合財務狀 況表中此等財務資產之賬面值。 本集團之珠寶零售銷售通常以 現金、通過普及信用卡或透過信 譽良好及分散之百貨公司進行。 本集團向批發客戶進行之信貸銷 售一般按四十五日內之賒賬期進 行。由於珠寶零售業務擁有大量 分散客戶,故並無重大集中之信 貸風險。就鑽石及貴金屬批發產 生之 應收 賬款,本集團僅與獲確 認及有信譽之第三者及金商進行 交易。本集團自日常業務中證券 買賣產生之應收召展客戶賬款以 有關已抵押證券作抵押。本集團 對逾期應收賬款維持嚴格控制, 並設有信貸控制政策以減低信貸 風險。此外,所有應收賬款結餘均 受持續監察,逾期結餘由高級管 理人員跟進。因此,本集團之壞賬 風險並不重大。

本集團其他財務資產,主要包括 現金及等同現金、按金及其他應 收賬款及衍生金融工具,其信貸 風險產生自交易對手不履約,而 最高風險相等於此等工具之賬面 值。

本公司亦因向若干附屬公司作出 財務擔保而承受信貸風險,其進 一步詳情於財務報告附註35披露。

本集團承受之信貸風險由應收賬 款及證券及期貨經紀產生之應收 賬款產生,有關信貸風險之進-步量化資料於財務報告附註23中 披露。



41. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

Liquidity risk

The Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuation in cash flows. The responsibility of the Group's treasury department is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of banking facilities in order to meet its liquidity requirements both in the short term and long term. The Group maintains significant flexibility to respond to opportunities and events by ensuring that committed credit lines are available. All debts of the Group as at 31 December 2010 would mature within three years.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, are disclosed in note 34 to the financial statements. The maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payment, is as follows:

2010

二零一零年

		On demand 按要求 HK\$'000 千港元	Less than 3 months 三個月以下 HK\$′000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$′000 千港元
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Guarantee given to banks in connection with facilities	包含在其他應付賬款及應計 項目之財務負債 就附屬公司獲授之信貸向 銀行提供擔保	-	1,239	1,239
granted to subsidiaries	蚁门 徙 穴 据 体	725,544		725,544
		725,544	1,239	726,783
2009	二零零九年			
		On demand 按要求 HK \$ ′000 千港元	Less than 3 months 三個月以下 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Guarantee given to banks in connection with facilities	包含在其他應付賬款及應計 項目之財務負債 就附屬公司獲授之信貸向 銀行提供擔保	-	1,054	1,054
granted to subsidiaries		598,043		598,043
		598,043	1,054	599,097

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

於報告期末,本集團按已訂約但 未折現款項計算之財務負債之到 期情況於財務報告附註34中披 露。於報告期末,本公司按已訂約 但未折現款項計算之財務負債之 到期情況如下:

財務報告附註

41. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair values of equity securities decrease as a result of changes in the levels of equity indices and the value of individual securities. The fair values of these listed equity investments are affected by market forces and other factors. The Group is exposed to equity price risk arising from individual equity investments classified as available-for-sale investments (note 21) and trading equity investments (note 25) as at 31 December 2010. The Group's listed investments are listed on the Stock Exchange and are valued at quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The majority of the listed equity investments are held for non-trading purposes.

The market equity indices for the Stock Exchange, at the close of business of the nearest trading day in the year to the end of the reporting period, and their respective highest and lowest points during the year are as follows:

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

股份價格風險 股份價格風險指股份證券之公平 價值因股份指數水平及個別證券 價值出現變動而下跌之風險。受 場力量及其他因素影響。本年 因於二零一供出售投資(附註25)之個別 及買賣股份投資(附註25)之個別 股份投資而承受股份價格風險。 本,以報告期末所報市價計值。 一 部分上市股份投資乃持作非買賣 用途。

於本年度最接近報告期末之交易 日營業時間結束時,聯交所之市 場股份指數及其各自於年內之最 高及最低點數如下:

		2010		2009	
		31 December 十二月三十一日	High/low 高/低	31 December 十二月三十一日	High/low 高/低
Hong Kong – Hang Seng Index	香港-恒生指數	23,035	24,989/ 18,972	21,873	23,099/ 11,344



財務報告附註

41. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(a) Financial risk factors (continued)

Equity price risk (continued)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to every 10% change in the fair values of the equity investments, with all other variables held constant and before any impact on tax, based on their carrying amounts as at the end of the reporting period. For the purpose of this analysis, for the available-for-sale equity investments the impact is deemed to be on the investment revaluation reserve and no account is given for factors such as impairment which might impact on the income statement.

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(a) 財務風險因素(續)

股份價格風險(續) 下表顯示按於報告期末之賬面值 計算,於所有其他變數不變及計 入任何税項影響前對股份投資公 平價值每10%變動之敏感度。就 本分析而言,對可供出售股份投 資之有關影響被視為對投資重估 儲備造成影響,且並無計及減值 等可能影響損益賬之因素。

		Carrying amount of equity investments 股份投資之 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元	Increase/ decrease in profit before tax 除税前溢利 增加/減少 HK\$'000 千港元	Increase/ decrease in equity 權益 增加/減少 HK\$'000 千港元
2010	二零一零年			
Investments listed in Hong Kong Available-for-sale Held-for-trading Unlisted investments at fair value	於香港上市之投資 可供出售 持作買賣 按公平價值列賬之 非上市投資	873,302 12,015	_ 1,202	87,330 –
Available-for-sale	可供出售	15,165	-	1,517
2009	二零零九年			
Investments listed in Hong Kong Available-for-sale Held-for-trading Unlisted investments at fair value	於香港上市之投資 可供出售 持作買賣 按公平價值列賬之 非上市投資	690,518 8,010	_ 801	69,052 _
Available-for-sale	可供出售	13,998	-	1,400
Capital management		(b)	資本管理	
The primary objectives of the Grou	in's canital management are to		本集團資本管理:	ン主要目標為保

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain a healthy capital ratio in order to support its business and to enhance shareholders' value.

(b)

本集團資本管理之主要目標為保 障本集團持續經營業務之能力, 並維持穩健之資本比率,以支持 其業務及增加股東之價值。



41. Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(b) Capital management (continued)

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and business strategies. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, raise and repay debts or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements except for certain subsidiaries engaged in securities and futures dealing and broking, which are regulated entities under the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong ("SFC"), and a subsidiary engaged in bullion broking, which is a member of CGSE. During the two years, these subsidiaries complied with respective minimum capital requirements imposed by SFC and CGSE. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is total borrowings to total equity holders' equity. Total borrowings include interest-bearing bank borrowings. Total equity holders' equity comprises all components of equity attributable to equity holders of the Company. The Group's policy is to maintain the gearing ratio at a reasonable level. The gearing ratios at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

41. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

(b) 資本管理(續)

本集團按經濟狀況及業務策略 之變動管理其股本架構,並對其 作出調整。為維持或調整股本架 構,本集團可能調整向股東派付 之股息、增加及償還債項或發行 新股。除若干附屬公司從事證券 及期貨買賣及經紀業務而為根據 香港證券及期貨事務監察委員會 (「證監會」)之受規管實體,以及一 家附屬公司從事貴金屬經紀業務 而為金銀業貿易場之會員外,本 集團無須遵守任何外在實施之資 本規定。於該兩個年度內,該等附 屬公司遵守證監會及金銀業貿易 場各自實施之最低資本規定。截 至二零一零年及二零零九年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團管理資 本之目標、政策或程序並無作出 變動。

本集團按資本負債比率(即借貸總 額對比權益持有人權益總額)監控 資本。借貸總額包括計息銀行貸 款。權益持有人權益總額包括本 公司權益持有人應佔權益之所有 部分。本集團之政策為將資本負 債比率維持在合理水平。於報告 期末之資本負債比率如下:

Group

			本集團	
		2010 HK\$′000 千港元	2009 HK\$′000 千港元	
Total borrowings	借貸總額	725,544	598,043	
Total equity holders' equity	權益持有人權益總額	5,680,827	3,928,790	
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	12.8%	15.2%	



42. Comparative amounts

As further explained in note 2.2 to the financial statements, due to the adoption of new and revised HKFRSs during the current year, the accounting treatment and presentation of certain items and balances in the financial statements have been revised to comply with the new requirements. Accordingly, certain comparative amounts have been reclassified and restated to conform with the current year's presentation and accounting treatment.

43. Approval of the financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 22 March 2011.

42. 比較數字

如財務報告附註2.2所詳述,由於年內採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則,本 財務報告中若干項目及結餘之會計處理 及呈報已因應新規定而修訂。因此,若 干比較數字已重新分類及重列,以符合 本年度之呈報方式及會計處理。

43. 財務報告之批核

本財務報告於二零一一年三月二十二日 經董事會批核及授權刊發。



PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES HELD

As at 31 December 2010

Particulars of major properties held by the Group are as follows:

所持物業詳情 於二零一零年十二月三十一日

本集團持有的主要物業詳情如下:

Description 摘要		Lot Number 地段號數	Use 用途	Gross Floor Area 建築面積	Type 種類	Lease Term 租期
				(Sq. ft. approx.) (大約平方呎)		
Hong Kong 香港						
229 Nathan Road, Kowloo 九龍彌敦道二二九號全幢	n	K.I.L. 6357	Rental/own use 出租/自用	31,225*	Commercial 商業	Medium 中
G/F & M/F, 326-328 Castle Kowloon 九龍青山道三二六至三二/		N.K.I.L. 2507 & 2177	Rental/own use 出租/自用	2,790*	Commercial 商業	Medium 中
G/F & 1/F, 99-101 Wuhu S Hunghom, Kowloon		H.H.I.L. 472, 471 & 447 s A	Own use	2,345*	Commercial	Medium
九龍紅磡蕪湖街九十九至一	-零一號地下及一樓		自用		商業	中
Roof, G/F & 1/F, 432 Prince West, Kowloon		N.K.I.L. 2266 R.P.	Rental/own use	1,788*	Commercial	Medium
九龍太子道西四三二號地			出租/自用		商業	中
Flat A, 11/F and Roof, 199 Street, Kowloon 九龍南昌街一九九號十一株	5	N.K.I.L. 1230 s.A.R.P. & s.B.ss.2	Rental 出租	551*	Residential 住宅	Medium 中
2/F, Flats A & B, 3/F, 4/F, 5		K.I.L. 6642	Rental/own use	10,836*	Commercial	Medium
231 Nathan Road, Kowle 九龍彌敦道二三一號二樓 四樓、五樓及六樓A座	oon	K.I.L. 0042	出租/自用	10,050	商業	中
Units A1, A2, A3, A4, A6, 1/F & Unit A4, 8/F & Uni A7, A9, 10/F, Block A, 4 Peak Road, Kowloon 九龍青山道四八九至四九-	ts A3, A4, A5, 89-491 Castle	N.K.I.L. 3515 s C, D & F	Rental/own use 出租/自用	39,713	Industrial 工業	Medium 中
A1、A2、A3、A4、A6、A 八樓A4室及十樓A3、A4 A9室						
Car Ports No. 7 & 22 on G 26 & 57 in Basement, Ho 107-109 Austin Road, K	o On Mansion,	K.I.L. 10223	Rental/own use	N/A	Car park	Long
九龍柯士甸道一零七至一零 車位七及二十二號及地區 五十七號	零九號好安樓地下		出租/自用	不適用	車位	長
Car Parking Space No. B16 Balwin Court, 154-164 Kowloon		R.P. of K.I.L. 4208	Rental	N/A	Car park	Long
九龍亞皆老街一五四至一7 B162號車位	六四號寶雲閣地庫		出租	不適用	車位	長
G/F-3/F, 691-693 Nathan F		K.I.L. 2444 s.A.R.P. & 2444 R.P.		9,890*	Commercial	Medium
九龍彌敦道六九一至六九王			出租/自用		商業	中
85 Castle Peak Road, Yuer New Territories		Lot No. 3640 in D.D. 120	Own use	3,255	Commercial	Medium
新界元朗青山公路八十五	 尻全幢		自用		商業	中



PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES HELD

As at 31 December 2010

所持物業詳情

於二零一零年十二月三十一日

	Description 摘要	Lot Number 地段號數	Use 用途	Gross Floor Area 建築面積	Type 種類	Lease Term 租期
	Hong Kong 香港			(Sq. ft. approx.) (大約平方呎)		
#	Shop B, G/F, 428-430 Prince Edward Road West, Kowloon 九龍太子道西四二八至四三零號地下B舖	N.K.I.L. 2267 R.P. & 2268 R.P.	Own use 自用	1,078*	Commercial 商業	Medium 中
#	Shop B, G/F, 70-78 Kwong Fuk Road, Tai Po, New Territories 新界大埔廣福道七十至七十八號地下B舖	Tai Po Town Lot No. 28	Own use 自用	2,089*	Commercial 商業	Medium 中
_	Shop No. 305, G/F, Lok Hin Terrace, 350 Chai Wan Road, Hong Kong 香港柴灣道三五零號樂軒台地下三零五號舖	Chai Wan Inland Lot No. 149	Rental 出租	175*	Commercial 商業	Medium 中
	Mainland China 中國內地					
	Unit 501, Block 4, Meile Village, Rongshan Community Association, Ronggui Street Representative Office, Shunde District, Foshan City, Guangdong Province	N/A	Own use	1,010	Residential	Long
	廣東省佛山市順德區容桂街道辦事處容山居 委會美樂村四座五零一室	不適用	自用		住宅	長
_	East of Guangzhu Highway, Licun Management Zone, Licun District, Lunjiao Town, Shunde District, Foshan City, Guangdong Province	N/A	Rental/own use	123,700	Industrial/ commercial	Medium
	廣東省佛山市順德區倫教鎮荔村管理區 廣珠路東側	不適用	出租/自用		工業/商業	中
_	10-21-3 Zone, Luoxing Road, Mawei Free Trade Zone, Fuzhou, Fujian Province 福建省福州市馬尾保税區羅星路10-21-3小區	N/A 不適用	Rental 出租	188,050	Industrial/ commercial 工業/商業	Medium 中
#	Unit No. 1-1, Fulihua Mansion, No. 150 Qinghui Road, Daliang Town, Shunde District, Foshan City, Guangdong Province	N/A	Own use	1,906	Commercial	Long
	廣東省佛山市順德區大良鎮清暉路一五零號 富麗華大廈一號之一	不適用	自用		商業	長
_	16/F, Block B, R&F Yingtai Plaza, Section 2, No. 100 Huangpu Avenue, Tianhe District, Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province	N/A	Own use	23,553	Commercial	Medium
	廣東省廣州市天河區黃埔大道一零零號 二段富力盈泰廣場B座十六層	不適用	自用		商業	中
_	Car Parking Space Nos. 200 and 201, 2 nd Basement, R&F Yingtai Plaza, Section 2, No.100 Huangpu Avenue, Tianhe District, Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province	N/A	Own use	N/A	Car park	Medium
_	廣東省廣州市天河區黃埔大道一零零號 二段富力盈泰廣場負二層二零零及二零一車位	不適用	自用	不適用	車位	中



PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES HELD

As at 31 December 2010

所持物業詳情

於二零一零年十二月三十一日

Description 摘要	Lot Number 地段號數	Use 用途	Gross Floor Area 建築面積	Type 種類	Lease Term 租期
Mainland China			(Sq. ft. approx.) (大約平方呎)		
中國內地					
Unit Nos. 1601-1602, 16/F, Block B, Vanmetropolis, No.1 Tangyan Road, High-tech District, Xian City, Shaanxi Province	N/A	Own use	5,025	Commercial	Medium
陝西省西安市高新區唐延路一號旺座國際城 B座十六層一六零一至一六零二室	不適用	自用		商業	中
Car Parking Space No. D010, 1 st Basement, Vanmetropolis, No.1 Tangyan Road, High-tech District, Xian City, Shaanxi Province	N/A	Own use	N/A	Car park	Medium
陝西省西安市高新區唐延路一號旺座國際城 地下一層車庫D區零一零號車位	不適用	自用	不適用	車位	中
Taiwan 台灣					
Units 1-2, 7/F, No. 21, Sec. 6, Zhongxiao E. Rd., Nangang Dist., Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C.	N/A	Own use	6,847	Commercial	Medium
中華民國台灣台北市南港區忠孝東路 六段二十一號七樓一至二單位	不適用	自用		商業	中
Car Parking Space Nos. 132 and 133 in B5, No. 21, Sec. 6, Zhongxiao E.Rd., Nangang Dist., Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C.	N/A	Own use	N/A	Car park	Medium
中華民國台灣台北市南港區忠孝東路六段 二十一號地下五層一三二及一三三號車位	不適用	自用	不適用	車位	中

[#] Location of branches 分行地點

* Saleable area

可售賣面積



